DGQI 2.0 Self-Assessment Questionnaire for Ministries/Departments of GoI (2021-22)

Detailed explanations for each question may be referred to in Appendix I provided after the questionnaire. (Page 14-20)

Minor changes made in the questionnaire, to address M/D concerns, have been highlighted in yellow.

Part -A (To be fed at Ministry/ Department Level)

A. Ba	ackground Information	
1.	Ministry / Department(M/D) Name:	
2.	Name of the Central Sector (CS) Schemes of the	a.
	M/D:	b.
		C.
3.	Name of Centrally Sponsored Schemes (CSS) of the	a.
	M/D:	b.
		C.
4.	Please enter any other non-schematic intervention (NSI) to be included for DGQI self-assessment:	a.
	(NSI) to be included for Dod self-assessment.	b.
5.	Details of the nodal officer responsible for	
	verifying authenticity of information provided in this form:	
	a. Name	
	b. Designation:	
	c. E-Mail ID:	
B. Da	ata & Strategy Unit	
	Has the M/D constituted a Data & Strategy Unit (DSU)	
1.	as a central unit for developing data strategy?	□ Yes
	(as per the D.O. letter from Sh. Bhaskar Khulbe,	□ No
	Advisor to PM dated 02.02.2021)	
2.	(Respond if answer to 1 is 'yes', else skip to Q1 of next section) Who is the head of the DSU?	☐ AS <mark>and equivalent</mark> ☐ JS and equivalent
۷.	section, who is the field of the 250.	☐ Director and equivalent
		☐ Below Director
	Please select the verticals established under the DSU	☐ Monitoring Unit
3.	of your Ministry/Department.	☐ Statistics Unit

	(as per the D.O. letter from Sh. Bhaskar Khulbe, Advisor to PM dated 02.02.2021)		☐ Technology Unit ☐ Analytics Unit	
4.	Please provide the percentage of filled posts in DSU (num created by the Ministry/Department for the DSU) in the b			
			Enter % of posts filled up	
	Monitoring Unit			
	Statistics Unit			
	Technology Unit			
	Analytics Unit			
	Total			
	Is the terms of reference (ToR) for all units within I		☐ Yes	
5.	well defined and documented by the M/D to lay do	wn	□ No	
	their scope of work?		☐ Partial (to be selected if ToR	
			development is in progress)	
_	Have any regular review meeting mechanisms at the		☐ Yes	
6.	level of the head of DSU and/or the Secretary been established for regular review of the work undertal		□ No	
	by the DSU (including implementation of action pla			
	(Respond if answer to 6 is yes, else skip this questio		☐ Daily	
7.	What is the frequency of regular review	•	☐ Weekly	
	meetings/review reports?		☐ Fortnightly	
			☐ Monthly	
			☐ Quarterly	
			☐ Annually	
C. A	ction Plan			
1.	Has the M/D framed an action plan to improve its opreparedness levels? (as per the D.O. letter from Sh. Bhaskar Khulbe, Advisor to PM dated 02.02.2021)	lata	☐ Yes ☐ No	

2.	(Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip to Q1 of next section) Does the action plan have all the sections as per the outline shared with all M/Ds? (As per D.O. letter from Sh. Bhaskar Khulbe, Advisor to PM on 02.02.2021)	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Partially. If partially , please specify how:
3.	Does the action plan include data strategy for all CS/CSS schemes of the M/D?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Partially (Some schemes included) If partially, please specify which schemes are not included: ————
4.	Are clear timelines for each action point identified under the strategy?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Partially (For some actions) If partially, please specify how and why: ———
5.	Are the responsibilities for each action point clearly allocated to respective divisions for ensuring accountability?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Partially (For some actions). If partially, please specify how and why: ————
6.	Please upload the action plan in PDF format.	
7.	Please enter action points along with date of completion and current status. Scores based on timely completion/compliance on the action points against the timelines set by the M/D will get auto-calculated and displayed here.	
D. D	ata Management	
1.	Does the M/D have data management guidelines/architecture, explaining how generated data is to be processed, stored, exchanged, archived and destroyed?	☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, please briefly explain the scope implementation of these guidelines:
2.	(Respond if answer to in 1 is 'yes', else skip this question) Is there a dedicated senior-level officer responsible to check the compliance of the data management processes?	☐ Yes ☐ No

3.	Are data ownership norms clearly defined by the M/D?	☐ Yes ☐ No
4.	Is there a framework for assessing the risk and value of all the data collected by the M/D?	☐ Yes☐ No☐ If yes, please explain how is this done:
5.	Is there a framework governing the ethical use of data, including the use of predictive algorithms, machine learning etc. by the M/D?	☐ Yes☐ No☐ If yes, please explain how is this done:☐————————————————————————————————————

Note: M/Ds may preferably fill up remaining sections of Part- A (given below from E-H) after completing Part – B of the questionnaire as these questions correspond to the third pillar of data driven outcomes.

E. S	ynergistic	data	use	within	the	M/	D
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1.	Based on data analysis, has the M/D identified data gaps at M/D level that need to be plugged in from decision making/policy analysis perspectives?	☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, please specify how: ————
2.	(Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this question) Has the M/D made any implementation plan to overcome these data gaps to aid in decision making?	☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, please specify how: ———
3.	Has the M/D created any systems for ensuring that data systems across scheme divisions are integrated so that data from different scheme divisions is shared with each other?	☐ Yes. ☐ No ☐ In progress ☐ N/A If yes or in progress, please specify how: ———— If "N/A", please provide reasons why inter schematic division data integration is not applicable: ————————————————————————————————————

F. Inter-Agency Data Collaboration

	Has the M/D collaborated with other agencies (other	☐ Yes			
1.	M/Ds, private agencies, research organizations etc.)	for 🔲 No			
	improving their data systems wherever possible?	☐In progress			
	(Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this question	Has the M/D undertaken any of the			
2.	following steps to drive these inter-agency data collaboration initiatives?				
	☐ Sol, MoU, Partnerships with agencies				
	☐ API linking of MIS/Dashboards done to enable se	mless data sharing between M/Ds			
	☐ Multiple data collection processes aimed at same				
	synergistic process	tanger 8. cape repraesa ay emigre			
	☐ Integrated data storage/warehouses				
	☐ Collaboration with other M/Ds to use their data in	or develoning own systems			
	☐ Collaboration with M/Ds to develop joint system				
	conventional data sources/emerging technologies	Tor data gathering/ use of hon-			
	☐ Collaboration with private agencies for use of no	-conventional data sources or emergin) o		
	technologies	-conventional data sources of emerging	'S		
	☐ Jointly conducting analysis using data from multi	ale M/Ds			
	☐ Partnerships/Collaborations for data security rela				
	☐ Partnerships/Collaborations for capacity building				
		or numan resources			
	☐ Others - Please specify :				
G. Pres	scriptive Analytics				
G. Pres					
	Has the M/D gone beyond exploratory data	□ Yes			
G. Pres		☐ In Progress			
	Has the M/D gone beyond exploratory data	☐ In Progress ☐ No			
	Has the M/D gone beyond exploratory data	☐ In Progress	w:		
	Has the M/D gone beyond exploratory data analysis to cross-functional prescriptive analytics?	☐ In Progress ☐ No If yes or in progress, please specify how	ow:		
1.	Has the M/D gone beyond exploratory data analysis to cross-functional prescriptive analytics? (Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this	☐ In Progress ☐ No If yes or in progress, please specify hor ☐ Annually	ow:		
	Has the M/D gone beyond exploratory data analysis to cross-functional prescriptive analytics?	☐ In Progress ☐ No If yes or in progress, please specify hor ☐ Annually ☐ Quarterly)W:		
1.	Has the M/D gone beyond exploratory data analysis to cross-functional prescriptive analytics? (Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this	☐ In Progress ☐ No If yes or in progress, please specify hor ☐ Annually	ow:		
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1.	Has the M/D gone beyond exploratory data analysis to cross-functional prescriptive analytics? (Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this question) How often is this being undertaken?	☐ In Progress ☐ No If yes or in progress, please specify hor ☐ Annually ☐ Quarterly ☐ Monthly			
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1.	Has the M/D gone beyond exploratory data analysis to cross-functional prescriptive analytics? (Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this question) How often is this being undertaken? (Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this question practiced? (Multiselect)	☐ In Progress ☐ No If yes or in progress, please specify hor ☐ Annually ☐ Quarterly ☐ Monthly What is the mode in which this is being reports to be prepared and shared wit	ng		
1.	Has the M/D gone beyond exploratory data analysis to cross-functional prescriptive analytics? (Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this question) How often is this being undertaken? (Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this question practiced? (Multiselect) Mechanisms for regular prescriptive data analysis	☐ In Progress ☐ No If yes or in progress, please specify hor ☐ Annually ☐ Quarterly ☐ Monthly What is the mode in which this is being reports to be prepared and shared with sed	ng th		
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1.	Has the M/D gone beyond exploratory data analysis to cross-functional prescriptive analytics? (Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this question) How often is this being undertaken? (Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this question practiced? (Multiselect) Mechanisms for regular prescriptive data analysi decision makers at the highest level have been installated Committee formed to hold policy review meeting Regular policy review meetings involving all sche	☐ In Progress ☐ No If yes or in progress, please specify hor ☐ Annually ☐ Quarterly ☐ Monthly What is the mode in which this is being reports to be prepared and shared with sed solve in the sed solve in the second in the sec	ng th		
1.	Has the M/D gone beyond exploratory data analysis to cross-functional prescriptive analytics? (Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this question) How often is this being undertaken? (Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this question practiced? (Multiselect) Mechanisms for regular prescriptive data analysi decision makers at the highest level have been instaticed. Committee formed to hold policy review meeting. Regular policy review meetings involving all sche. Emerging actionables are undertaken, documen	☐ In Progress ☐ No If yes or in progress, please specify hor ☐ Annually ☐ Quarterly ☐ Monthly What is the mode in which this is being reports to be prepared and shared with red s/review reports at regular frequencies are divisions/sections institutionalized red and disseminated via a separate	ng th		
1.	Has the M/D gone beyond exploratory data analysis to cross-functional prescriptive analytics? (Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this question) How often is this being undertaken? (Respond if answer to 1 is yes, else skip this question practiced? (Multiselect) Mechanisms for regular prescriptive data analysi decision makers at the highest level have been installated Committee formed to hold policy review meeting Regular policy review meetings involving all sche	☐ In Progress ☐ No If yes or in progress, please specify hor ☐ Annually ☐ Quarterly ☐ Monthly What is the mode in which this is being reports to be prepared and shared with red s/review reports at regular frequencies are divisions/sections institutionalized red and disseminated via a separate	ng th		

H. Good Practices - Please share any three good practices of how the M/D has taken measures to strengthen data-driven decision-making (non-schematic or scheme level) within the M/D along with its positive impact.

Good Practice 1
1a. Describe the problem statement faced by the M/D. (100 words)
1b. Describe how the M/D has used and implemented data systems and analytics to address the issue to drive smart, near real-time and granular decisions (100 words).
1c. Explain the positive impact generated with supporting evidence that indicated such impact due to the solution implemented (100 words).
Good Practice 2
1a. Describe the problem statement faced by the M/D. (100 words)
1b. Describe how the M/D has used and implemented data systems and analytics to address the issue to drive smart, near real-time and granular decisions (100 words).
1c. Explain the positive impact generated with supporting evidence that indicated such impact due to the solution implemented (100 words).
Good Practice 3
1a. Describe the problem statement faced by the M/D. (100 words)
1b. Describe how the M/D has used and implemented data systems and analytics to address the issue to drive smart, near real-time and granular decisions (100 words).
1c. Explain the positive impact generated with supporting evidence that indicated such impact due to the solution implemented (100 words).

Part -B (To be fed at CS/CSS/NSI Level)

To be fed by the Ministry/Department for each CS/CSS/NSI of the Department in Q.A of Part A of the Questionnaire

A. Data	Generation	
	Are the data requirements of the scheme well	☐ Yes
1.	defined and documented?	□ No
2.	Is data collected for all identified data requirements?	
	a. Input Data Points	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Partial
	b. Output Data Points	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Partial
	c. Outcome Data Points	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Partial
3.	Is collected data reported digitally? (i.e. is there is a	☐ Yes
	digital electronic database/MIS)?	\square No i.e. On paper only
		If Yes, please provide the link:
		If credentials are required for login,
		please provide some username and
		password:
		User
		Pw
	(2)	
4.	(Respond if answer to 3 is 'Yes', else skip to 1 of Q1 of granularity is data reported digitally for the scheme?	data quality section) At what
	a. At the M/D (National)	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	b. State	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	c. District / City	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	d. Sub-District / Tehsil	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	e. Block	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	f. Village	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	g. Individual / Household	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	h. Facility	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	i. Project	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
5.	At what frequency is data reported digitally for the sch	neme?
	a. Realtime or near realtime	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	b. Daily	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	c. Weekly/Fortnightly	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	d. Monthly	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	e. Quarterly	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	f. Half-yearly	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	g. Yearly	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
6.	How is this data collected at the ground level?	

	☐ Collected on pag	per by human resources and then for	ed on digital	systems
	☐ Collected using (digital modes (tablets/phones etc.)	by human re	esources
	☐ Transactional da	ta		
7.	(Respond if answer following technolog	to 6 is 'second/third option', else sk ies used?	ip this quest	ion) Are any of the
	a. CAPI Survey		☐ Yes ☐	No □ NA
	b. Geotagged	information	☐ Yes ☐	No □ NA
	c. Geofenced		☐ Yes ☐	No □ NA
	d. Others - Ple	ase specify which technology		
R Dat	a Quality	· · ·		
D. Dat	a Quanty			
1.	Are there pre-defined incoming data?	documented mechanisms to assess	quality of	☐ Yes ☐ No
	How is data quality ass	sessment done?		☐ Automatically
2.	(If answer to 2 of data	generation section is 'No', please s	elect	☐ Manually
	'Manually')			☐ Hybrid
				☐ Not done
				If Hybrid, please specify
				how:
3.		2 is not "not done", else skip to Q1	of next section	on) Are following
		ing data quality assessment?		I
		ltered/cleaned after checking for m	nissing	☐ Yes ☐ No
	_	s in data, incorrect values etc.		
		of incoming data are generated ar	nd checked	☐ Yes ☐ No
	for errors/abnorm		1 1	
		racy of metadata for all the schem	e's data is	☐ Yes ☐ No
		ed (Schema is well defined)		
	d. There is a system f redundancies	for identifying duplicate data and re	emoving	☐ Yes ☐ No
		o ensure data is accurate, consiste	nt and	☐ Yes ☐ No
	•	/source, whenever it is reproduced		⊔ res ⊔no
	agency (data integ	to an artist of the state of th	i by arry	
	<u> </u>	k mechanisms/backchecks also leve	raged for da	ta quality control?
4.	The following recubaci	Theenanisms, backeneeks also leve	rugeu ioi uu	ita quanty control:
	a. Social audits			☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	b. Telephonic ba	ckchecks/verification with beneficia	aries	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	c. Multimedia da	ta – citizen voice, video, images as	evidence	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	d. Sample inspec	tions based on data		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

e. Third party data verification/ data audits

☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

C. Data Analysis, Use and Dissemination

1.	What t	ypes of data analysis is undertaken on collected data?		
	a.	Descriptive data analysis (e.g. basic cross tabulation,	☐ Yes ☐ No	
		frequency distribution, mean, median etc.)		
	b.	Exploratory data analysis (e.g. correlation etc.)	☐ Yes ☐ No	
	C.	Inferential data analysis (Using a small sample of data	☐ Yes ☐ No	
		to infer about a larger population)		
	d.	Predictive analysis (Using historical or current data to	☐ Yes ☐ No	
		find patterns to make predictions about the future)		
	e.	Causal analysis (Looks at the cause and effect of	☐ Yes ☐ No	
		relationships between variables, focused on finding		
		the cause of a correlation)		
	f.	Mechanistic Analysis (Understand exact changes in	☐ Yes ☐ No	
		variables that lead to other changes in other variables)		
	g.	Others - Please specify the name and the type of data ar	nalysis -	
2.		nd if answer to any of the options in 1 is "yes", else skip	\square Yes \square No \square NA.	
	· ·	Is cross-schematic/sectoral data also analysed,	If NA, please explain why:	
	where	ver needed?		
3.		ften is this data analysis well-documented (in	\square Real-Time on a dashboard	
	reports/notes/publications)?		☐ Quarterly	
			☐ Half-yearly	
			\square Annually	
			□ Never	
4.	How of	ften is this data analysis being used by the M/D officials fo		
	a.	To re-design the schemes or activities undertaken	☐ Yes	
		under the scheme at the end of the tenure?	□ No	
	b.	To do mid-course corrections through design or	☐ Yes	
		implementation changes ?	<mark>□ No</mark>	
	c.	To guide intra-scheme funding decisions like inter-	☐ Yes	
		state allocations, inter-component allocations, etc.?	□ No	
	d.	To guide inter-scheme budgetary allocations?	☐ Yes	
			<mark>□ No</mark>	
	e.	To decide quarterly releases to implementing	☐ Yes	
		agencies?	□ No	
	f.	For fraud management and analysis	☐ Yes	
			□ No	
	g.	Day to day delivery and monitoring of	□ Yes	
		implementation/ performance of the scheme	□ No	
5.	What c	other modes are used to disseminate the MIS/ paper-base		
	analysi			

	a. Dashboard	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	b. Mobile App	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	c. Social Media	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	d. SMS	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	e. Newspapers/ Magazines	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	f. Outdoor media (signages/ billboards)	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	g. Events	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	h. TV/ Radio	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
	i. Others - Please mention the mode -	·
6.	(Respond if 'Yes' in 5a, else skip to 9) What purposes are dashbo officials?	ards used for by the M/D
	Visual presentation of KPI/KRAs with drill-down capability to lowest level to gain total visibility	☐ Yes ☐ No
	b. Capturing trends over time and identifying preempt trends	☐ Yes ☐ No
	c. Measure efficiencies/inefficiencies in processes	☐ Yes ☐ No
	d. User friendly one stop access to multiple automated	☐ Yes ☐ No
	reports	LI TES LINO
7.	What types of Data Visualizations are used?	
	a. Bar chart/Histogram	☐ Yes ☐ No
	b. Pie charts	☐ Yes ☐ No
	c. Scatter plot	☐ Yes ☐ No
	d. Heat maps	☐ Yes ☐ No
	e. Treemaps	☐ Yes ☐ No
	f. Gantt chart	☐ Yes ☐ No
	g. Specialized visualizations- Stripe graphics, streamgraph, etc.	□ Yes □No
	h. Others - please mention data visualizations used	
8.	Does the Dashboard visualize information on maps?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
9.	(Respond if 'Yes' in 3 of Data Generation section, else skip to Q6 of next section) Does the information system (of MIS)	☐ Yes ☐ No
	support multilingual features as per GIGW norms?	☐ Partially (some norms followed but not all)
10.	Does the information system (of MIS) support features for	☐ Yes
	differently abled as per GIGW norms?	□ No
		☐ Partially (some norms
		followed but not all)
11.	How is the MIS data (non-sensitive data which can be shared)	☐ Openly accessible without
	accessible for general population?	credentials
		☐ Accessible through
		credentials
		☐ Not accessible
12.	Is there an option on the MIS to download bulk data (non-	☐ Yes
	sensitive data which can be shared) in excel, csv, dta files	□ No
	(machine readable formats)?	Partial data download
		allowed

13.	Is the MIS data available on 'data.gov.in' (non-sensitive dawhich can be shared)?	ata	☐ Yes ☐ No		
D. Us	e of Technology				
1.	(Respond if 'Yes' in 3 of Data Generation section, else skip Q4) Does the MIS of the scheme have linkages with PFM!		□ Yes	□ No	□ NA
2.	(Respond if answer to 1 is yes) Is PFMS integration compl till the field-level implementation agency?	leted	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Partially
3.	Does the MIS of the scheme have linkages:				
	a. Aadhaar		\square Yes	\square No	\square NA
	b. Mobile numbers		\square Yes	\square No	\square NA
	c. Bank accounts		\square Yes	\square No	\square NA
	d. GSTN		☐ Yes	□ No	□ NA
	e. Udyog Aadhaar		☐ Yes	□ No	□ NA
	f. Others – please specify				
4.	Does the scheme use any of the following:				
	a. Remote sensing data		☐ Yes	□ No	□ NA
	b. Night light data		☐ Yes	□ No	□ NA
	c. Social media data		☐ Yes	□ No	□ NA
	d. Private sector generated data		☐ Yes	□ No	□ NA
	e. Others – please specify				
5.	(Respond if 'Yes' in 3 of Data Generation section, else skip to \square Yes \square No \square NA Q6) Is the MIS compliant with Local Govt Directory (LGD)?				□ NA
6.	Does the scheme apply/use any of the following:				
	a. Machine Learning		\square Yes	\square No	\square NA
	b. Artificial Intelligence		\square Yes	\square No	\square NA
	c. Blockchain		\square Yes	\square No	□ NA
	d. Internet of Things (IoT)		☐ Yes	□ No	□NA
	e. Big Data analytics		☐ Yes	□ No	□NA
	f. Drones		☐ Yes	□ No	□NA
E. Dat	ta Security and HR Capacity				
1.	(Respond if 'Yes' in 3 of Data Generation section, else skip to Q10) Does the MIS follow regular antivirus updates?)	
2.	Is the MIS regularly assessed by third party auditors for the online security?				
3.	Does the MIS/ website uses SSL certificate?	☐ Yes ☐ No			
4.	If "Yes" in previous question, is the SSL certificate at least 2048 bit SHA 256 encryption or higher?	☐ Yes ☐ No			
5	Does the MIS use firewalls to secure access to data?				

6.	All external communication/ 3rd party integration/ API	☐ Yes				
	integration for the MIS is done through encrypted	□ No				
	channel?	\square No external communication				
		established				
7.	What measures are undertaken to secure sensitive/per (Multiselect)	rsonally identifiable information?				
	☐ Single-factor/ Multi-factor authentication					
	☐ Access control list is maintained					
	☐ Data is encrypted					
	☐ Data is anonymized					
	☐ No such data					
8.	(If anonymization is selected in previous question) How do you protect de-identified data					
	from re-identification risks?					
	☐ No efforts made					
	☐ Tighter security for databases that store anonymize	d information				
	☐ Implementation of Differential Privacy					
	\square Generation of Synthetic Data that exhibits the statis	tical properties of the raw data,				
	without allowing real individuals to be identified					
	☐ Others - provide details –					
9.	(Respond if answer to 7 is any option other than "no	☐ Yes ☐ No				
	such data", else skip to Q10) Is permission taken from					
	user to collect, store and use their personal data?					
10.	Is there a dedicated data quality assessment and	☐ Yes ☐ No				
44	management team for the scheme?					
11.	Is there a dedicated data analysis team for the scheme?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
	scheme:					
F. Dat	a Management					
0	and if you have a surround Ward in 2 of Data are continued	ation also alia this soution				
	oond if you have answered 'Yes' in 3 of Data generation se Where is MIS data stored?	·				
1.	where is iviis data stored?	On separate servers for different				
		schemes (distributed storage)				
		☐ On central server which is used for				
		all schemes				
2.	Are there mechanisms in place which can enable data	Yes				
	sharing with other scheme divisions?	□ No				
		If yes, please explain how:				
		, 60, p. 6000 6p. 6				
3.	How is MIS data stored?	☐ Physical servers				
		. □ Cloud Storage				
		☐ <mark>Hybrid servers</mark>				
4.	(Respond if "Cloud Storage is selected in 3, else skip	□NIC/ Gov cloud- Meghraj				
	this question) Which cloud service is being used?					

		Cloud Services directly from CSP (Cloud Service Provider) (empanelled by MeiTY) / Cloud services through System Integrators (SI) after Standardisation Testing and Quality Certification / Cloud services through Managed Service Provider (MSP) after Standardisation Testing and Quality Certification Cloud Services from other CSPs
		which are not empanelled / from other MSPs or SIs which don't have Standardisation Testing and Quality Certification
5.	How is historical MIS data managed?	□ Data is not backed up (i.e. it is destroyed)□ Data is backed up and data is archived
		☐ Data history is well maintained including retention, destruction, and audit trail details

Appendix I

Detailed explanations to questions of DGQI Self-Assessment Questionnaire for Ministries/Departments of GoI (2021-22)

Part	Section	Question	Explanation
Α	А	1	M/D name would be automatically filled up when the M/D logins using their credentials.
Α	А	2	A pre-populated list of CS schemes of the M/D would be visible here.
Α	Α	3	A pre-populated list of CS schemes of the M/D would be visible here.
Α	А	4	M/Ds to enter any other non-schematic intervention such as sector dashboards, sector level MIS, any other MIS/dashboards etc. that they would like to include for DGQI assessment using the self-assessment questionnaire.
А	А	5	M/Ds to enter details of DGQI nodal officer. He/she would be assumed to have verified the correctness and authenticity of the information filled in this self-assessment form.
A	В	1	Constitution refers to establishing the unit, hence, even if its staffing is ongoing, M/Ds can select 'yes' if they have established the admin structure of the unit and some members have been assigned to it.
A	В	4	M/Ds to undertake calculations at their end based on how many posts they have proposed to create for the DSU based on their requirement and how many of these posts have been filled up. Total will be auto-calculated using values entered in the table.
A	В	5	Documentation of terms of reference here refers to the documentation of detailed objectives, roles and responsibilities of the DSU specific to the M/D. Indicative ToR for guiding M/Ds was shared by DMEO earlier.
Α	В	6	M/Ds to select yes if guidelines for a standard system for regularly scheduling review meetings (via OM etc.) has been issued.
Α	С	1	M/Ds to select yes if they have completed preparation of exhaustive action plan to improve data preparedness levels of the M/D.
A	С	2	Action plan is to have 3 sections with all sub-sections: 1. Background, 2. Vision, Mission & Objectives, 3. Strategy – Scope, Overall approach, scheme wise strategy, non-schematic strategy, operational execution plan.
Α	С	3	M/Ds to select yes if the action plan has separate action points for all CS/CSS schemes of the M/D (as per the list on this portal).
А	С	4	M/Ds to select yes if every action point has a corresponding mm/yy timeline by which it is aimed to be completed, clearly documented in the action plan.

Α	С	5	M/Ds to select yes if every action point is mapped to
			unit/personnel within the M/D by whom it is expected to be completed, clearly documented in the action plan.
Α	D	1	Data management guidelines/architecture explains how data is to
	_	_	be managed across its lifecycle, i.e., how is it to be collected,
			stored, processed? How will it be exchanged? What will be done
			with historical data?
Α	D	3	Data ownership norms would define who would be the owner of
			data when data is shared with other divisions or M/Ds or in public.
Α	D	4	Understanding the value of the data collected by the M/D from
			utility perspectives and comparing it to the associated data
			security and privacy risks to ensure there is a balance between the
_			two.
Α	D	5	Data ethics refers to systemizing, defending, and recommending concepts of right and wrong conduct in relation to data,
			particularly personal data. With use of machine learning and
			predictive algorithms, it becomes even more important to protect
			sensitive data.
Α	E	1	Data gaps refer to data that is required by the M/D from decision
			making point of view, however, for some reasons, such data is not
			available with the M/D. M/Ds to select yes if they have identified
			such data gaps based on analysis of their current data.
Α	E	2	After identification of data gaps, M/Ds must take reform actions to
			develop data capture mechanisms/exchange mechanisms to fill up
			data gaps. M/Ds to select yes if they have started planning these
	_		actions.
Α	Е	3	For schemes with similar target groups, data collection can be
			done together rather than separately. This is an example of integrated data systems for collection. Similarly, if one scheme is
			collecting data on some indicator which is required by another
			division on its portal, it should be able to get this data from the
			scheme division via suitable exchange systems. M/Ds to select yes
			if this is possible currently.
Α	F	1	If M/Ds are collecting similar data or running similar interventions,
			data collaborations can be undertaken. If private sector has some
			useful data (let's say e-commerce or traffic data), data
			collaborations can be undertaken by M/Ds.
Α	F	2	If some data collaboration has been undertaken, M/Ds to select
			how it has been done from the given options.
Α	G	1	Prescriptive analytics is the final stage of analytical capabilities.
			While predictive analytics answers what, when and why
			something will happen, prescriptive analytics builds on this further
			by specifying what present actions need to be undertaken to achieve the predictions and how will these decisions affect /impact
			other outcomes. Therefore, it helps in taking advantage of a future
			opportunity or mitigating future risks. It can also improve the
	1	1	personal of minimum rather flower in can also improve the

			accuracy of predictions by continuously taking in new data to re-
			predict and re-prescribe.
Α	G	2	M/Ds to select the frequency of prescriptive analytics.
A	G	3	M/Ds to select the modes/mechanisms by which they have
			institutionalized prescriptive analytics, to ensure it is continuously
			undertaken to inform policymaking, and not just undertaken on
			random basis.
Α	Н	1,2,3	M/Ds to enter good practices of how they have used data for
			policymaking and/or set up systems for institutionalizing data
			driven policymaking.
В	Α	1	Data requirements refer to various input, output, and outcome
			data points/indicators that need to be monitored. They must be
			clearly documented for each scheme. M/Ds to select yes if this is
			done.
В	Α	2	After gathering of data requirements, scheme division to select the
			indicators for which it is collecting data also. For e.g.: If scheme has
			multiple outcome indicators documented but the division is
			collecting data on only some of them due to various reasons, it
	^	2	must select Partial.
В	Α	3	After data is collected, it must be collated and reported via paper or digitally through a MIS. Scheme divisions to accordingly choose
			Yes/No.
			Regarding credentials, this is optional. However, M/Ds are
			encouraged to create dummy login credentials for DMEO with
			view-only rights. This shall stay confidential and not be used
			outside the government for unintended purposes.
В	Α	4	Scheme division to select all the granularities at which data is
			reported on the MIS. For e.g.: if a scheme MIS has district, state as
			well as national level data, scheme division to select all three
			options.
В	Α	5	Scheme division to select the frequency at which data is updated
			on the MIS.
В	Α	6	This question is to essentially understand if the data reported by
			the M/D on the MIS is "collected" by humans or is it transaction-
			based collection. If it is collected by human resources, is it directly
			collected using digital tablets/mobiles etc. or is it the case that it is
			first collected on paper and then fed on computers by someone
		-	else.
В	A	7	If data is collected using digital modes or it is transactional in
			nature, use of survey tools and/or geotagging can improve the
В	A	7a	data reliability. Scheme division to select yes if the same is done. Computer-assisted personal interviewing (CAPI) refers to survey
	A	/ d	data collection by an in-person interviewer (i.e., face-to-face
			interviewing) who uses a computer to administer the
			questionnaire to the respondent and captures the answers onto
			the computer.
<u> </u>	l .		are compater.

В	А	7b	A geotagged photograph is a photograph which is associated with a geographic position by geotagging. Usually this is done by assigning at least a latitude and longitude to the image, and optionally altitude, compass bearing and other fields may also be included.
В	А	7c	Geofencing is a location-based service which triggers some pre- programmed action like a survey when a mobile device or RFID tag enters or exits a virtual geographical boundary.
В	В	1	Data quality protocols and mechanisms should be clearly documented by the scheme division. Scheme division to select yes if the same is done.
В	В	2	Data quality assessment of collected data against data quality protocols can be undertaken automatically by advanced digital systems, manually or using a hybrid of both manual and automated systems.
В	В	3	Question to assess which protocols are included and followed by the scheme division in its data quality assessment.
В	В	3a	This is the first step of data quality where collected data is cleaned by checking missing values, incorrect responses etc.
В	В	3b	Next step is to generate summary statistics of data (like mean, median, trends etc.) to check for outliers
В	В	3c	Another important step is to ensure metadata is properly defined. Metadata is data about data – containing details on variables covered in the data, their number of observations, summary statistics, units etc. This must also be regularly updated if new data is collected.
В	В	3d	Next important protocol is to check collected data for duplicate values (this duplication may be in old data or new data) and remove any such redundancies
В	В	3e	Finally, ensuring data integrity. This means that if collected data is being reflected anywhere (on the MIS, on any other portal etc.), it must be ensured that the accurate and recent most value is reflected everywhere. It should not be the case that at one place, data is updated as of last month, but at other portal, it is updated as of last year or showing inaccurate value due to some error.
В	В	4	Apart from data qual assessment, backchecks may be deployed to further improve data quality and increase its reliability.
В	В	4a	Social audit is a form of citizen participation that focuses on government performance and accountability. If social audits are being used to improve scheme data, select yes.
В	В	4b	If telephonic backchecks are undertaken based on collected data to verify that data is correctly collected, select yes. E.g.: Based on PDS beneficiary data available on MIS, random sample of ppl are contacted on phone to validate data entries made on MIS.
В	В	4c	If there are provisions for citizens to submit multimedia evidence which is then used to improve the quality of data, select yes. For eg: People submitting photos of quality of roads built near their

			locations and this feedback data being used to reflect the quality of roads on MIS.
В	В	4d	Based on reported data on MIS, random inspections are made by MD officials to verify data on ground.
В	В	4e	Getting data on MIS verified/audited by third parties.
В	С	1	Scheme divisions to select all types of data analysis undertaken by them.
В	С	2	Apart from scheme data, if data from other schemes or sector level data is also used to complement scheme data for analysis purpose, select yes.
В	С	3	Data analysis must be documented in some manner. Select the frequency at which this is done.
В	С	4	M/Ds to select the uses for which data analysis is done.
В	С	5	Select different modes used for disseminating data and its analysis.
В	С	5a	DB is essentially a tool to display key KPIs from data and important analytics through interesting visualizations.
В	С	5b	Mobile apps can be used to share data with citizens and interact with them.
В	С	5c	Social media outlets can be used to share data with citizens and interact with them.
В	С	5d	SMS are often used to send details to users/beneficiaries with respect to the scheme activities.
В	С	5e	Such mass communication methods may also be used to share data with citizens.
В	С	6	M/Ds to select the purposes for which dashboard are being used by them.
В	С	9	This is important to ensure data is accessible to all.
В	С	10	This is important to ensure data is accessible to all.
В	С	11	All MIS may not be in public domain. Hence, scheme divisions to enter details on how can public in general can access MIS data.
В	С	12	Scheme divisions to check if there is an option to download all MIS data in machine readable formats by users on the MIS and accordingly select.
В	С	13	As per NDSAP, all non-personal data should be available on data.gov.in to facilitate easy access to all govt. data at one place. Scheme division to select yes if non-personal data of their MIS is available on this platform.
В	D	1	MIS linkage with PFMS means that latest status of funds being routed through PFMS should be linked with MIS of the scheme.
В	D	2	The field-level implementation agency is the last agency to which funds are to flow. For eg: if PFMS integration is done till state implementing agency level but fund flow below states is not PFMS integrated for a scheme where projects are implemented by city level agencies, integration is not completed till last mile.
В	D	3a	Applicable for beneficiary-oriented schemes
В	D	3b	Applicable for beneficiary-oriented schemes
В	D	3c	Applicable for beneficiary-oriented schemes

В	D	3d	Applicable for industry/firm oriented schemes
В	D	3e	Applicable for industry/firm oriented schemes
В	D	4a	Remote sensing is the process of detecting and monitoring the
			physical characteristics of an area by measuring its reflected and
			emitted day-time radiation at a distance (typically from satellite or
			aircraft). Special cameras collect remotely sensed images, which
			help researchers "sense" things about the Earth. For e.g.: large
			forest fires can be mapped from space, Tracking clouds to help
			predict the weather or watching erupting volcanoes, and help
			watching for dust storms, tracking the growth of a city etc.
В	D	4b	Night-light data is basically the data of night-time lights emanating
			from the earth captured by satellites from outer space. These
			sources include moonlight, light directly emitted by a source (e.g.,
			buildings and transport), and light reflected by the ground. It has
			several use cases - aid in disaster mitigation, estimating economic
			activity etc.
В	D	4c	This data is collected from social media networks to see how
			people are engaging on specific topics of interest. Scheme
			divisions may use the same to check for behavior change etc.
В	D	4d	Scheme may use data generated by private sector also as per
			requirement. For eg: mobility data from private cab aggregators,
			economic activity data from e-commerce websites etc.
В	D	5	Unique LGD codes have been created for each state, distt, sub-
			distt, block, village and local body by GoI. All MIS must use the
			same codes so that data on different platforms is easily integrable.
В	D	6a	Machine learning gives computers the ability to learn and predict
			from data without being explicitly programmed. E.g.: predicting
			the probability that individuals commit crimes, targeting hygiene
			inspections by data-mining online restaurant reviews or estimating
			poverty levels based on satellite imagery.
В	D	6b	Al refers to intelligence demonstrated by machines and can have
			several use cases in governance and delivery of schemes. e.g.:
			Monitoring social media for public feedback on policies,
			Monitoring social media to identify emergency situations,
			Anticipating road maintenance requirements, Providing
			personalized education to students etc.
В	D	6c	Blockchain refers to having distributed ledgers or blocks of
			transactional data that are linked together. Using this structure,
			govt. can offer services with improved data security. For e.g.:
			electronic health records, e-registries etc.
В	D	6d	IoT refers to network of objects embedded with sensors and
			technologies for collecting and exchanging data over Internet. e.g.:
			IoT to measure air quality, IoT to monitor power consumption i.e.,
			smart metering etc.
В	D	6e	The use of advanced analytic techniques against very large, diverse
			data sets that include structured, semi-structured and
			unstructured data, from different sources.
L	I	t	

В	D	6f	Drones can be used for monitoring of various sectors like agri, infra projects, commerce, logistics etc.
В	E	3	An SSL certificate is a digital certificate that authenticates a website's identity and enables an encrypted connection. SSL stands for Secure Sockets Layer, a security protocol that creates an encrypted link between a web server and a web browser.
В	Е	5	a firewall refers to a network device which blocks certain kinds of network traffic, forming a barrier between a trusted and an untrusted network.
В	Е	7	Sensitive/PII contains personal information of individuals, firms etc. which are not freely accessible to all.
В	Е	7a	Single-Factor Authentication (SFA) is a method of logging users by having them present only one way of verifying their identity (usually, username and password). Multi-factor authentication uses more than one way – such as OTP, Captcha etc.
В	Е	7b	List of users of MIS along with details of which user has access to which type of data is regularly maintained.
В	E	7c	Encryption refers to conversion of data from readable format to encoded format. Encrypted data can only be read and processed after its decrypted by recipient if they have the codes.
В	E	7d	Data anonymization refers to the process by which personal data is altered in a way that the data subject can no longer be identified directly by data user.
В	Е	8	With advancements in machine learning and big data analytics, it is becoming increasingly easier to de-identify anonymized data using indirect means. Hence, it is important to protect personal data from re-identification risks.
В	Е	8b	Includes provisions for mandatory audit trails, controlled access, only central server logins allowed etc.
В	E	8c	Sharing information about a dataset by describing the patterns of groups within the dataset while withholding information about individuals.
В	E	9	Before using and putting personal data in public domain such as photographs, names, other details of individuals or firms, their consent must be asked for and documented.
В	F	2	Before using and putting personal data in public domain such as photographs, names, other details of individuals or firms, their consent must be asked for and documented.
В	F	3	Data may be stored on physical servers or cloud servers. Cloud servers offer better disaster recovery.
В	F	4	Select the cloud server used by the scheme MIS.
В	F	5	Historical data refers to data corresponding to previous time periods which may not be actively used at present.