

The Tourism Survey For Lakshadweep

Final Report (Oct 2017 - June 2018)

For

Market Research Division, Ministry of Tourism Government of India





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Executive Summary

E.1 Tourism in Lakshadweep

Lakshadweep, formerly known as the Laccadive, Minicoy, and Amindivi Islands is a group of islands in the Laccadive Sea, 200 to 440 km off the South Western coast of India. The archipelago is a Union Territory and is governed by the Union Government of India. Kavaratti serves as the capital of the Union Territory and the region comes under the jurisdiction of Kerala High Court. The tiniest Union Territory of India, Lakshadweep is an archipelago consisting of 12 atolls, three reefs and five submerged banks. It is a uni-district Union Territory with an area of 32 Sq.Kms and is comprised of ten inhabited islands, 17 uninhabited islands attached islets, four newly formed islets and 5 submerged reefs. The inhabited islands are Kavaratti, Agatti, Amini, Kadmat, Kiltan, Chetlat, Bitra, Andrott, Kalpeni and Minicoy. Bitra is the smallest of all having only a population of 271 persons (Census 2011). The uninhabited island Bangaram has been enumerated during 2011 census operation and has a population of 61 persons.

Tourism is one of the few areas in Lakshadweep which can play a vital role in generating income, employment and over all development of islands. Due to its isolation and scenic appeal, Lakshadweep was already known as a tourist attraction for Indians since 1974. This brings in significant revenue, which is likely to increase. Since such a small region cannot support industries, the government is actively promoting tourism as a means of income in Bangaram and Kadmat islands. Bangaram is projected as a major destination for international tourism. Marine fauna are plentiful. Water sports activities such as scuba diving, wind surfing, snorkeling, surfing, kayaking; canoeing, water skiing, yachting and night-voyages into the sea are quite popular activities among tourists. Tourists flock to these islands throughout the year except during the South-west monsoon months when seas are extremely rough.

E.2 Research Aim

The aim of the proposed research was to collect relevant tourist related statistics, from Lakshadweep, which would enable analyzing subtle trends as well as preparation of month wise and annual estimates separately for foreign and domestic visitors –with a break –up of overnight tourists & same day visitors for the selected tourist destinations.

E.3 Research Objective

To achieve the aim of the study, the objectives for the proposed research, was as follows:-

- a. To enlist prime tourist locations in the union territories and available accommodation facility thereof.
- b. To generate details about available infrastructural facility at the prime tourist spots in the union territories.
- c. To collate month wise information about domestic as well as foreign tourists availing accommodation in all facilities in those locations
- d. To collate month wise expenditures made by the Union Government for development of tourism and its potential earnings
- e. To accrue information on employment in the accommodation units, estimate direct employment generated in accommodation units at district & territory level.

The field survey in a union territory was conducted for a period of 12 months in all districts of the union territory. The survey was used to obtain the following month-wise information for each district:

- a. Estimated number of visits
- (i) Visits by overnight visitors- staying at accommodation units;
 - staying with friends and relatives
 - Others, such as those staying in tented accommodations provided by Union Govt. or by any other charitable organizations, etc.
- (ii) Visits by same-day visitors
- b. Profile of visitors, their expenditure pattern, purpose of visits, etc.
- c. Occupancy rates and direct employment in accommodation units.

E.4 Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of the study as indicated are as under

- Prepare a frame /list of all important places in the State
- As per the methodology developed by Ministry of Tourism for preparation of month wise & annual estimates, prepare the following estimate, separately for foreign and domestic visitors (with break-up of overnight tourists and same day visitors) for the selected tourist places, at district level and at State level.
 - Total no: of tourists (overnight)
 - Total number of same day visitors
 - Total number of tourists staying with friends /relatives
 - Expenditure incurred by tourists (overnight)
 - Expenditure incurred by same day visitors
 - Expenditure incurred by tourists staying with friends / relatives
 - Profiling the tourists /visitors at district and state level in respect of age, sex, occupation, purpose of visit, state /UT of residence or country of origin, duration of stay, mode of journey, use of package tour etc.
- As per the methodology prepare month wise and annual estimates of occupancy rate of accommodation units at district and State levels.
- Based on the methodology collect, compile data about domestic and foreign tourists to provide information as mentioned at S. No. (ii) Above.
- Based on the information on employment in the accommodation units in the sampling frame, estimate direct employment generated in accommodation units at district and State levels.
- Collect information on the annual expenditure incurred by State Government at the selected tourist places, at district level and at the State level for development of tourism.

E.5 Research Methodology

However, to briefly define the methodology, the various steps of the operational methodology are given below:-

- a. This study was conducted in 5 islands of Lakshadweep and at 9 destinations of tourist interest
- **b. Selection of Tourist Destinations and Locations:** Important destinations of tourist attraction and their location in the district were selected in consultation with the State Tourism Department
- **c. Survey Period:** The field survey was conducted for a period of 9 months (October 2017 till June 2018) at selected destinations. In a particular month at a particular destination the survey was done for 7 days covering two specified weeks. The details are available at Annexure-1
- d. Survey Instruments: The survey instruments or questionnaires given at Annexure - 3 covers three types of survey, namely, survey at destinations (Short Survey), survey at exit point(s) (Exit Point Survey) and survey at accommodation units (AUs) specified briefly below.
- e. In total of 4 surveys were conducted for this study. They were:
 - The Counting Survey: In this survey, head counts were taken at each tourist destination in the state. This survey was conducted every month from October 2017 till June 2018.
 - The Short Survey: In this survey, 600 tourists per district were interviewed at each tourist location and information regarding tourists' duration of visit, place of stay, frequency of visit, nationality/residence state, etc. was collected. This survey was conducted every month from October 2017 till June 2018.
 - The Accommodation Survey: In this survey, accommodation units in the district were visited and information regarding number of domestic and foreign guests staying, number of bed nights spent, employee details and residency state/ country of guests was collected. This survey was done every month from January 2014 till December 2014.
 - The Exit Survey: In this survey, information regarding, background of tourists, their expenditure, their place of stay, mode of traveling, etc. were collected. This survey was conducted

on a quarterly basis and 400 tourists or visitors were interviewed per district each quarter in this survey.

f. Data from all the above surveys were used to calculate the number of tourists or visitors to the districts and hence to the state of Lakshadweep.

E.6 Tourist Destinations Covered

The destinations which were included in the study are given below. These destinations were included, based on secondary research and after discussions with officials from MR division of Ministry of Tourism, Government of India and officials from Lakshadweep Tourism Ministry.

Districts	Destination
Kavaratti	Kavaratti Island water sports, Kavaratti Island Lalgoon, Kavaratti Island Marine Aquarium, Light House, Jetty site & Mosque.
Agatti	Mosque, Golden Jubilee Muesum, Lagoon & Jetty site.
Kadmat	Water sports, Lagoon, Jetty site, Coconut processing unit & Helipad.
Bangaram	Water sports & Lagoon
Thinnakara	Thinnakara

E.7 Sample Distribution among Destinations for Short Survey

Districts	Destination	Monthly Sample	Total Monthly Sample
Kavaratti	Kavaratti Island	600	7200
Agatti	Agatti Island	600	7200
Kadmat	Kadmat Island	600	7200
Bangaram	Bangaram Island	600	7200
Thinnakara	Thinnakara Island	600	7200



E.8 Sample Distribution among Districts for the Exit Survey

The sample size for each district to be covered in the Exit Survey was 400. The distribution of tourists interviewed in the Exit survey for each of the 3 Quarters (October 2017, January 2018, and April 2018) is given below.

District	Octobe	r 2017	January	/ 2018	April 2	2018	Tot	Gross	
District	Domestic	Foreign	Domestic	Foreign	Domestic	Foreign	Domestic	Foreign	Total
Kavaratti	230	10	200	10	180	8	610	28	638
Agatti	200	0	220	0	110	0	530	0	530
Kadmat	100	5	90	10	70	4	260	19	279
Bangaram	30	5	10	5	25	4	65	14	79
Thinnakara	5	2	0	3	5	2	10	7	17

		Laksha	adweep							
	Month	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June
	Aggregate Sample Size	575	485	510	511	446	495	381	323	119
Overnight	Foreigner	12	11	15	20	16	13	11	9	7
Overnight Tourists	Domestic (from within the UT)		98	109	135	87	116	111	91	33
10011313	Domestic (from outside the UT)	192	210	184	144	132	125	102	89	19
Come Davi	Foreigner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Same Day Visitor	Domestic (from within the UT)	145	78	74	115	93	89	90	79	37
VISICO	Domestic (from outside the UT)		88	128	97	118	152	67	55	23

E.9 Month Wise Short Survey Sample Covered For the Study

E.10 Month Wise and District Wise Domestic Visitor in Lakshadweep (October 2017 till June 2018)

District	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	Мау	June	Total
Kavaratti	2452	3283	3872	2105	1647	1379	1181	958	882	17759
Agatti	1648	1822	2448	1599	1269	1136	857	763	574	12116
Kadmat	241	300	389	478	325	268	226	148	79	2453
Bangaram	63	73	88	73	66	35	33	23	18	471
Thinnakara	56	59	59	43	31	24	22	13	7	315
Total	4460	5537	6856	4298	3339	2842	2319	1905	1560	33114

District	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	Мау	June	Total
Kavaratti	20	26	39	94	21	39	53	35	38	365
Agatti	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kadmat	31	48	61	64	37	47	25	22	11	347
Bangaram	28	37	48	55	33	14	8	16	17	256
Thinnakara	33	40	52	43	30	17	9	13	12	250
Total	112	152	201	255	121	118	95	86	78	1218

E.11 Month Wise and District Wise Foreign Visitor in Lakshadweep (October 2017 till June 2018)

E.12 Month Wise and District Wise Total Visitor Arrival in Lakshadweep (October 2017 till June 2018)

District	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	Мау	June	Total
Kavaratti	2472	3310	3912	2199	1669	1418	1233	993	920	18124
Agatti	1648	1822	2448	1599	1269	1136	857	763	574	12116
Kadmat	271	348	450	542	361	316	251	170	91	2800
Bangaram	91	109	136	128	99	50	41	39	35	727
Thinnakara	89	99	112	86	61	41	31	26	19	564
Total	4571	5688	7057	4553	3459	2960	2413	1991	1639	34332

DISTRICT	TOWN	Total Accommodation Units	Total Rooms
Kavaratti	Kavaratti	7	62
Agatti	Agatti	8	48
Kadmat	Kadmat	2	20
Bangaram	Bangaram	1	30
Thinnakara	Thinnakara	1	10
TO	TAL	19	170

E.13 District Wise Details of Total Number of Accommodation Units in Lakshadweep:

This does not include Company Guest houses, Guest houses run by trusts, Dormitories, free dharamshalas, tourist bunglows and free accommodation units in the state of Lakshadweep.

We would like to mention that the accommodation units in Kavarati - 5 & Agatti -7 are not approved accommodation units. It is not meant for tourists from outside Lakshwadeep island but it is used and people stay and spend bed nights when they come to Kavarati form other island for official work, family function. Similarly in Agatti also the hotel owners arrange for the necessary permit and book it for the tourists.

We would like to mention due to this fact we have not included the guests checked in those accommodation units in the count for number of total tourists.



Lakshadweep



Total number of	Leisure visit	s to Tourist D	Destinations	by Domestic	and Foreig	gn Visitors		
		by Domestic ne Day Visito		No of visits by Foreign Tourists / Same Day Visitor				
Lakshadweep	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total		
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7		
Oct-17	1755	3082	4837	253	0	253		
Nov-17	2537	3372	5909	341	0	341		
Dec-17	2980	4336	7316	455	0	455		
Jan-18	2418	2289	4707	604	0	604		
Feb-18	1469	2118	3587	273	0	273		
Mar-18	1250	1723	2974	273	0	273		
Apr-18	1234	1491	2725	241	0	241		
May-18	958	1210	2168	213	0	213		
Jun-18	894	889	1783	196	0	196		
Total	15496	20510	36006	2849	0	2849		

Table – 1
Total number of Leisure visits to Tourist Destinations by Domestic and Foreign Visitors

As inferred from the table above the maximum no. of visits by domestic leisure visitors to tourist destinations in Lakshadweep has been in the months of December and November. As far as foreign leisure tourists are concerned, maximum no. of visits to tourist destinations in Lakshadweep is in the month January.

Table	e –	2

Total number of visits to Tourist Destinations by Domestic and Foreign Visitors

	No. of visits by Domestic I Tourists / Same Day Visitors			No of visits by Foreign Touris / Same Day Visitor		
Lakshadweep	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7
Oct-17	3629	3575	7204	253	0	253
Nov-17	4788	3995	8783	341	0	341
Dec-17	5836	5101	10937	455	0	455
Jan-18	4154	2760	6914	604	0	604
Feb-18	2839	2483	5322	273	0	273
Mar-18	2445	2034	4480	273	0	273
Apr-18	2097	1758	3855	241	0	241
May-18	1697	1432	3129	213	0	213
Jun-18	1495	1072	2567	196	0	196
Total	28981	24210	53191	2849	0	2849

As inferred from the table above the maximum no. of visits by domestic visitors to tourist destinations in Lakshadweep has been in the months of December and November. As far as foreign tourists are concerned, maximum no. of visits to tourist destinations in Lakshadweep is in the month January.

Total number of Domestic and Foreign Leisure Tourists / Same Day Visitors								
	No. Domest	ic Tourists /	Visitor	itor No of Foreign Tourists / Visitor				
Lakshadweep	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total		
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7		
Oct-17	990	1104	2094	112	0	112		
Nov-17	1459	1205	2664	151	0	151		
Dec-17	1716	1521	3237	200	0	200		
Jan-18	1316	773	2089	256	0	256		
Feb-18	824	780	1604	121	0	121		
Mar-18	716	619	1335	117	0	117		
Apr-18	678	511	1189	95	0	95		
May-18	527	419	946	86	0	86		
Jun-18	436	340	776	78	0	78		
Total	8662	7272	15934	1216	0	1216		

Table – 3						
Total nur	Total number of Domestic and Foreign Leisure Tourists / Same Day Visitors					
	No. Domestic Tourists / Visitor	No of Foreign Tourists / Visitor				

The maximum no. of domestic leisure visitors to Lakshadweep are spread across the months of November - January. For foreign leisure visitors to Lakshadweep, December and January have been the preferred months for visit.

Table – 4

Total Number of	of Leisure and	Non-Leisure Domes	tic Tourists and	Same Day Visitors

	No. of Overnight Tourists			No. of Same Day Visitors		
Lakshadweep		Non	Non Total		Non	Total
Lanonaawoop	Leisure Leisure (col.2+3)	Leisure	Leisure	(col.5+6)		
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7
Oct-17	990	1874	2864	1104	493	1597
Nov-17	1459	2251	3710	1205	623	1828
Dec-17	1716	2856	4572	1521	765	2286
Jan-18	1316	1736	3052	773	471	1244
Feb-18	824	1370	2194	780	365	1145
Mar-18	716	1195	1911	619	311	930
Apr-18	678	863	1541	511	267	778
May-18	527	739	1266	419	222	641
Jun-18	436	601	1037	340	183	523
Total	8662	13485	22147	7272	3700	10972

Considering both leisure as well as non-leisure domestic tourists to Lakshadweep, the maximum no. of overnight visitors are in the period November -December. A majority of the same day visitors visited Lakshadweep in the months of December and November.

	No. of	Overnight T	ourists	No. of Same Day Visitors			
Lakshadweep	Laiouro	Non	Total		Non	Total	
_	Leisure	Leisure	(col.2+3)	Leisure	Leisure	(col.5+6)	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	112	0	112	0	0	0	
Nov-17	151	0	151	0	0	0	
Dec-17	200	0	200	0	0	0	
Jan-18	256	0	256	0	0	0	
Feb-18	121	0	121	0	0	0	
Mar-18	117	0	117	0	0	0	
Apr-18	95	0	95	0	0	0	
May-18	86	0	86	0	0	0	
Jun-18	78	0	78	0	0	0	
Total	1216	0	1216	0	0	0	

Table – 5Total Number of Leisure and Non-Leisure Foreign Tourists and Day Visitors

Considering both leisure as well as non-leisure foreign tourists to Lakshadweep, the maximum no. of overnight visitors are in the months of December and January.

	No	o. of Tourist	ts	No.	of Day Visit	ors
Lakshadweep	Domestic	Foreign	Total (col.2+3)	Domestic	Foreign	Total (col.2+3)
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7
Oct-17	2863	112	2975	1596	0	1596
Nov-17	3710	152	3862	1827	0	1827
Dec-17	4570	201	4771	2286	0	2286
Jan-18	3053	255	3308	1245	0	1245
Feb-18	2193	121	2314	1145	0	1145
Mar-18	1911	118	2029	931	0	931
Apr-18	1540	95	1635	778	0	778
May-18	1264	86	1351	640	0	640
Jun-18	1037	78	1116	523	0	523
Total	22143	1218	23361	10971	0	10971

 Table – 6

 Total Number of Domestic and Foreign Tourists and Day Visitors

Collating the findings of the previous tables, the total no. of domestic and foreign overnight tourists are most in the months of November - December. The total no. of domestic day visitors to Lakshadweep is most in the month of December and November.

		No. Dom	estic Touri	sts	No of Foreign Tourists			
Lakshadwe	Stayin	Stayin	Staying	Total	Stayin	Stayin	Staying	Total
ер	g at Hotels	g with F&R	elsewhe re	(col.2+3+ 4)	-	g with F&R	elsewhe re	(col.6+7+ 8)
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9
Oct-17	539	1544	781	2863	112	0	0	112
Nov-17	778	2012	920	3710	151	0	0	151
Dec-17	927	2461	1183	4570	200	0	0	200
Jan-18	1013	1309	731	3053	256	0	0	256
Feb-18	507	1109	578	2193	121	0	0	121
Mar-18	432	972	508	1911	117	0	0	117
Apr-18	445	739	356	1540	95	0	0	95
May-18	322	633	309	1264	86	0	0	86
Jun-18	273	518	247	1037	78	0	0	78
Total	5235	11296	5612	22143	1216	0	0	1216

Table – 7
Distribution of Domestic and Foreign Tourists by place of Stay

The above table presents the distribution of domestic and foreign tourists, visiting Lakshadweep, by place of stay. As we can see the maximum no. of domestic visitors to Lakshadweep are staying with friends & relatives, followed by staying elsewhere. All the sample foreign tourists stayed at hotels during their visit to Lakshadweep.

Table - 8
No. of accommodation units, Rooms / Beds Available and Occupancy Rate

Lakshadweep	No. of Accommodation units	No. of Beds Available per day	Occupancy Rate (%)
Oct-17	19	374	53%
Nov-17	19	374	68%
Dec-17	19	374	72%
Jan-18	19	374	70%
Feb-18	19	374	65%
Mar-18	19	374	59%
Apr-18	19	374	59%
May-18	19	374	45%
Jun-18	19	374	38%

As evident from the table, it can be concluded that occupancy rate was the highest during the months of January and December.

Table - 9 Month wise Total Number of Guests checked-in, bed nights spent and average duration of stay at Accommodation Units

Lakshadweep	No. o	f Guests cheo	cked-in	No. of bed nights spent			Average duration of Stay		
Month	h Indians Foreigners Indians Foreigners		Total	Indians	Foreigners	Total			
WONTH	indians	Foreigners	(col.2+3)	5	(col.5+6)	(Col.5/Col.2)	(Col.6/Col.3)	(Col.7/Col.4)	
-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9	-10
Oct-17	814	72	886	1043	167	1210	1.31	2.28	1.54
Nov-17	917	102	1019	1252	207	1459	1.56	2.12	1.74
Dec-17	1120	173	1293	1585	365	1950	1.71	2.17	1.81
Jan-18	1131	251	1382	1808	543	2351	1.69	2.21	1.88
Feb-18	574	101	675	1064	267	1331	1.86	2.58	2.08
Mar-18	613	88	701	971	204	1175	1.70	2.36	1.92
Apr-18	554	92	646	771	193	964	1.59	2.24	1.75
May-18	377	83	460	630	177	807	1.65	2.14	1.83
Jun-18	325	70	395	494	149	643	2.11	2.22	2.08
Total	6425	1032	7457	9618	2272	11890	15.19	20.30	16.65

The above table presents the statistical data on domestic and foreign tourist who checked-in and their duration of stay in Lakshadweep month wise. As it can be seen the average duration of stay for domestic tourists is highest for the months of June and February. For foreigners, February and June are the peak months of stay.

Tables 10 – 15 give the quarterly data pertaining to information collected from accommodation survey held in the district of Lakshadweep. As shown in the tables below, the no. of accommodation units surveyed were 11 during the period October 2017 – June 2018. All the accommodations units are State Government administration. These accommodation units employ nearly 67 persons. All of the accommodation units (11) fall under the Non- Star category. The survey reveals that all 11 accommodation units in Lakshadweep come under Non – Classified category.

Lakshadweep Quarter	No. of AUs	No. of Rooms	No. of Beds	No. of Employees		
-1	-2	-3	-4	Temporary	Permanent	Total
				-5	-6	-7
Quarter – 1	19	170	374	41	45	86
Quarter – 2	19	170	374	41	45	86
Quarter – 3	19	170	374	41	45	86

 Table - 10

 Number of Accommodation units, Rooms, Beds and Employment

Table - 11

Distribution of Employees in Accommodation Units by Age Group

Lakshadweep Quarter	No. of AUs			Distribution of employees by age-group						
-1	-2	-3	18-25 yrs	26-30 yrs	31-40 yrs	41-50 yrs	> 51 yrs			
			-4	-5	-6	-7	-8			
Quarter – 1	19	86	31	30	17	8	0			
Quarter – 2	19	86	31	30	17	8	0			
Quarter – 3	19	86	31	30	17	8	0			

Dist	Distribution of Employees in Accommodation Units by Service							
Lakshadweep	No.	No. of						
Quarter	of AUs	Employees						
-1	-2	-3	Management	F&B	House Keeping	Others		
			-4	-5	-6	-7		
Quarter – 1	19	86	24	22	15	25		
Quarter – 2	19	86	24	22	15	25		
Quarter – 3	19	86	24	22	15	25		

 Table - 13

 Category-wise Distribution Accommodation Units

Lakshadweep		No. of Accommodation units						
	Non-classified							
Quarter	Classified	Having moreLessSub- Totalthan 20 roomsroomsLess than 10 roomsTotal (Col. 3+4+5)						
-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7		
Quarter – 1	0	2	7	10	19	19		
Quarter – 2	0	2	7	10	19	19		
Quarter – 3	0	2	7	10	19	19		

Table - 14Distribution Accommodation Units by Types

Lakshadwee p		No. of Accommodation units							
Quarter	Star Hote Is	Apar tme nt Hote Is	Non- Star Hotel s	Youth/ YMCA Hostel s	Dharam shalas/ Sarais/ Musafir khanas	Gurud waras/ Temple s/ Monast ries	Bed & Breakf ast Units	Mot els	Total
Quarter – 1	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	19
Quarter – 2	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	19
Quarter – 3	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	19

Table - 15
Distribution Accommodation Units by Type of Ownership

Lakshadwee p		No. of Accommodation units							
Quarter	Centra I Govt.	Stat e Govt	Pvt Ltd	Prop./ Partnershi p	Public Limite d	PS U	Charitabl e Trust/ Society	Other s	Tota I
Quarter – 1	0	10	0	6	0	0	0	3	19
Quarter – 2	0	10	0	6	0	0	0	3	19
Quarter – 3	0	10	0	6	0	0	0	3	19

Visitors Profiling Tables

Table – 16Age Distribution of Sample Visitors in the State

Age Group	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors			Domestic Day sitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors	
.	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(5)	(6)	(8)	(9)
15 – 24 Years	24	32	28	33	19	21
25 – 34 Years	47	45	44	43	40	40
35 – 44 Years	24	18	23	21	31	34
45 – 60 Years	4	2	4	2	7	4
>60 Years	1	2	1	1	3	1
Total	100	99	100	100	100	100

It is to be noted from the table above that predominant age group was 25-34 years among domestic overnight, day and foreign visitors. Most of the visitors to Lakshadweep are males with females comprising a small proportion.

Table - 17

	Sex Distributio	n of Sample Visitors i	n the State
r	%age of Domestic	%age of Domestic	%age of Fore

Gender	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Male	55	57	52
Female	45	43	48
Total	100	100	100

The gender wise distribution of sample visitors to Lakshadweep is mentioned in the table above. Male visitors are in majority in both the categories of domestic overnight as well as domestic day visitors. The same observed for foreign visitors too.

Table – 18Marital Status of Sample Visitors in the State

Marital Status	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Married	75	76	51
Unmarried	25	24	46
Others	0	0	3
Total	100	100	100

It is clear from the table above that most of the sample visitors apart from foreign visitors to Lakshadweep have marital status as married. Unmarried visitors comprise of majority of foreign visitors. Others mentioned above cover the Widows, Divorcee etc.

Table – 19

Educational Level of Sample Visitors in the State

Level of Education	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
No Formal Education	0	0	0
Primary	1	1	0
Secondary	4	2	0
Higher Secondary	9	12	7
Graduate & Above	66	63	69
Technical & Professional of All Level	20	22	24
Total	100	100	100

The above table represents the education level of sample visitors to Lakshadweep. It is evident from the table that more than half of the visitors have educational qualification as graduate & above and 1/5th of the visitors have a Higher Secondary qualification.

Table – 20

Occupation Pattern of Sample Visitors in the State

Occupation	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Industrialist / Trader / Shop Owner	6	5	5
Self Employed Professional	12	10	12
Government Service	16	20	15
Private Service	30	24	38
Student / Researcher	6	6	11
Business	13	18	16
Agriculture	0	0	1
Housewife	9	9	1
Other	8	8	1

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Government of India			
Total	100	100	100

The above table represents the occupation pattern of sample visitors to Lakshadweep. As it can be seen most of the visitors are either into private service, government service and business. Self-employed professionals and Industrialists are in a very small proportion.

Table – 21Purpose of visit by Sample Visitors in the State

Purpose	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Business	0	0	0
Holidays, Leisure & Recreation	94	95	100
Social Activity	0	2	0
Pilgrimage / religious Activity	2	0	0
Education / Training	1	0	0
Health & Medical	2	1	0
Shopping	0	0	0
Others	1	2	0
Total	100	100	100

As it can be concluded from the table above, nearly all of visitors to Lakshadweep, were for the purpose of Holidays, leisure & recreation activities.

Table – 22

Mode of Transportation of Sample Domestic Visitors in the State

Made of Transportation	%age of visitors from within the State		%age of visitors from Outside the State	
Mode of Transportation	Overnight Same day Visitors Visitors		Overnight Visitors	Same day Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Train	0	0	0	0
Bus	0	0	0	0
Ship/ Boat	99	100	88	93
Air	1	0	12	7
Total	100	100	100	100

The above table presents the mode of transportation used by sample domestic visitors in Lakshadweep. Most of the same day visitors from within the Lakshadweep used ship/ boat to travel. For overnight visitors as well as day visitors from outside Lakshadweep, ship/boat again is the prominent mode of transportation.

Table – 23
Mode of Transportation of Sample Foreign Visitors in the State

Mode of Transportation %age of visitors from
--

	Outside the State
	Overnight Visitors
(1)	(4)
Train	0
Bus	0
Taxi	0
Personal Vehicle	0
Air	29
Ship/Boat	71
Total	100

The above table represents the mode of transportation used by foreign visitors to travel to Lakshadweep. As clearly stated above, 29% of foreign tourists traveled by Air to Lakshadweep. Ship/ boat is the most preferred option.

Table – 24	
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Travel Behavior of Sample Visitors in the State

Frequency of Visits	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Once a fortnight	0	0	0
Once a month	0	0	0
Once in 3 months	0	0	0
Once in 6 months	1	1	0
Once in a Year	2	5	8
Less Often	97	94	92
Total	100	100	100

The above table evaluates the travel behavior of sample visitors to Lakshadweep. It is clear from the table above that for most of the visitors to Lakshadweep; the frequency of visit is less often that is once in more than 2 years.

Table – 25
Propensity of availing package tour of Sample Visitors in the State

	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Percentage of Tourists availing package tour	27%	54%	23%

The above mentioned is the measure the propensity of availing package tour among the sample visitors in the district of Lakshadweep. And we conclude less overnight visitors (both domestic and foreign) avail package tours for traveling to Lakshadweep. However, the domestic day visitors to Lakshadweep are mainly ship passengers who take on a package tour of Lakshadweep, hence 70% of domestic day visitors avail tour packages while travelling to Lakshadweep.

Table – 26 Travel Arrangement Mode of Sample Visitors in the State

Travel Arrangement Mode	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Self	12	15	62
Office / Employer	6	4	0
Travel Agent	42	39	16
Tour Operator	40	42	22
Total	100	100	100

As concluded from the previous table that few overnight visitors avail package tour, thus most of the overnight (both domestic and foreign) visitors traveling to Lakshadweep make their travel arrangements themselves, which can be justified from the findings presented in the above table. Whereas majority of domestic day visitors since they avail package tours, get their travel arrangements made by tour operators and travel agents.

Table – 27

Distribution of overnight visitors by place of stay of Sample Visitors in the State				
Place of Stay	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor		
-1	-2	-3		
Govt. Guest House / Circuit House /Bhawan /Sadan	83	100		
Private Guest House / Inn /Rest House /Tourist Bungalow	6	0		
Friends & Relative	11	0		
Total	100	100		

The category wise details regarding the place of stay are presented above. It may be seen from the table above that most of the overnight tourist preferred government guest houses as the place of stay.

Table – 28Distribution of visitor by their preferred eating place of Sample Visitors in the State

Eating Place	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
-1	-2	-3	-4
Restaurant	65	72	0
Place of Lodging	17	0	100
Friends & Relatives	18	28	0
Total	100	100	100

The above table gives the percentage distribution of visitors by their preferred eating place of sample visitors in the district of Lakshadweep. It may be seen that proportion of domestic overnight, day and foreign visitors who preferred Restaurants/ place of stay for eating are the maximum.

 Table – 29

 Satisfaction level of services by Sample Visitors in the State

Comisso	0/ are of Demostic	0/ and of Domostic	0/ and of Earsian
Services	%age of Domestic	%age of Domestic	%age of Foreign
	V	V	V

Government of India						
	Overnight Visitors		Day Visitors		Overnig	ht Visitors
	Satisfied	Dissatisfie	Satisfied	Dissatisfie	Satisfied	Dissatisfie
		d		d		d
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Availability of	27	73	53	47	23	77
Tour Operator	21	75		47	25	
Availability of	18	82	55	45	34	66
Transportation	10	02		70	94	00
Availability of	11	89	26	74	11	89
Tourist Guide	••		20		••	00
Availability of						
good quality	66	34	7	93	3	97
accommodation						
Public	35	65	32	68	27	73
Convenience			02	00	21	10
Information	52	48	52	48	53	47
Centers	52		52			
Behavior of Local	54	46	74	26	67	33
People	54		. 4	20	57	
Accommodation	56	44	4	96	28	72
tariff	00		-		20	12

Table – 30

Expectation level of their visit to district / State of Sample Visitors in the State

Expectation level	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Much Better than expectation	79	66	76
Somewhat better than expectation	18	18	21
As per expectation	2	16	3
Worse than expectation	1	0	0
Much worse than expectation	0	0	0
Total	100	100	100

The above table presents the percentage distribution across different expectation levels. There is a positive trend as most of the visitors found their visit to Lakshadweep much better than expectation.

Table – 31

Most Visited Tourist Destination	%age of	%age of	%age of	%age of

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	Visitors	Domestic Overnight Visitors	Domestic Day Visitors	Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Agatti	33%	36%	40%	0%
Kavaratti	41%	44%	40%	27%
Kadmat	19%	15%	20%	29%
Bangaram	5%	5%	0%	21%
Thinnakara	2%	0%	0%	23%

Most visited tourist destination of Sample Visitors

* Is based on no. of visits as obtained from Short Survey at Tourist Destinations.

Table – 32

Annual Household income of the Sample Domestic Visitors in the State

HH Income (Rs.)	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)
Less than Rs. 60,000	0	0
Rs. 60,001 – Rs. 1,00,000	1	2
Rs. 1,00,001 – Rs. 2,00,000	3	5
Rs. 2,00,001 – Rs. 5,00,000	21	25
Above Rs. 5,00,000	75	68
Total	100	100

The annual household income of the sample domestic visitors to Lakshadweep is spread across different categories as mentioned in the table above. The majority of domestic day and overnight visitors fall under the category of above Rs. 5,00,000 annual household income.

Table – 33

Annual Household income of the Sample Foreign Visitors in the State

HH Income (US \$)	%age Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)
Less than \$40,000	1
\$40,001 - \$60,000	4
\$60,001 - \$80,000	20
\$80,001 - \$1,00,000	30
Above \$1,00,000	45
Total	100

The above table gives an idea about the household incomes of sample foreign visitors to Lakshadweep. Most of the foreign tourists have household income in the range of above \$1, 00,000.

Table – 34Average Expenditure on Package Component of Sample Domestic Visitors availing
package tour in the State (Expenditure in INR)

Package Component	Average Expenditure of Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)
Travel + Food	24875
Travel + Accommodation	32750
Travel +Transport + Accommodation	38500
Travel + Transport + Accommodation + Food	45000

For visitors availing package tour to travel to Lakshadweep, spend on an average Rs. 34000 per person.

Table – 35

Average Expenditure on Package Component plus non-package component of Sample Foreign Visitors availing package tour in the State (Expenditure in INR)

Type of Packages Component	Average Expenditure of Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)
Travel + Food	21700
Travel + Accommodation	30300
Travel +Transport + Accommodation	41375
Travel + Transport + Accommodation + Food	45625

For a package component the average expenditure is Rs. 45000 approx. per person for foreign overnight visitors to Lakshadweep.

Table – 36

Average Expenditure of non-package Sample Visitors in the State (Expenditure in INR)

Non-Package Component	Avg. Expenditure of DOVs	Avg. Expenditure of DDVs	Avg. Expenditure of FOVs
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Accommodation	16500	0	28000
Food & Drinks	7800	2540	11500
Transport	11000	2100	19800
Shopping	300	300	250
Recreation, Leisure & Cultural Activities	2900	1400	4625
Total	38500	6340	64175

Expenditure pattern of visitors to Lakshadweep under the non-package tours comes out to be Rs. 38500 per head (entire trip) for domestic overnight visitors, Rs.6340 per head per trip for domestic day visitor and Rs. 64175 per head per trip for foreign overnight visitors.

Tot	Total number of Domestic Visitors from outside the State at the year end					
State	Percentage of Overnight Visitors	Percentage of Domestic Day Visitor				

Table – 37

State	Percentage of Overnight Visitors	Percentage of Domestic Day Visitors
-1	-2	-3
Maharashtra	15	21
Delhi	16	17
Karnataka	8	15
Kerala	31	27
Tamil Nadu	9	3

Ministry of Tourism

Government of India	a	
West Bengal	10	7
Uttar Pradesh	2	3
Gujarat	6	5
Telengana	3	2
Total	100	100
T I I / I I		

The above table is a depiction of the proportion of people of respective states from where they come to visit Lakshadweep. Maximum visitors come from its states like Kerala, Delhi, Maharashtra, West Bengal and Karnataka.

Table	—	38
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Total number of Foreign Visitors (Including NRI) by their country of residence

Country	Percentage of Foreign Overnight Visitors
-1	(2)
Australia	1
Belgium	2
Canada	2
Denmark	1
Germany	6
France	12
Israel	1
Italy	28
Japan	1
Netherlands	1
Norway	1
Poland	2
Portugal	1
Russia	2
Slovenia	2
South Africa	1
Spain	1
Sweden	6
Switzerland	2
United Kingdom	12
USA	15
Total	100

The above table is a depiction of the proportion of people of respective countries from where they come to visit Lakshadweep. Maximum visitors come from Italy, USA, UK and France.

Report for Kavaratti

1. Brief description - Kavaratti

The Kavaratti Island is the headquarters of the Union Territory of Lakshadweep. This island is at a distance of 404 km (218 nautical miles) from Kochi and is located between Agatti Island on the west and Andrott Island on the east. It lies between 10o 32' and 10o 35' N latitude and 72o 35' and 72o 40' E longitude, having an area of 4.22 sq km. Maximum length of the island is 5.8 km and width is 1.6 km. It has a lagoon having a length of about 6 km and an area of 4.96 sq km.

Kavaratti-Island is a prime and the most famous tourist destination in Lakshadweep. This Island is enthralled with the everlasting natural beauty which has striking snow-white colored sands and tranquil lagoons that make it a perfect tourist spot for all those who love nature and its glory. This island is known for its pristine beauty which is covered with lush green coconut trees that attracts numerous travelers every year. The lagoons around Kavratti are fabulous with star fish, anemones, sea cucumers, and countless multi- hued fishes astounding corals. Located to the west of the Island the lagoon is best suited for swimming, kayaking, wind surfing and canoeing. To the South of the Island lies Chicken Neck point which is an absolutely fantastic place for water sports including scuba diving and snorkelling. A glass bottom boat ride offers tourists and opportunity to view the rich marine life and an array of extraordinary corals.

Kavaratti-Island travel guide offer some outstanding real facts about the region that helps the visitors to make their plan according to its climate and other essential facts that will add gleam to your overall tour. Through this travel guide on Kavaratti-Island, travelers will get to know about the city and its important facts like how to reach the Kavaratti-Island conveniently and festivals of the region.

2. Tourist destinations surveyed

District	Towns	Destination
Kavaratti	Kavaratti	Kavaratti Island

Total number of visits to Tourist Destinations by Domestic and Foreign Leisure Visitors							
Kavaratti	No. of visits by Domestic Tourists / Same Day Visitors				No of visits by Foreign Tourists / Same Day Visitor		
Navaralli	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	
Month (1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Oct-17	1206	1474	2680	55	0	55	
Nov-17	1910	1563	3473	71	0	71	
Dec-17	2248	1877	4125	106	0	106	
Jan-18	1550	775	2325	253	0	253	
Feb-18	760	1094	1855	57	0	57	
Mar-18	706	796	1503	104	0	104	
Apr-18	810	587	1397	145	0	145	
May-18	609	519	1129	95	0	95	
Jun-18	542	542	1084	105	0	105	
Total	10343	9228	19571	992	0	992	

	Table – 1	
Total number	of visits to Tourist Destinations by Dome	estic and Foreign Leisure Visitors
	No. of visite by Domostic Tourists /	No of visite by Fersign Touriste /

It can be inferred from the table above that, the maximum no. of visits by domestic leisure visitors to tourist destinations in Kavaratti has been in the winter months of December and November. As far as foreign leisure tourists are concerned, maximum no. of visits to tourist destinations in Kavaratti are in the months of January and April.

Table – 2

Total number of visits to Tourist Destinations by Domestic and Foreign Visitors

	No. of visits by Domestic Tourists / Same Day Visitors			No of visits by Foreign Tourists / Same Day Visitor		
Kavaratti	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7
Oct-17	1973	1788	3761	55	0	55
Nov-17	2937	1983	4920	71	0	71
Dec-17	3459	2372	5831	106	0	106
Jan-18	2208	1044	3252	253	0	253
Feb-18	1275	1305	2581	57	0	57
Mar-18	1137	972	2110	104	0	104
Apr-18	1155	725	1880	145	0	145
May-18	889	631	1521	95	0	95
Jun-18	799	645	1444	105	0	105
Total	15834	11466	27300	992	0	992

It can be inferred from the table above that, the maximum no. of visits by domestic visitors to tourist destinations in Kavaratti has been in the winter months of December and November. As far as foreign leisure tourists are concerned, maximum no. of visits to tourist destinations in Kavaratti are in the months of January and April.

-			Table – 3			
Tota	al number of Do	omestic and F	oreign Le	isure Tourists /	[/] Same Day V	isitors
	No. Domes	tic Tourists /	Visitor	No of Foreig	gn Tourists / ˈ	Visitor
Kavaratti	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7
Oct-17	731	641	1372	20	0	20
Nov-17	1157	680	1837	26	0	26
Dec-17	1350	816	2166	39	0	39
Jan-18	840	337	1177	94	0	94
Feb-18	446	476	922	21	0	21
Mar-18	425	346	771	39	0	39
Apr-18	449	250	699	53	0	53
May-18	346	221	567	35	0	35
Jun-18	291	231	522	38	0	38
Total	6035	3998	10033	365	0	365

The maximum no. of domestic leisure visitors to Kavaratti are spread across the months of November and December. For foreign leisure visitors to Kavaratti January has been the preferred month for visit.

Table – 4

Total Number of Leisure and Non-Leisure Domestic Tourists and Same Day Visitors

	No. of	Overnight 1	ourists No. of Same Day Visitors			lisitors
Kavaratti		Non	Total		Non	Total
	Leisure	Leisure	(col.2+3)	Leisure	Leisure	(col.5+6)
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7
Oct-17	731	767	1498	641	314	955
Nov-17	1157	1027	2184	680	420	1100
Dec-17	1350	1211	2561	816	495	1311
Jan-18	840	658	1498	337	269	606
Feb-18	446	515	961	476	211	687
Mar-18	425	431	856	346	176	522
Apr-18	449	345	794	250	138	388
May-18	346	280	626	221	112	333
Jun-18	291	257	548	231	103	334
Total	6035	5491	11526	3998	2238	6236

Considering both leisure as well as non-leisure domestic tourists to Kavaratti, the maximum no. of overnight visitors are in the months of November & December. A majority of the same day visitors visited Kavaratti in the months of November and December.

Table – 5								
Total Number of Leisure and Non-Leisure Foreign Tourists and Day Visitors								
Kavaratti	No. of	Overnight		No. of Same Day Visitors				
		Non Leisure	Total		Non	Total		
	Leisure		(col.2+3)	Leisure	Leisure	(col.5+6)		
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7		
Oct-17	20		20			0		
Nov-17	26		26			0		
Dec-17	39		39			0		
Jan-18	94		94			0		
Feb-18	21		21			0		
Mar-18	39		39			0		
Apr-18	53		53			0		
May-18	35		35			0		
Jun-18	38		38			0		
Total	365	0	365	0	0	0		

Considering both leisure as well as non-leisure foreign tourists to Kavaratti, the maximum no. of overnight visitors are in the months of January & April.

	No	o. of Tourist		eign Tourists and Day Visitors No. of Day Visitors			
Kavaratti	Domestic	Foreign Total (col.2+3)		Domestic	Foreign	Total (col.2+3)	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	1497	20	1518	955	0	955	
Nov-17	2184	26	2210	1100	0	1100	
Dec-17	2561	39	2600	1311	0	1311	
Jan-18	1499	94	1592	606	0	606	
Feb-18	961	21	982	687	0	687	
Mar-18	856	39	895	523	0	523	
Apr-18	793	53	846	388	0	388	
May-18	625	35	660	333	0	333	
Jun-18	548	38	586	334	0	334	
Total	11524	365	11889	6235	0	6235	

Table – 6

Collating the findings of the previous tables, the total no. of domestic and foreign overnight tourists are most in the months of November and December. The total no. of domestic day visitors to Kavaratti is most in the month of December.

Table – 7										
Distribution of Domestic and Foreign Tourists by place of Stay										
Kavaratti		No. Domestic Tourists				No of Foreign Tourists				
				Total		Stay ing with F&R	Stayi ng else wher e	Total		
	Staying at Hotels	Staying with F&R	Staying elsewhere	(col.2+3+4)	Staying at Hotels			(col.6+ 7+8)		
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9		
Oct-17	392	865	240	1497	20			20		
Nov-17	610	1252	322	2184	26			26		
Dec-17	728	1453	380	2561	39			39		
Jan-18	686	606	206	1499	94			94		
Feb-18	318	481	162	961	21			21		
Mar-18	282	439	135	856	39			39		
Apr-18	317	373	103	793	53			53		
May-18	237	304	84	625	35			35		
Jun-18	229	242	77	548	38			38		
Total	3799	6015	1710	11524	365	0	0	365		

The above table presents the distribution of domestic and foreign tourists, visiting Kavaratti, by place of stay. As we can see the maximum no. of domestic visitors to Kavaratti are staying at friends and relatives place, followed by hotels. All the sample foreign tourists stayed at hotels during their visit to Kavaratti.

No. of accommodation units, Rooms / Beds Available and Occupancy Rate								
Kavaratti	No. of Accommodation units	No. of Beds Available per day	Occupancy Rate (%)					
Oct-17	7	161	63%					
Nov-17	7	161	67%					
Dec-17	7	161	71%					
Jan-18	7	161	72%					
Feb-18	7	161	62%					
Mar-18	7	161	60%					
Apr-18	7	161	61%					
May-18	7	161	52%					
Jun-18	7	161	44%					

 Table - 8

 No. of accommodation units, Rooms / Beds Available and Occupancy Rate

As evident from the table, it can be concluded that occupancy rate was the highest during the months of, January and December. There are approximately 160 beds available per day for accommodation in the island of Kavaratti.

Table - 9
Month wise Total Number of Guests checked-in, bed nights spent and average duration of
stay at Accommodation Units

Kavaratti	No. of Guests checked- in			No. of bed nights spent			Average duration of Stay		
Month India ns	India	Foreig	Total	Indi 2 ans	Foreig ners	Total	Indian s	Foreign ers	Total
		ners	(col.2 +3)			(col.5 +6)	(Col.5 /Col.2)	(Col.6/C ol.3)	(Col.7/ Col.4)
-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9	-10
Oct-17	616	14	630	733	32	765	1.19	2.29	1.21
Nov-17	662	29	691	798	43	841	1.21	1.48	1.22
Dec-17	782	41	823	951	91	1042	1.22	2.22	1.27
Jan-18	667	98	765	1031	192	1223	1.55	1.96	1.60
Feb-18	326	17	343	582	38	620	1.79	2.24	1.81
Mar-18	349	25	374	491	49	540	1.41	1.96	1.44
Apr-18	323	48	371	423	93	516	1.31	1.94	1.39
May-18	233	31	264	387	62	449	1.66	2.00	1.70
Jun-18	221	34	255	289	62	351	1.31	1.82	1.38
Total	4179	337	4516	5685	662	6347	12.63	17.90	13.02

The above table presents the statistical data on domestic and foreign tourist who checked-in and their duration of stay in Kavaratti month wise. As it can be seen the average duration of stay for domestic tourists is highest for the month of February. For foreigners, October is the peak month of stay.

Tables 10 – 15 give the quarterly data pertaining to information collected from accommodation survey held in the district of Kavaratti. As shown in the tables below, the no. of accommodation units surveyed were 7 during the period October 2017 – June 2018. The accommodation units are mostly under the state government, however private accommodation units catering to islanders of Lakshadweep has also been taken into account here. This accommodation unit employs nearly 24 persons.

Karavatti Quarter	No. of AUs	No. of Rooms	No. of Beds	No. of Employees		
-1	-2	-3	-4	Temporary	Permanent	Total
- 1	-2	-5	-4	-5	-6	-7
Quarter – 1	7	62	161	14	10	24
Quarter – 2	7	62	161	14	10	24
Quarter – 3	7	62	161	14	10	24

Table - 10
Number of Accommodation units, Rooms, Beds and Employment

 Table - 11

 Distribution of Employees in Accommodation Units by Age Group

Karavatti Quarter	No. of AUs	No. of Employees	Distribution of employees by age-group				
-1	-2	-3	18-25 yrs	26-30 yrs	31-40 yrs	41-50 yrs	> 51 yrs
			-4	-5	-6	-7	-8
Quarter – 1	7	24	8	11	2	3	0
Quarter – 2	7	24	8	11	2	3	0
Quarter – 3	7	24	8	11	2	3	0

Table – 12Distribution of Employees in Accommodation Units by Service

Karavatti	No.	No. of				
Quarter	of AUs	Employees	Distribution of employees by service			
-1	-2	-3	Management	F&B	House Keeping	Others
			-4	-5	-6	-7
Quarter – 1	7	24	9	7	1	7
Quarter – 2	7	24	9	7	1	7
Quarter – 3	7	24	9	7	1	7

Karavatti	No. of Accommodation units							
			Non-cla	assified				
Quarter	Classified	Having more than 20 rooms	10-20 rooms	Less than 10 rooms	Sub- Total (Col. 3+4+5)	Total		
-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7		
Quarter – 1	0	1	5	1	7	7		
Quarter – 2	0	1	5	1	7	7		
Quarter – 3	0	1	5	1	7	7		

 Table - 13

 Category-wise Distribution Accommodation Units

Distribution Accommodation Units by Types									
Karavatt i		No. of Accommodation units							
Quarter	Star Hot els	Apartme nt Hotels	Non- Star Hotel s	Youth/ YMCA Hostel s	Dharams halas/ Sarais/ Musafirk hanas	Gurud waras/ Templ es/ Monas tries	Bed & Break fast Units	Mot els	Tota I
Quarter – 1	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	7
Quarter – 2	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	7
Quarter – 3	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	7

 Table - 14

 Distribution Accommodation Units by Types

Table - 15

Distribution Accommodation Units by Type of Ownership

Karavatti		No. of Accommodation units							
Quarter	Centra I Govt.	State Govt.	Pvt. Ltd.	Prop./ Partner ship	Public Limite d	PS U	Charita ble Trust/ Society	Other s	Tot al
Quarter – 1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	7
Quarter – 2	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	7
Quarter – 3	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	7

Visitors Profiling Tables

Age Group	•	Domestic nt Visitors	-	Domestic /isitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
-1	-2	-3	-5	-6	-7	-8
15 – 24 Years	28	39	22	30	22	20
25 – 34 Years	44	41	50	39	45	44
35 – 44 Years	21	20	28	30	25	31
45 – 60 Years	6	0	0	1	7	4
>60 Years	1	0	0	0	1	1
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100

Table – 16 Age Distribution of Sample Visitors in district

It is to be noted from the table above that predominant age group was 25-34 years among domestic overnight and day visitors and also amongst foreign visitors to kavaratti. Most of the visitors to Kavaratti are males with females comprising a small proportion.

 Table – 17

 Sex Distribution of Sample Visitors in the district

Gender	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Male	60	52	56
Female	40	48	44
Total	100	100	100

The gender wise distribution of sample visitors to Kavaratti is mentioned in the table above. Male visitors are in majority in both the categories of domestic overnight as well as domestic day visitors. The same trend is observed for foreign visitors to Kavaratti as well.

Table – 18
Marital Status of Sample Visitors in the district

Marital Status	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Married	80	73	51
Unmarried	19	27	47
Others	1	0	2
Total	100	100	100

It is clear from the table above that most of the sample visitors to Kavaratti have marital status as married. Unmarried visitors comprise of a small number. Others mentioned above cover the Widows, Divorcee etc. amongst foreign visitors, more of them are unmarried.

Table – 19

Educational Level of Sample Visitors in the district

Level of Education	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
No Formal Education	0	0	0
Primary	1	0	0
Secondary	4	3	0
Higher Secondary	10	9	12
Graduate & Above	64	64	69
Technical & Professional of All Level	21	24	19
Total	100	100	100

The above table represents the education level of sample visitors to Kavaratti. It is evident from the table that more than half of the sample visitors, both foreign and domestic have educational qualification as graduate & above and 1/4th of the visitors have a technical/professional qualification.

Table – 20

Occupation Pattern of Sample Visitors in the district

Occupation	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Industrialist / Trader / Shop Owner	6	8	5
Self Employed Professional	12	10	10
Government Service	16	21	16
Private Service	22	11	35
Student / Researcher	4	10	11
Business	19	16	20
Agriculture	0	0	0
Housewife	13	12	1
Other	8	12	2
Total	100	100	100

The above table represents the occupation pattern of sample visitors to Kavaratti. As it can be seen most of the visitors are either into private service or government service. Self-employed professionals and Industrialists are in a very small proportion.

Purpose of visit by Sample Visitors in district

Purpose	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Business	0	0	0
Holidays, Leisure & Recreation	89	97	100
Social Activity	0	1	0
Pilgrimage / religious Activity	1	0	0
Education / Training	1	0	0
Health & Medical	8	0	0
Shopping	0	0	0
Others	1	2	0
Total	100	100	100

As it can be concluded from the table above, around 90% of visitors to Kavaratti, were for the purpose of Holidays, leisure & recreation activities.

Table – 22

Mode of Transportation	%age of vi within t	sitors from he State		
Mode of Transportation	Overnight Same day Visitors		Overnight Visitors	Same day Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Train	0	0	0	0
Bus	0	0	0	0
Ship	99	98	92	99
Air	1	2	8	1
Total	100	100	100	100

Mode of Transportation of Sample Domestic Visitors in district

The above table presents the mode of transportation used by sample domestic visitors in Kavaratti. Most of the same day visitors from within the Lakshadweep used ship/ launches to travel. For overnight visitors as well as day visitors from outside of Lakshadweep, ship is the prominent mode of transportation.

Mode of Transportation	%age of visitors from Outside the State Overnight Visitors
(1)	(4)
Train	0
Bus	0
Taxi	0
Personal Vehicle	0
Air	95
Ship	5
Total	100

Mode of Transportation of Sample Foreign Visitors in the State

The above table presents the mode of transportation used by sample foreign visitors in Kavaratti. Most of the foreign visitors used aircrafts to travel.

Table – 24

Travel Behavior of Sample Visitors in district

Frequency of Visits	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Once a fortnight	0	0	0
Once a month	0	0	0
Once in 3 months	0	2	0
Once in 6 months	3	5	0
Once in a Year	3	10	2
Less Often	94	83	98
Total	100	100	100

The above table evaluates the travel behavior of sample visitors to Kavaratti. It is clear from the table above that for most of the visitors to Kavaratti; the frequency of visit is less often i.e. once in two or three years.

 Table – 25

 Propensity of availing package tour of Sample Visitors in district

	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Percentage of Tourists availing package tour	35%	61%	24%

The above mentioned is the measure the propensity of availing package tour among the sample visitors in the district of Kavaratti. And we conclude a considerable proportion of people avail package tours for traveling to Kavaratti.

Travel Arrangement Mode	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Self	14	15	70
Office / Employer	19	11	0
Travel Agent	40	33	15
Tour Operator	27	41	15
Total	100	100	100

Table – 26Travel Arrangement Mode of Sample Visitors in district

As concluded from the previous table that many people avail package tour, thus most of the visitors traveling to Kavaratti make their travel arrangements through tour operators/travel agents, which can be justified from the findings presented in the above table.

 Table – 27

 Distribution of overnight visitors by place of stay of Sample Visitors in district

Place of Stay	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
-1	-2	-3
Govt. Guest House / Circuit House /Bhawan /Sadan	60	100
Private Guest House / Inn /Rest House /Tourist Bungalow	20	0
Friends & Relative	20	0
Total	100	100

The category wise details regarding the place of stay are presented above. It may be seen from the table above that most of the overnight tourist preferred government guest houses as the place of stay. Government guest houses are the other prominent choice for place of stay for domestic overnight visitors.

Eating Place	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
-1 D	-2	-3	-4
Restaurant Place of Lodging	10 70	<u> </u>	0 100
Friends & Relatives	20	15	0
Total	100	75	100

Table – 28Distribution of visitor by their preferred eating place of Sample Visitors in district

The above table gives the percentage distribution of visitor by their preferred eating place of sample visitors in the district of Kavaratti. It may be seen that proportion of domestic overnight who preferred place of lodging for eating are the maximum. The same trend is observed for foreign visitors too.

	Satisfaction level of services by Sample Visitors in district					
		f Domestic ght Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors		%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors	
Services	Satisfie d	Dissatisfie d	Satisfied	Dissatisfied	Satisfied	Dissatisfie d
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Availability of Tour Operator	67	33	59	41	56	44
Availability of Transportation	44	56	71	29	71	29
Availability of Tourist Guide	28	72	22	78	26	74
Availability of good quality accommodation	81	19	34	66	11	89
Public Convenience	44	56	42	58	32	68
Eating Places	31	69	37	63	33	67
Information Centers	66	34	66	34	66	34
Behavior of Local People	8	92	85	15	89	11
Accommodation tariff	79	21	15	85	31	69

Table – 29
atisfaction level of services by Sample Visitors in district

Expectation level of their visit to district of Sample Visitors in district

Expectation level	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Much Better than expectation	68	73	67
Somewhat better than expectation	26	22	24
As per expectation	4	5	9
Worse than expectation	2	0	0
Much worse than expectation	0	0	0
Total	100	100	100

The above table presents the percentage distribution across different expectation levels. There is a strong positive trend as most of the visitors found their visit to Kavaratti much better than expectation or better than expectation.

Most Visited Tourist Destination	%age of Visitors	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
Kagaratti island	100 %	100%	100%	100%	

Table – 31Most visited tourist destination of Sample Visitors

* Is based on no. of visits as obtained from Short Survey at Tourist Destinations.

Table	- 32
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Annual Household income of the Sample Domestic Visitors in district				
HH Income (Rs.)	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors		
-1	-2	-3		
Less than Rs.60,000	0	0		
Rs.60,001 – Rs.1,00,000	1	3		
Rs.1,00,001 – Rs.2,00,000	3	6		
Rs.2,00,001 – Rs.5,00,000	19	22		
Above Rs.5,00,000	77	69		
Total	100	100		

Among the domestic visitors maximum number of respondents fall under the annual household income bracket of Rs. 5 Lakh and above.

 Table – 33

 Annual Household income of the Sample Domestic Visitors in district

HH Income (Rs.)	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors		
(1)	(2)		
Less than \$40,000	1		
\$40,001 - \$60,000	6		
\$60,001 - \$80,000	20		
\$80,001 - \$1,00,000	29		
Above \$1,00,000	44		
Total	100		

Among the foreign visitors maximum number of respondents fall under the annual household income bracket of Above \$1,00,000.

Average Expenditure on Package Component of Sample Domestic Visitors availing package tour in the State (Expenditure in Indian Rs.)

Average Exped.
(2)
19500
29000
35000
40000

*One visitor's approx expenditure.

Table – 35

Average Expenditure on Package Component plus non-package component of Sample Foreign Visitors availing package tour in the State (Expenditure in Indian Rs.)

Type of Packages Component	Average Exped.		
(1)	(2)		
Travel + Food	24500		
Travel + Accommodation	39000		
Travel +Transport + Accommodation	43000		
Travel + Transport + Accommodation + Food	45000		

*One visitor's approx expenditure.

Table – 36Average Expenditure on non-package component of Sample Visitors in district
(Expenditure in Indian Rs.)

Non-Package Component	Avg. Expenditure of DOVs	Avg. Expenditure of DDVs	Avg. Expenditure of FOVs
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Accommodation	16000	0	27500
Food & Drinks	8500	1200	12000
Transport	18500	2500	21000
Shopping	1500	1500	1000
Recreation, Leisure & Cultural Activities	4000	1500	5000
Total	48500	6700	66500

State	Percentage of Overnight Visitors	Percentage of Domestic Day Visitors
-1	-2	-3
Maharashtra	15	17
Delhi	22	15
Karnataka	9	5
Kerala	21	22
Tamil Nadu	7	6
West Bengal	5	11
Uttar Pradesh	8	7
Gujarat	9	10
Telengana	4	7
Total	100	100

 Table – 37

 Total number of Domestic Visitors from outside the State

Total number of Foreign Visitors (including NRI) by their country of residence

Country	Percentage of Foreign Overnight Visitors
-1	(3)
Australia	1
Belgium	2
Canada	6
Denmark	0
Germany	4
France	2
Israel	1
Italy	10
Japan	1
Netherlands	0
Norway	0
Poland	0
Portugal	0
Russia	1
Slovenia	0
South Africa	1
Spain	12
Sweden	1
Switzerland	13
United Kingdom	24
USA	21
Total	100

Report for Agatti

1. Brief description - Agatti

The Agatti Island is at a distance of 459 km (248 nautical miles) from Kochi and is located the west of Kavaratti Island. It lies between 10o 48' and 10o 53' N latitude and 72o 09' and 7o 13' E longitude, having an area of 3.84 sq km, with a maximum length of 10 km and width of km. It has a north-east, south-west trend with a long tail on the south. The lagoon area of this island is 17.50 sq km.

The climate of Agatti March to May is the hottest period of the year. The temperature ranges from 25oC to 35oC and humidity ranging from 70 -76 per cent for most of the year. The average rainfall received is 1600 mm a year. Monsoon prevails here from 15th May to 15th September. The monsoon period raises temperature to the mercury level between 27- 30 degrees. During the monsoon time, boats are not allowed outside the lagoon because of the violent sea. The presence of the reef maintains calm at the lagoon.

Agatti displays the rich and diverse culture of its individuals through the festivals and event celebrations. The majority of population residing in Lakshadweep follows Islam. So during the Muslim festivals, Agatti island is at its most high-spirit and vibrant. Although there are numerous tribal festivals that are celebrated but amongst all Id-UI-Fitr celebrated after the month of Ramadan is one such festival which is celebrated with great fervor and joy. This can be one festival that is celebrated by each and every one on the island. The sudden and grand variation of the serene region into deafening vicinity can captivate anyone's mind.

2. Tourist destinations surveyed

District	Towns	Destination
Agatti	Agatti	Agatti (Mosque, Golden Jubilee Muesum, Lagoon & Jetty site.)

Table – '	1
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Total number of visits to Tourist Destinations by Domestic and Foreign Leisure Visitors

131013							
		sits by Dome Same Day Vi					
Agatti	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	151	1361	1512	0	0	0	
Nov-17	167	1505	1672	0	0	0	
Dec-17	181	2083	2264	0	0	0	
Jan-18	174	1278	1452	0	0	0	
Feb-18	229	853	1082	0	0	0	
Mar-18	204	768	972	0	0	0	
Apr-18	105	770	875	0	0	0	
May-18	144	612	756	0	0	0	
Jun-18	257	267	524	0	0	0	
Total	1612	9497	11109	0	0	0	

As inferred from the table above the maximum no. of visits by domestic leisure visitors to tourist destinations in Agatti has been in the month of December. As far as foreign leisure tourists are concerned, no visits to tourist destinations in Agatti happened.

Table – 2

Total number of visits to Tourist Destinations by Domestic and Foreign Visitors

		its by Dom	estic	No of visits by Foreign Tourists / Same Day Visitor			
Agatti	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	1253	1512	2765	0	0	0	
Nov-17	1385	1673	3058	0	0	0	
Dec-17	1818	2308	4126	0	0	0	
Jan-18	1243	1425	2668	0	0	0	
Feb-18	1078	970	2048	0	0	0	
Mar-18	963	872	1835	0	0	0	
Apr-18	614	881	1495	0	0	0	
May-18	597	710	1307	0	0	0	
Jun-18	598	341	939	0	0	0	
Total	9549	10692	20241	0	0	0	

As inferred from the table above the maximum no. of visits by domestic visitors to tourist destinations in Agatti has been in the month of December.

			Table –	3		
Tota	I number of D	omestic and	d Foreign	Leisure Touris	sts / Same D	Day Visito
	No. Domest	ic Tourists /	Visitor	No of Foreig	n Tourists /	Visitor
Agatti	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Total Visitors		Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7
Oct-17	54	340	1512	0	0	0
Nov-17	60	376	1672	0	0	0
Dec-17	66	521	2264	0	0	0
Jan-18	63	319	1452	0	0	0
Feb-18	91	213	1082	0	0	0
Mar-18	80	192	972	0	0	0
Apr-18	40	197	875	0	0	0
May-18	55	157	756	0	0	0
Jun-18	91	69	524	0	0	0
Total	1612	9497	11109	0	0	0

The maximum no. of domestic leisure visitors to Agatti are spread across the months of November and December.

Table – 4

Total Number of Leisure and Non-Leisure Domestic Tourists and Same Day Visitors

	No. of	Overnight ⁻	Fourists	No. of Same Day Visitors			
Agatti	_	Non	Total		Non	Total	
, igatti	Leisure	Leisure	(col.2+3)	Leisure	Leisure	(col.5+6)	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	54	1102	1156	340	151	491	
Nov-17	60	1218	1278	376	168	544	
Dec-17	66	1637	1703	521	225	746	
Jan-18	63	1069	1132	319	147	466	
Feb-18	91	849	940	213	117	330	
Mar-18	80	759	839	192	104	296	
Apr-18	40	509	549	197	111	308	
May-18	55	453	508	157	98	255	
Jun-18	91	341	432	69	74	143	
Total	600	7937	8537	2384	1195	3579	

Considering both leisure as well as non-leisure domestic tourists to Agatti, the maximum number of overnight visitors are in the months of November & December. A majority of the same day visitors visited Agatti in the months of November and December.

Table – 5
Total Number of Leisure and Non-Leisure Foreign Tourists and Day Visitors

	No. of	Overnight ⁻	Fourists	No. of Same Day Visitors			
Agatti	Leisure	Non Leisure	Total (col.2+3)	Leisure	Non Leisure	Total (col.5+6)	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	0		0			0	
Nov-17	0		0			0	
Dec-17	0		0			0	
Jan-18	0		0			0	
Feb-18	0		0			0	
Mar-18	0		0			0	
Apr-18	0		0			0	
May-18	0		0			0	
Jun-18	0		0			0	
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Considering leisure as well as non-leisure foreign tourists to Agatti, no foreign visitors went.

			Table – 6			
	Total Numb	er of Dome	stic and Fo	reign Tourist	ts and Day	Visitors
	No	o. of Touris	ts	No. o	of Day Visit	tors
Agatti	Domestic	Foreign	Total (col.2+3)	Domestic	Foreign	Total (col.2+3)
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7
Oct-17	1156	0	1156	492	0	492
Nov-17	1278	0	1278	544	0	544
Dec-17	1702	0	1702	746	0	746
Jan-18	1132	0	1132	466	0	466
Feb-18	939	0	939	330	0	330
Mar-18	839	0	839	296	0	296
Apr-18	549	0	549	308	0	308
May-	508	0	508	255	0	255
18						
Jun-18	432	0	432	143	0	143
Total	8536	0	8536	3580	0	3580

Collating the findings of the previous tables, the total no. of domestic overnight tourists are most in the months of November and December. The total number of domestic day visitors to Agatti is most in the month of December.

	Distr	ibution o	of Domestic	and For	eign Tou	rists by	place of St	ay
	N	lo. Dome	stic Touris	sts	Ν	o of Fore	eign Touris	sts
Agatti	Stayin	Stayin	Staying	Total	Stayin	Stayin	Staying	Total
Ayatti	g at	g with	elsewhe	(col.2+	g at	g with	elsewhe	(col.6+
	Hotels	F&R	re	3+4)	Hotels	F&R	re	7+8)
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9
Oct-17	0	616	540	1156	0			0
Nov- 17	0	681	598	1279	0			0
Dec-17	0	899	803	1702	0			0
Jan-18	0	608	524	1132	0			0
Feb-18	0	523	416	939	0			0
Mar-18	0	467	373	840	0			0
Apr-18	0	296	253	549	0			0
May-	0	282	225	507	0			0
18		000	470	400	_			
Jun-18	0	262	170	432	0			0
Total	0	4634	3902	8536	0	0	0	0

Table – 7							
Distribution of Domestic and Foreign Tourists by place of Stay							
No. Domostio Tourista	No of Coroign Touristo						

The above table presents the distribution of domestic and foreign tourists, visiting Agatti, by place of stay. As we can see the maximum no. of domestic visitors to Agatti ar e staying at friends & relatives place.

Table - 8	
No. of accommodation units, Rooms / Beds Available.	

Agatti	No. of Accommodation units	No. of Beds Available per day
Oct-17	8	93
Nov-17	8	93
Dec-17	8	93
Jan-18	8	93
Feb-18	8	93
Mar-18	8	93
Apr-18	8	93
May-18	8	93
Jun-18	8	93

Table – 9Month wise Total Number of Guests checked-in, bed nights spent and average duration of stay at AccommodationUnits

Agatti	No. of Guests checked-in			No. of bed nights spent			Average duration of Stay		
	India	Foreign	Total	Indian	Foreigner	Total	Indians	Foreigners	Total
Month	ns	ers	(col.2+3)		(col.5+6)	(Col.5/Col.2)	(Col.6/Col.3)	(Col.7/Col.4)	
-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9	-10
Oct-17	85	0	85	156	0	156	1.83	0	1.83
Nov-17	121	0	121	228	0	228	1.88	0	1.88
Dec-17	175	0	175	320	0	320	1.82	0	1.82
Jan-18	180	0	180	323	0	323	1.79	0	1.79
Feb-18	73	0	73	136	0	136	1.86	0	1.86
Mar-18	88	0	88	148	0	148	1.68	0	1.68
Apr-18	102	0	102	143	0	143	1.40	0	1.40
May-18	67	0	67	125	0	125	1.86	0	1.86
Jun-18	65	0	65	120	0	120	1.84	0	1.84
Total	956	0	956	1699	0	1699	15.96	0	15.96

> The above numbers in case of Indian tourist is basically who have spend a bed night at any of the 8 accommodation units (2 are state guest house) in Agati for any of the non- leisure activities such as

- > Sometimes flight delay or canceled at that time the passengers both (Domestic & foreigner) stay in Agatti.
- > Other Island guests also staying in Agatti.
- > Family function guest also staying sometimes in guesthouse/Homestay.
- Job transfer staff also stays.
- > In Agatti private guest house/Homestay do not get permit to accommodate foreigner. Domestic tourists permits are arranged by the hotelier who plan their trip to Bangaram & Thinakara. Permit taken through Friends & relatives permit.

Tables 10 – 15 give the quarterly data pertaining to information collected from accommodation survey held in the district of Agatti. As shown in the tables below, there were no officially recognized accommodation units in Agatti.

State: Quarter	No. of AUs	No. of Room s	No. of Beds	No. of Employees		
				Temporary	Permanent	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Quarter – 1	8	48	93	7	12	19
Quarter – 2	8	48	93	7	12	19
Quarter – 3	8	48	93	7	12	19

Table - 10Number of Accommodation units, Rooms, Beds and Employment

Table - 11Distribution of Employees in Accommodation Units by Age Group

State: Quarter	No. of AUs	No. of Employee S	Distribution of employees by age- group				
			18-25	26-30	31-40	41-50	> 51
			yrs	yrs	yrs	yrs	yrs
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Quarter – 1	8	19	4	6	7	2	0
Quarter – 2	8	19	4	6	7	2	0
Quarter – 3	8	19	4	6	7	2	0

Table - 12Distribution of Employees in Accommodation Units by Service

State: Quarter	No. of AUs	No. of Employee s	Distribution of employees by service				
			Manageme nt	F&B	House Keepin g	Others	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Quarter – 1	8	19	6	5	5	3	
Quarter – 2	8	19	6	5	5	3	
Quarter – 3	8	19	6	5	5	3	

State:	No. of Accommodation units							
			Non-classified					
Quarter	uarter Classified		10-20 rooms	Less than 10 rooms	Sub- Total (Col. 3+4+5)	Total		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)		
Quarter – 1	0	0	0	8	8	8		
Quarter – 2	0	0	0	8	8	8		
Quarter – 3	0	0	0	8	8	8		

Table - 13Category-wise Distribution Accommodation Units

Table - 14
Distribution Accommodation Units by Types

State:		No. of Accommodation units									
Quarte r	Star Hotel s	Apartm ent Hotels	Non- Star Hotel s	Youth/ YMCA Hostel s	Dharamshala s/ Sarais/ Musafirkhana s	Gurudwara s/ Temples/ Monastries	Bed & Breakfas t Units	Motel s	Tota I		
Quarte			8	0	0	0	0	0	8		
r – 1	0	0									
Quarte		0	8	0	0	0	0	0	8		
r – 2	0										
Quarte		0	8	0	0	0	0	0	8		
r – 3	0										

Table - 15Distribution Accommodation Units by Type of Ownership

State:		No. of Accommodation units								
Quarter	Cent ral Govt	State Govt.	Pvt. Ltd.	Prop./ Partner ship	Public Limited	PSU	Charitable Trust/ Society	Others	Total	
Quarter – 1	0	2	0	6	0	0	0	0	8	
Quarter – 2	0	2	0	6	0	0	0	0	8	
Quarter – 3	0	2	0	6	0	0	0	0	8	

	Age Dist	cribution of	Sample vi	isitors in tr	ie district	
Age Group	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors		%age of Domestic Day Visitors		%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
15 – 24 Years	0	0	24	25	0	0
25 – 34 Years	0	0	44	42	0	0
35 – 44 Years	0	0	27	27	0	0
45 – 60 Years	0	0	4	4	0	0
>60 Years	0	0	1	2	0	0
Total	0	0	100	100	0	0

Visitors Profiling Tables Table – 16 Age Distribution of Sample Visitors in the district

It is to be noted from the table above that predominant age group was 25-34 years among domestic day visitors. Most of the visitors to Agatti are males with females comprising a small proportion.

Table – 17Sex Distribution of Sample Visitors in the district

Gender	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	0
Male	0	55	0
Female	0	45	0
Total	0	100	0

The gender wise distribution of sample visitors to Agatti is mentioned in the table above. Male visitors are in majority in both the categories of domestic day visitors.

Table – 18Marital Status of Sample Visitors in the district

Marital Status	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Married	0	73	0
Unmarried	0	27	0
Others	0	0	0
Total	0	100	0

It is clear from the table above that most of the sample visitors to Agatti have marital status as married. Unmarried visitors comprise of a small number. Others mentioned above cover the Widows, Divorcee etc.

Level of Education	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
No Formal Education	0	0	0
Primary	0	1	0
Secondary	0	2	0
Higher Secondary	0	11	0
Graduate & Above	0	69	0
Technical &			
Professional of All	0	17	0
Level			
Total	0	100	0

Table – 19Educational Level of Sample Visitors in the district

The above table represents the education level of sample visitors to Agatti. It is evident from the table that more than half of the sample visitors have educational qualification as graduate & above.

Table – 20	
Occupation Pattern of Sample Visitors in the district	

Occupation	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Industrialist / Trader / Shop Owner	0	6	0
Self Employed Professional	0	4	0
Government Service	0	25	0
Private Service	0	15	0
Student / Researcher	0	10	0
Business	0	21	0
Agriculture	0	0	0
Housewife	0	10	0
Other	0	9	0
Total	0	100	0

The above table represents the occupation pattern of sample visitors to Agatti. As it can be seen most of the visitors are either into business or government service. Self-employed professionals are present in a very small proportion.

Purpose	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Business	0	23	0
Holidays, Leisure & Recreation	0	0	0
Social Activity	0	62	0
Pilgrimage / religious Activity	0	0	0
Education / Training	0	0	0
Health & Medical	0	15	0
Shopping	0	0	0
Others	0	0	0
Total	0	100	0

Table – 21Purpose of visit by Sample Visitors in district

As it can be concluded from the table above, for domestic day visitors to Agatti ,Social activities – family function, job related are the primary reason to visit Agatti.

Table – 22Mode of Transportation of Sample Domestic Visitors in district

	%age of visitors from within the State		%age of visitors from Outside the State	
Mode of Transportation	Overnigh Same C		Overnigh t Visitors	Same day Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Train	0	0	0	0
Bus	0	0	0	0
Ship	0	100	0	65
Flight	0	0	0	35
Total	0	100	0	100

The above table presents the mode of transportation used by sample domestic day visitors in Agatti. All of the same day visitors from within the Lakshadweep used ship to travel. For day visitors from outside Lakshadweep, ship again is the prominent mode of transportation.

Table – 23
Mode of Transportation of Sample Foreign Visitors in the district

Mode of	%age of visitors
Transportation	Overnight Visitors
(1)	(4)
Train	0
Bus	0
Taxi	0
Personal Vehicle	0
Air	0
Ship	0
Total	0

Travel Behavior of Sample Visitors in district

Frequency of Visits	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Once a fortnight	0	0	0
Once a month	0	0	0
Once in 3 months	0	0	0
Once in 6 months	0	0	0
Once in a Year	0	6	0
Less Often	0	94	0
Total	0	100	0

The above table evaluates the travel behavior of sample visitors to Agatti. It is clear from the table above that for most of the visitors to Agatti; the frequency of visit is less often i.e. once in two or three years.

Table – 25

Propensity of availing package tour of Sample Visitors in district

	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Percentage of Tourists availing package tour	0	86	0

The above mentioned is the measure the propensity of availing package tour among the sample visitors in the district of Agatti. And we conclude most people avail package tours for traveling to Agatti.

Table	-	26
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Traver Arrangement mode of bample visitors in district					
Travel Arrangement Mode	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
Self	0	16	0		
Office / Employer	0	11	0		
Travel Agent	0	33	0		
Tour Operator	0	40	0		
Total	0	100	0		

Travel Arrangement Mode of Sample Visitors in district

As concluded from the previous table that most people avail package tour, thus most of the visitors traveling to Agatti make their travel arrangements through tour operators and travel agents, which can be justified from the findings presented in the above table.

Table – 27

Distribution of overnight visitors by place of stay of Sample Visitors in district

Place of Stay	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
-1	-2	-3
Govt. Guest House / Circuit House /Bhawan /Sadan	0	0
Private Guest House / Inn /Rest House /Tourist Bungalow	0	0
Friends & Relative	0	0
Total	0	0

No legally licensed accommodation units were found in Agatti and no domestic overnight and foreign overnight visitors were encountered and hence no data is presented here.

Distribution of visitor by their preferred eating place of Sample Visitors in district

Eating Place	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors		
-1	-2	-3	-4		
Restaurant	0	10	0		
Place of Lodging	0	0	0		
Friends & Relatives	0	90	0		
Total	0	100	0		

Table – 29

Satisfaction level of services by Sample Visitors in district

Comisso		age of Domestic %age of Domestic Day /ernight Visitors Visitors		%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors		
Services	Satisfi ed	Dissatisfi ed	Satisfied	Dissatisfied	Satisfied	Dissatisfi ed
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Availability of Tour Operator	0	100	56	44	0	100
Availability of Transportation	0	100	77	23	0	100
Availability of Tourist Guide	0	100	22	78	0	100
Availability of good quality accommodation	0	100	0	100	0	100
Public Convenience	0	100	39	61	0	100
Information Centers	0	100	68	32	0	100
Behavior of Local People	0	100	85	15	0	100
Accommodation tariff	0	100	0	100	0	100

Expectation level	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Much Better than expectation	0	74	0
Somewhat better than expectation	0	19	0
As per expectation	0	7	0
Worse than expectation	0	0	0
Much worse than expectation	0	0	0
Total	0	100	0

 Table – 30

 Expectation level of their visit to district of Sample Visitors in district

Table – 31

Most visited tourist destination of Sample Visitors

Most Visited Tourist Destination	%age of Visitors	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Agatti island	100 %	0	100%	0

Table – 32

Annual Household income of the Sample Domestic Visitors in district

HH Income (Rs.)	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors
-1	0	0
Less than Rs.60,000	0	2
Rs.60,001 – Rs.1,00,000	0	4
Rs.1,00,001 – Rs.2,00,000	0	21
Rs.2,00,001 – Rs.5,00,000	0	73
Above Rs.5,00,000	0	100
Total	0	0

Among the domestic visitors maximum number of respondents fall under the annual household income bracket of Rs. 5 Lakh and above.

Ann	ual Household income of the	Sample Domestic Visitors in	distri
	HH Income (Rs.)	%age of Foreign Visitors	
	(1)	(2)	
	Less than \$40,000	0	
	\$40,001 – \$60,000	0	
	\$60,001 - \$80,000	0	
	\$80,001 - \$1,00,000	0	
	Above \$1,00,000	0	
	Total	100	

Table – 33Annual Household income of the Sample Domestic Visitors in district

Average Expenditure on Package Component of Sample Domestic Visitors availing package tour in the State (Expenditure in Indian Rs.)

Package Component	Average Exped.
(1)	(2)
Travel + Food	0
Travel + Accommodation	0
Travel +Transport + Accommodation	0
Travel + Transport + Accommodation + Food	0
Total	0

*One visitor's approx expenditure.

Table – 35

Average Expenditure on Package Component plus non-package component of Sample Foreign Visitors availing package tour in the State (Expenditure in Indian Rs)

KS./	
Type of Packages Component	Average Exped.
(1)	(2)
Travel + Food	0
Travel + Accommodation	0
Travel +Transport + Accommodation	0
Travel + Transport + Accommodation + Food	0
Total	0

*One visitor's approx expenditure.

Table – 36
Average Expenditure on non-package component of Sample Visitors in district
(Expenditure in Indian Rs.)

Non-Package Component	Avg. Expenditure of DOVs	Avg. Expenditure of DDVs	Avg. Expenditure of FOVs
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Accommodation	0	0	0
Food & Drinks	0	500	0
Transport	0	1000	0
Shopping	0	0	0
Recreation, Leisure & Cultural Activities	0	0	0
Total	0	1500	0

Table – 37

Total number of Domestic Visitors from outside the State at the year end

State	Percentage of Overnight Visitors	Percentage of Domestic Day Visitors
-1	-2	-3
Maharashtra	0	14
Delhi	0	19
Karnataka	0	8
Kerala	0	24
Tamil Nadu	0	7
West Bengal	0	9
Uttar Pradesh	0	4
Gujarat	0	9
Telengana	0	6
Total	0	100

Report for Kadmat

1. Brief description - Kadmat

Kadmat Island, also known as Cardamom Island, is an island belonging to the Amindivi subgroup of islands of the Lakshadweep archipelago in India. The island is located on a coral reef 5 km north of Amini Island. It has a length of 8 km. North to South and has a maximum width of about 0.5 km, having an area of a total of 3.12 km². The average annual temperature varies from 24.2 to 34.4 deg. Celsius. The average annual rainfall is 1237 mm.

The most outstanding strength of Kadmat Island lies in its marine wealth. Surrounded on the eastern and western side by large lagoons of spectacular beauty and long and sandy beaches, makes the place one of the ideal tourist destinations in the region. The blue water lagoon is encircling the invaluable wealth of colorful corals, coral habitats, the reef banks, un-spoilt virgin beaches, the sun and the moon!

Kadmat has scuba diving, snorkeling and swimming. Because Kadmat is a coral reef island, the sea is shallow and the impact of the sea is moderated.

2. Tourist destinations surveyed in Kadmat

<u>District</u>	<u>Towns</u>	Destination
Kadmat	Kadmat	Kadmat Island

Total number of visits to Tourist Destinations by Domestic and Foreign Leisure Visitors							
	No. of visits by Domestic Tourists / Same Day Visitors			No of visits by Foreign Tourists / Same Day Visitor			
Kadmat	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	147	220	367	65	0	65	
Nov-17	183	275	458	101	0	101	
Dec-17	247	341	588	128	0	128	
Jan-18	447	210	657	135	0	135	
Feb-18	297	140	437	77	0	77	
Mar-18	235	138	374	99	0	99	
Apr-18	203	122	325	58	0	58	
May-18	139	67	206	51	0	51	
Jun-18	57	69	125	26	0	26	
Total	1955	1582	3537	740	0	740	

As inferred from the table above the maximum number of visits by domestic leisure visitors to tourist destinations in Kadmat has been in the winter months of December and January. As far as foreign leisure tourists are concerned, maximum number of visits to tourist destinations in Kadmat is in the month of January.

Table – 2

Total number of visits to Tourist Destinations by Domestic and Foreign Visitors

	No. of visits by Domestic Tourists / Same Day Visitors			No of visits by Foreign Tourists / Same Day Visitor		
Kadmat	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7
Oct-17	152	248	400	65	0	65
Nov-17	189	310	499	101	0	101
Dec-17	255	386	641	128	0	128
Jan-18	456	265	721	135	0	135
Feb-18	303	177	480	77	0	77
Mar-18	240	169	410	99	0	99
Apr-18	212	140	352	58	0	58
May-18	145	79	224	51	0	51
Jun-18	60	75	134	26	0	26
Total	2012	1849	3861	740	0	740

As inferred from the table above the maximum number of visits by domestic visitors to tourist destinations in Kadmat has been in the winter months of December and January. As far as foreign tourists are concerned, maximum number of visits to tourist destinations in Kadmat is in the month of January.

	No. Domestic Tourists / Visitor			No of Foreign Tourists / Visitor		
Kadmat	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7
Oct-17	112	96	208	31	0	31
Nov-17	140	120	260	48	0	48
Dec-17	188	148	336	61	0	61
Jan-18	322	91	413	64	0	64
Feb-18	220	61	281	37	0	37
Mar-18	172	60	232	47	0	47
Apr-18	147	52	199	25	0	25
May-18	102	29	131	22	0	22
Jun-18	40	29	69	11	0	11
Total	1443	686	2129	346	0	346

 Table – 3

 Total number of Domestic and Foreign Leisure Tourists / Same Day Visitors

The maximum number of domestic leisure visitors to Kadmat is in the month of January. For foreign leisure visitors to Kadmat, January again has been the preferred month for visit.

Table – 4 Total Number of Leisure and Non-Leisure Domestic Tourists and Same Day Visitors

Kadmat	No. of	Overnight 1	Fourists	No. of Same Day Visitors			
		Non	Total		Non	Total	
	Leisure	Leisure	(col.2+3)	Leisure	Leisure	(col.5+6)	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	112	5	117	96	28	124	
Nov-17	140	6	146	120	35	155	
Dec-17	188	8	196	148	45	193	
Jan-18	322	9	331	91	55	146	
Feb-18	220	6	226	61	37	98	
Mar-18	172	5	177	60	31	91	
Apr-18	147	9	156	52	18	70	
May-18	102	6	108	29	12	41	
Jun-18	40	3	43	29	6	35	
Total	1443	57	1500	686	267	953	

Considering both leisure as well as non-leisure domestic tourists to Kadmat, the maximum number of overnight visitors are in the months of January and February. A majority of the same day visitors visited Kadmat in the month of December.

Kadmat	No. of	Overnight 1	Fourists	No. of Same Day Visitors			
		Non	Total		Non	Total	
	Leisure	Leisure (col.2+3		Leisure	Leisure	(col.5+6)	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	31		31			0	
Nov-17	48		48			0	
Dec-17	61		61			0	
Jan-18	64		64			0	
Feb-18	37		37			0	
Mar-18	47		47			0	
Apr-18	25		25			0	
May-18	22		22			0	
Jun-18	11		11			0	
Total	346	0	346	0	0	0	

 Table – 5

 Total Number of Leisure and Non-Leisure Foreign Tourists and Day Visitors

Considering both leisure as well as non-leisure foreign tourists to Kadmat, the maximum no. of overnight visitors are in the months of January and December.

Table – 6
Total Number of Domestic and Foreign Tourists and Day Visitors

	No	o. of Tourist	S	No. of Day Visitors			
Kadmat	Domestic	Domestic Foreign Total Domestic		Foreign	Total (col.2+3)		
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	117	31	148	124	0	124	
Nov-17	146	48	194	154	0	154	
Dec-17	196	61	257	193	0	193	
Jan-18	331	64	395	147	0	147	
Feb-18	226	37	263	98	0	98	
Mar-18	177	47	224	91	0	91	
Apr-18	156	25	181	70	0	70	
May-18	107	22	130	41	0	41	
Jun-18	44	11	55	36	0	36	
Total	1500	347	1847	953	0	953	

Collating the findings of the previous tables, the total no. of domestic and foreign overnight tourists are most in the period January - February. The total no. of domestic day visitors to Kadmat is most in the month of January.

		No. Dom	estic Touris	sts		No of Foreign Tourists			
Kadma t	Stayin	Stayin	Staying	Total	Stayin	Stayin	Staying	Total	
	g at Hotels	g with F&R	elsewher e	(col.2+3+ 4)	g at Hotels	g with F&R	elsewher e	(col.6+7+ 8)	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9	
Oct-17	53	63	0	117	31			31	
Nov-17	67	79	0	146	48			48	
Dec-17	87	109	0	196	61			61	
Jan-18	237	94	0	331	64			64	
Feb-18	122	104	0	226	37			37	
Mar-18	111	66	0	177	47			47	
Apr-18	86	70	0	156	25			25	
May- 18	61	46	0	107	22			22	
Jun-18	30	14	0	44	11			11	
Total	853	647	0	1500	346	0	0	346	

Table – 7Distribution of Domestic and Foreign Tourists by place of Stay

The above table presents the distribution of domestic and foreign tourists, visiting Kadmat, by place of stay. As we can see the maximum no. of domestic visitors to Kadmat are staying at friends and relatives places. All the sample foreign tourists stayed at hotels during their visit to Kadmat.

 Table - 8

 No. of accommodation units, Rooms / Beds Available and Occupancy Rate

Kadmat	No. of Accommodation units	No. of Beds Available per day	Occupancy Rate (%)
Oct-17	2	40	51%
Nov-17	2	40	64%
Dec-17	2	40	69%
Jan-18	2	40	74%
Feb-18	2	40	67%
Mar-18	2	40	65%
Apr-18	2	40	65%
May-18	2	40	45%
Jun-18	2	40	42%

As evident from the table, it can be concluded that occupancy rate was the highest during the months of January and December.

Table - 9
Month wise Total Number of Guests checked-in, bed nights spent and average duration of stay at Accommodation Units

Kadmat	No. o	f Guests cheo	cked-in	No. of bed nights spent			Average duration of Stay		
Month Indians		Forsionara	Total	Indiana	Forsionara	Total	Indians	Foreigners	Total
	indians	Foreigners	(col.2+3)	Indians	Foreigners	(col.5+6)	(Col.5/Col.2)	(Col.6/Col.3)	(Col.7/Col.4)
-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9	-10
Oct-17	36	10	46	38	21	59	1.06	2.10	1.28
Nov-17	54	31	85	88	54	142	1.63	1.74	1.67
Dec-17	73	56	129	162	93	255	2.22	1.66	1.98
Jan-18	208	62	270	312	131	443	1.50	2.11	1.64
Feb-18	110	32	142	226	94	320	2.05	2.94	2.25
Mar-18	128	27	155	248	61	309	1.94	2.26	1.99
Apr-18	82	22	104	121	47	168	1.48	2.14	1.62
May-18	57	19	76	83	44	127	1.46	2.32	1.67
Jun-18	27	10	37	54	22	76	2.00	2.20	2.05
Total	775	269	1044	1332	567	1899	15.33	19.46	16.16

The above table presents the statistical data on domestic and foreign tourist who checked-in and their duration of stay in Kadmat month wise. As it can be seen the average duration of stay for domestic tourists is highest for the month of December. For foreigners, February is the peak month of stay.

Tables 10 – 15 give the quarterly data pertaining to information collected from accommodation survey held in the district of Kadmat. As shown in the tables below, the no. of accommodation units remained constant at 2 during the period October 2017 – June 2018. Both of the accommodations units are under the state government administration. These accommodation units employ nearly 21 persons.

Kadmat Quarter	No. of AUs	No. of Rooms	No. of Beds	No. of Employees			
-1	-2	-3	-4	Temporary	Permanent	Total	
-1	-2	-2 -3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Quarter – 1	2	20	40	9	12	21	
Quarter – 2	2	20	40	9	12	21	
Quarter – 3	2	20	40	9	12	21	

 Table - 10

 Number of Accommodation units. Rooms. Beds and Employment

Table - 11Distribution of Employees in Accommodation Units by Age Group

Kadmat Quarter	No. of AUs	No. of Employees	Distribution of employees by age-group						
-1	-2	-3	18-25 yrs	26-30 yrs	31-40 yrs	41-50 yrs	> 51 yrs		
			-4	-5	-6	-7	-8		
Quarter – 1	2	21	8	6	5	2	0		
Quarter – 2	2	21	8	6	5	2	0		
Quarter – 3	2	21	8	6	5	2	0		

Table - 12

Kadmat Quarter	No. of AUs	No. of Employees	Distribution of employees by service				
-1	-2	-3	Management	F&B	House Keeping	Others	
			-4	-5	-6	-7	
Quarter – 1	2	21	3	4	5	9	
Quarter – 2	2	21	3	4	5	9	
Quarter – 3	2	21	3	4	5	9	

Kadmat		No. of Accommodation units							
		Ν	lon-classif	ied					
Quarter	Classified	Having more than 20 rooms	10-20 rooms	Less than 10 rooms	Sub- Total (Col. 3+4+5)	Total			
-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7			
Quarter – 1	0	0	2	0	2	2			
Quarter – 2	0	0	2	0	2	2			
Quarter – 3	0	0	2	0	2	2			

 Table - 13

 Category-wise Distribution Accommodation Units

Table - 14Distribution Accommodation Units by Types

Kadmat				No. of Ac	commodatio	on units			
Quarter	Star Hote Is	Apartm ent Hotels	Non- Star Hotels	Youth/ YMCA Hostels	Dharams halas/ Sarais/ Musafirk hanas	Gurudw aras/ Temples / Monastri es	Bed & Breakf ast Units	Mot els	Total
Quarter – 1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
Quarter – 2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
Quarter – 3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2

Table - 15Distribution Accommodation Units by Type of Ownership

Kadmat		No. of Accommodation units							
Quarter	Central Govt.	State Govt.	Pvt. Ltd.	Prop./ Partnership	Public Limited	PSU	Charitable Trust/ Society	Others	Total
Quarter – 1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Quarter – 2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Quarter – 3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

	Age [Distribution	of Sample V	Visitors in d	istrict		
Age Group	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors		•	Domestic ′isitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors		
•	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
-1	-2	-3	-5	-6	-7	-8	
15 – 24 Years	21	46	24	31	19	22	
25 – 34 Years	43	38	51	41	39	38	
35 – 44 Years	28	14	21	23	30	31	
45 – 60 Years	6	2	3	4	7	6	
>60 Years	2	0	1	1	5	3	
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	

Visitors Profiling Tables Table – 16 ge Distribution of Sample Visitors in distric

It is to be noted from the table above that predominant age group was 25-34 years among domestic overnight and day visitors and also amongst foreign visitors. Most of the visitors to Kadmat are males with females comprising a small proportion.

Table – 17Sex Distribution of Sample Visitors in the district

Gender	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Male	54	53	59
Female	46	47	41
Total	100	100	100

The gender wise distribution of sample visitors to Kadmat is mentioned in the table above. Male visitors are in majority in both the categories of domestic overnight as well as domestic day visitors and also for foreign visitors.

Table – 18Marital Status of Sample Visitors in the district

Marital Status	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Married	84	71	45
Unmarried	16	29	52
Others	0	0	3
Total	100	100	100

It is clear from the table above that most of the sample visitors apart from foreign visitors to Kadmat have marital status as married. Unmarried visitors comprise of a small number. Others mentioned above cover the Widows, Divorcee etc.

Level of Education	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
No Formal Education	0	0	0
Primary	0	0	0
Secondary	1	0	0
Higher Secondary	8	16	5
Graduate & Above	70	60	75
Technical & Professional of All Level	21	24	20
Total	100	100	100

Table – 19Educational Level of Sample Visitors in the district

The above table represents the education level of sample visitors to Kadmat. It is evident from the table that almost more than half of the visitors have educational qualification as graduate & above and around 1/4th of the visitors have a technical/professional qualification.

Table – 20	
Occupation Pattern of Sample Visitors in the distri	ct

Occupation	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Industrialist / Trader / Shop Owner	3	2	5
Self Employed Professional	15	6	19
Government Service	24	18	11
Private Service	26	30	40
Student / Researcher	8	3	13
Business	8	17	8
Agriculture	0	0	1
Housewife	4	12	2
Other	12	12	1
Total	100	100	100

The above table represents the occupation pattern of sample visitors to Kadmat. As it can be seen most of the visitors are either into private service or government service and business. Self employed professionals and Industrialists are in a very small proportion.

Purpose	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Business	0	0	0	
Holidays, Leisure & Recreation	100	91	100	
Social Activity	0	5	0	
Pilgrimage / religious Activity	0	0	0	
Education / Training	0	0	0	
Health & Medical	0	0	0	
Shopping	0	0	0	
Others	0	4	0	
Total	100	100	100	

Table – 21Purpose of visit by Sample Visitors in district

As it can be concluded from the table above, about 100% of visitors to Kadmat, were for the purpose of Holidays, leisure & recreation activities.

Table – 22Mode of Transportation of Sample Domestic Visitors in district

Made of Transportation	%age of vis within t		%age of visitors from Outside the State	
Mode of Transportation	Overnight Same day Visitors Visitors		Overnight Visitors	Same day Visitors
(1)	(2) (3)		(4)	(5)
Train	0	0	0	0
Bus	0	0	0	0
Ship	100	100	100	100
Air	0	0	0	0
Total	100	100	100	100

The above table presents the mode of transportation used by sample domestic visitors in Kadmat. All of the visitors from within the Lakshadweep used ship to travel. For overnight visitors as well as day visitors from outside Lakshadweep, ship again is the prominent mode of transportation.

Mode of Transportation	%age of visitors Overnight Visitors
(1)	(4)
Train	0
Bus	0
Taxi	0
Personal Vehicle	0
Air	3
Ship	97
Total	100

Table – 23Mode of Transportation of Sample Foreign Visitors in the State

Table – 24Travel Behavior of Sample Visitors in district

Frequency of Visits	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Once a fortnight	0	0	0	
Once a month	0	0	0	
Once in 3 months	0	0	0	
Once in 6 months	0	0	0	
Once in a Year	1	3	8	
Less Often	99	97	92	
Total	100	100	100	

The above table evaluates the travel behavior of sample visitors to Kadmat. It is clear from the table above that for most of the visitors to Kadmat; the frequency of visit is less often i.e. once in two or three years.

Table – 25Propensity of availing package tour of Sample Visitors in district

	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Percentage of Tourists availing package tour	32%	61%	24%

The above mentioned is the measure the propensity of availing package tour among the sample visitors in the district of Kadmat. And we conclude many people avail package tours for traveling to Kadmat.

Travel Arrangement Mode	%age of Domestic%age ofOvernight VisitorsDomestic DayVisitorsVisitors		%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
Self	15	12	69		
Office / Employer	0	0	0		
Travel Agent	38	42	17		
Tour Operator	30	46	14		
Total	82.5	100	100		

Table – 26Travel Arrangement Mode of Sample Visitors in district

As concluded from the previous table that many people avail package tour, thus most of the visitors traveling to Kadmat make their travel arrangements through tour operators and travel agents, which can be justified from the findings presented in the above table.

Distribution of overnight visitors by place of stay of Sample Visitors in district %age of Domestic Overnight %age of Foreign Overnight Place of Stay Visitors Visitor -1 -3 -2 Govt. Guest House / Circuit 70 100 House /Bhawan /Sadan Private Guest House / Inn /Rest House /Tourist 5 0 Bungalow Friends & Relative 25 0 Total 100 100

Table – 27 stribution of overnight visitors by place of stay of Sample Visitors in district

The category wise details regarding the place of stay are presented above. It may be seen from the table above that the entire overnight tourist preferred government gust house as the place of stay.

Table – 28

Distribution of visitor by their preferred eating place of Sample Visitors in district

Eating Place	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
-1	-2	-3	-4
Restaurant	88	85	0
Place of Lodging	0	0	100
Friends & Relatives	12	15	0
Total	100	100	100

The above table gives the percentage distribution of visitor by their preferred eating place of sample visitors in the district of Kadmat. It may be seen that all of the visitors preferred place of lodging/ and restaurants for eating.

	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors		%age of Domestic Day Visitors		%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors	
Services	Satisfie d	Dissatisfie d	Satisfied	Dissatisfied	Satisfied	Dissatisfie d
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Availability of Tour Operator	69	31	61	39	57	43
Availability of Transportation	41	59	72	28	72	28
Availability of Tourist Guide	22	78	23	77	26	74
Availability of good quality accommodation	83	17	0	100	0	100
Public Convenience	44	56	42	58	29	71
Information Centers	64	36	66	34	68	32
Behavior of Local People	97	3	87	13	82	18
Accommodation tariff	73	27	0	100	34	66

 Table – 29

 Satisfaction level of services by Sample Visitors in district

Table – 30

Expectation level of their visit to district of Sample Visitors in district					
Expectation level	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
Much Better than expectation	71	75	70		
Somewhat better than expectation	23	23	26		
As per expectation	6	2	4		
Worse than expectation	0	0	0		
Much worse than expectation	0	0	0		
Total	100	100	100		

The above table presents the percentage distribution across different expectation levels. There is a strong positive trend as most of the visitors found their visit to Kadmat much better than expectation.

Table – 31
Most visited tourist destination of Sample Visitors

Most Visited Tourist Destination	%age of Visitors	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Kadmat island	100 %	100%	100%	100%

* Is based on no. of visits as obtained from Short Survey at Tourist Destinations.

Table	-	32
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Annual Household income of the Sample Domestic Visitors in district

HH Income (Rs.)	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors
-1	-2	-3
Less than Rs60,000	0	0
Rs60,001 – Rs1,00,000	1	2
Rs1,00,001 – Rs2,00,000	3	6
Rs2,00,001 – Rs5,00,000	26	31
Above Rs5,00,000	70	61
Total	100	100

Among the domestic visitors maximum number of respondents fall under the annual household income bracket of Rs. 5 Lakh and above.

Table – 33
Annual Household income of the Sample Domestic Visitors in district

HH Income (Rs.)	%age of Foreign Visitors
(1)	(2)
Less than \$40,000	1
\$40,001 – \$60,000	5
\$60,001 - \$80,000	21
\$80,001 - \$1,00,000	28
Above \$1,00,000	45
Total	100

Among the domestic visitors maximum number of respondents fall under the annual household income bracket of Above \$1,00,000.

Average Expenditure on Package Component of Sample Domestic Visitors availing package tour in the State (Expenditure in Indian Rs.)

Package Component	Average Exped.
(1)	(4)
Travel + Food	25000
Travel + Accommodation	29000
Travel +Transport + Accommodation	37000
Travel + Transport + Accommodation + Food	44000

*One visitor's approx expenditure.

Table – 35

Average Expenditure on Package Component plus non-package component of Sample Foreign Visitors availing package tour in the State (Expenditure in Indian Rs.)

Type of Packages Component	Average Exped.
(1)	(4)
Travel + Food	23500
Travel + Accommodation	37500
Travel +Transport + Accommodation	40000
Travel + Transport + Accommodation + Food	42500
*One visiter's approx expanditure	

*One visitor's approx expenditure.

Table – 36

Average Expenditure on non-package component of Sample Visitors in district (Expenditure in Indian Rs.)

Non-Package Component	Avg. Expenditure of DOVs	Avg. Expenditure of DDVs	Avg. Expenditure of FOVs
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Accommodation	17500	0	25000
Food & Drinks	8500	1000	12000
Transport	16000	2500	19500
Shopping	0	0	0
Recreation, Leisure & Cultural Activities	3500	2000	4000
Total	45500	5500	60500

Table – 37
Total number of Domestic Visitors from outside the State at the year end

State	Percentage of Overnight Visitors	Percentage of Domestic Day Visitors
-1	-2	-3
Maharashtra	8	18
Delhi	15	19
Karnataka	12	18
Kerala	28	20
Tamil Nadu	10	0
West Bengal	15	16
Uttar Pradesh	0	3
Gujarat	12	6
Telengana	0	0
Total	100	100

	Table – 38
Total number of Foreign Vis	sitors (including NRI) by their country of residen
Country	Percentage of Foreign Overnight Visitors
-1	(2)
Australia	2
Belgium	7
Canada	4
Denmark	2
Germany	7
France	24
Israel	2
Italy	23
Japan	2
Netherlands	1
Norway	1
Poland	1
Portugal	1
Russia	5
Slovenia	4
South Africa	2
Spain	0
Śweden	8
Switzerland	0
United Kingdom	2
USA	2
Total	100

Report for Bangaram

1. Brief description - Bangaram

Bangaram Island with 2.3 km² is the largest island in the atoll. There is a long brackish pond in the center of the island fringed by screw pine and coconut palms. Bangaram Island Resort is located on this island which was formerly uninhabited.

A bewitchingly beautiful and breath taking island in Lakshadweep. BANGARAM is uninhabited. It is surrounded by a shallow lagoon enclosed by coral reef. It has been ranked among the best gateways of the world. Here the sun, sand and surf in harmony casting a spell on the visitor. It offers utmost privacy unpolluted comfort with crystal clear water. Sparkling coral reef and blue lagoon perform magic on the soul searching traveller. It's a place where Hemingway would create a classic or a Van Goph would paint a masterpiece. A matchless sense of well-being takes over and one begins to discover the graceful fishes, porcupines, parrots, puffer fishes, hermit crabs and sea birds on the vast 120 acres of lush coconut groves in BANGARAM. There are numerous adventures like scuba diving, beach games, swimming, snorkeling and deep sea fishing. The resort has 60 bedded beach cottages with a multi cuisine restaurant serving myriad delicacies. A well-stocked bar is also available. AGATTI is the gate way to BANGARAM and is linked to Cochin for onward flights to metros

The island is popular for its serene setting. Numerous species of tropical birds are found on the island. The resort offers numerous adventure activities, including scuba diving, snorkeling, deep sea fishing beside white sand beaches, a calm lagoon and a sparkling, clear coral reef.

2. Tourist destinations surveyed

<u>District</u>	<u>Towns</u>	Destination
Bangaram	Bangaram	Bangaram island

Table – 1
Total number of visits to Tourist Destinations by Domestic and Foreign Leisure Visitors

	No. of visits b Same	y Domestic T Day Visitors		No of visits by Foreign Tourists / Same Day Visitor			
Bangaram	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	135	15	150	64	0	64	
Nov-17	155	17	172	85	0	85	
Dec-17	183	23	205	111	0	111	
Jan-18	160	16	176	126	0	126	
Feb-18	134	18	152	75	0	75	
Mar-18	66	12	78	33	0	33	
Apr-18	70	8	78	19	0	19	
May-18	43	8	51	37	0	37	
Jun-18	25	9	34	39	0	39	
Total	970	125	1095	590	0	590	

As inferred from the table above the maximum number of visits by domestic leisure visitors to tourist destinations in Bangaram has been in the month of December. As far as foreign leisure tourists are concerned, most visits to tourist destinations in Bangaram are in the month of January.

Table – 2Total number of visits to Tourist Destinations by Domestic and Foreign Visitors

		its by Dome Same Day Vis		No of visits by Foreign Tourists / Same Day Visitor			
Bangaram	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	135	15	150	64	0	64	
Nov-17	155	17	172	85	0	85	
Dec-17	183	23	205	111	0	111	
Jan-18	160	16	176	126	0	126	
Feb-18	134	18	152	75	0	75	
Mar-18	66	12	78	33	0	33	
Apr-18	70	8	78	19	0	19	
May-18	43	8	51	37	0	37	
Jun-18	25	9	34	39	0	39	
Total	970	125	1095	590	0	590	

As inferred from the table above the maximum number of visits by domestic visitors to tourist destinations in Bangaram has been in the month of December. As far as foreign tourists are concerned, most visits to tourist destinations in Bangaram are in the month of January.

Total ı	Total number of Domestic and Foreign Leisure Tourists / Same Day Visitors										
	No. Domest	ic Tourists / '	Visitor	No of Foreign Tourists / Visitor							
Bangaram	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total					
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7					
Oct-17	48	15	63	28	0	28					
Nov-17	55	17	72	37	0	37					
Dec-17	65	23	88	48	0	48					
Jan-18	57	16	73	55	0	55					
Feb-18	48	18	66	33	0	33					
Mar-18	24	12	36	14	0	14					
Apr-18	25	8	33	8	0	8					
May-18	15	8	23	16	0	16					
Jun-18	9	9	18	17	0	17					
Total	346	126	472	256	0	256					

	Table – 3	
Total	number of Domestic and Foreign Lei	isure Tourists / Same Day Visitors
	No. Domestic Tourists / Visitor	No of Foreign Tourists / Visitor

The maximum no. of domestic leisure visitors to Bangaram are spread across the month of December. For foreign leisure visitors to Bangaram, January has been the preferred month for visit.

Table – 4 Total Number of Leisure and Non-Leisure Domestic Tourists and Same Day Visitors

	No. of	Overnight 1	Fourists	No. of	Same Day	Visitors
Bangaram		Non	Total		Non	Total
Dangaran	Leisure	Leisure	(col.2+3)	Leisure	Leisure	(col.5+6)
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7
Oct-17	48	0	48	15	0	15
Nov-17	55	0	55	17	0	17
Dec-17	65	0	65	23	0	23
Jan-18	57	0	57	16	0	16
Feb-18	48	0	48	18	0	18
Mar-18	24	0	24	12	0	12
Apr-18	25	0	25	8	0	8
May-18	15	0	15	8	0	8
Jun-18	9	0	9	9	0	9
Total	346	0	346	126	0	126

Considering both leisure as well as non-leisure domestic tourists to Bangaram, the maximum no. of overnight visitors are in the month of December. For same day visitors visiting Bangaram, December is the preferred month of visit.

	No. of	Overnight	Tourists	No. of Same Day Visitors			
Bangaram		Non	Total		Non	Total	
Dangaram	Leisure	Leisure	(col.2+3)	Leisure	Leisure	(col.5+6)	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	28		28			0	
Nov-17	37		37			0	
Dec-17	48		48			0	
Jan-18	55		55			0	
Feb-18	33		33			0	
Mar-18	14		14			0	
Apr-18	8		8			0	
May-18	16		16			0	
Jun-18	17		17			0	
Total	256	0	256	0	0	0	

 Table – 5

 Total Number of Leisure and Non-Leisure Foreign Tourists and Day Visitors

Considering both leisure as well as non-leisure foreign tourists to Bangaram, the maximum no. of overnight visitors are in the month of January.

	No	o. of Tourist	ts	No. of Day Visitors			
Bangaram	Domestic	Foreign	Total (col.2+3)	Domestic	Foreign	Total (col.2+3)	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	48	28	76	15	0	15	
Nov-17	55	37	92	17	0	17	
Dec-17	65	48	113	23	0	23	
Jan-18	57	55	112	16	0	16	
Feb-18	48	33	80	18	0	18	
Mar-18	24	14	38	12	0	12	
Apr-18	25	8	33	8	0	8	
May-18	15	16	31	8	0	8	
Jun-18	9	17	26	9	0	9	
Total	346	256	602	125	0	125	

 Table – 6

 Total Number of Domestic and Foreign Tourists and Day Visitors

Collating the findings of the previous tables, the total no. of domestic and foreign overnight tourists are most in the month of December.

		No. Dom	estic Touri	sts		No of Foreign Tourists			
Bangara	Stayin	Stayin	Staying	Total	Stayin	Stayin	Staying	Total	
m	g at Hotels	g with F&R	elsewher e	(col.2+3+ 4)	g at Hotels	g with F&R	elsewher e	(col.6+7+ 8)	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9	
Oct-17	48	0	0	48	28			28	
Nov-17	55	0	0	55	37			37	
Dec-17	65	0	0	65	48			48	
Jan-18	57	0	0	57	55			55	
Feb-18	48	0	0	48	33			33	
Mar-18	24	0	0	24	14			14	
Apr-18	25	0	0	25	8			8	
May-18	15	0	0	15	16			16	
Jun-18	9	0	0	9	17			17	
Total	346	0	0	346	256	0	0	256	

Table – 7			
Distribution of Domestic and Foreign Tourists by	place	of Stay	/
			-

The above table presents the distribution of domestic and foreign tourists, visiting Bangaram, by place of stay. As we can see the all of the domestic visitors (346) to Bangaram are staying at hotels. All the sample foreign tourists stayed at hotels during their visit to Bangaram.

Table – 8 No. of accommodation units, Rooms / Beds Available and Occupancy Rate

Bangaram	No. of Accommodation units	No. of Beds Available per day	Occupancy Rate (%)
Oct-17	1	60	51%
Nov-17	1	60	76%
Dec-17	1	60	79%
Jan-18	1	60	73%
Feb-18	1	60	68%
Mar-18	1	60	59%
Apr-18	1	60	56%
May-18	1	60	43%
Jun-18	1	60	36%

As evident from the table, it can be concluded that occupancy rate was the highest during the month of December.

Table - 9 Month wise Total Number of Guests checked-in, bed nights spent and average duration of stay at Accommodation Units

Bangaram	No. o	f Guests cheo	cked-in	No. of bed nights spent			Average duration of Stay		
Month	Indiana	Foreignere	Total	Indians	Foreigners	Total	Indians	Foreigners	Total
wonth	Indians	Foreigners	(col.2+3)	3) (0	(col.5+6)	(Col.5/Col.2)	(Col.6/Col.3)	(Col.7/Col.4)	
-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9	-10
Oct-17	38	22	60	55	51	106	1.45	2.32	1.77
Nov-17	48	22	70	87	56	143	1.81	2.55	2.04
Dec-17	52	36	88	85	92	177	1.63	2.56	2.01
Jan-18	52	52	104	99	137	236	1.90	2.63	2.27
Feb-18	47	28	75	89	83	172	1.89	2.96	2.29
Mar-18	36	22	58	64	58	122	1.78	2.64	2.10
Apr-18	28	12	40	49	26	75	1.75	2.17	1.88
May-18	12	18	30	21	43	64	1.75	2.39	2.13
Jun-18	8	15	23	21	44	65	2.63	2.93	2.83
Total	321	227	548	570	590	1160	16.59	23.14	19.32

The above table presents the statistical data on domestic and foreign tourist who checked-in and their duration of stay in Bangaram month wise. As it can be seen the average duration of stay for domestic tourists is highest for the month of June. For foreigners, January and February are the peak months of stay.

Tables 10 - 15 give the quarterly data pertaining to information collected from accommodation survey held in the district of Bangaram. As shown in the tables below, the no. of accommodation units was 1 during the period October 2017 – June 2018. This accommodation unit employs nearly 14 persons.

Bangaram Quarter	No. of AUs	No. of Rooms	No. of Beds	No. of Employees			
-1	-2	-3 -4 -	Temporary	Permanent	Total		
- 1	-2			-5	-6	-7	
Quarter – 1	1	30	60	8	6	14	
Quarter – 2	1	30	60	8	6	14	
Quarter – 3	1	30	60	8	6	14	

Table - 10
Number of Accommodation units, Rooms, Beds and Employment

Table - 11Distribution of Employees in Accommodation Units by Age Group

Bangaram Quarter	No. of AUs	No. of Employees	Distribution of employees by age-group					
-1	-2	-3	18-25	26-30	31-40	41-50 vrs	> 51	
-1	-2	-5	yrs -4	yrs -5	yrs -6	-7	yrs -8	
Quarter – 1	1	14	7	4	2	1	0	
Quarter – 2	1	14	7	4	2	1	0	
Quarter – 3	1	14	7	4	2	1	0	

Table - 12Distribution of Employees in Accommodation Units by Service

Bangaram	No.	No. of				
Quarter	of AUs	Employees	Distribution of employees by service			
-1	-2	-3	Management	F&B	House Keeping	Others
			-4	-5	-6	-7
Quarter – 1	1	14	4	4	2	4
Quarter – 2	1	14	4	4	2	4
Quarter – 3	1	14	4	4	2	4

Bangaram	No. of Accommodation units						
		Non-classified					
Quarter	Classified	Having more than 20 rooms	10-20 rooms	Less than 10 rooms	Sub- Total (Col. 3+4+5)	Total	
-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Quarter – 1	0	1	0	0	1	1	
Quarter – 2	0	1	0	0	1	1	
Quarter – 3	0	1	0	0	1	1	

 Table - 13

 Category-wise Distribution Accommodation Units

Table - 14Distribution Accommodation Units by Types

Bangaram		No. of Accommodation units							
Quarter	Star Hotels	Apart ment Hotels	Non- Star Hotels	Youth/ YMCA Hostels	Dharams halas/ Sarais/ Musafirk hanas	Gurud waras/ Temple s/ Monast ries	Bed & Break fast Units	Mot els	Total
Quarter – 1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Quarter – 2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Quarter – 3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1

Table - 15Distribution Accommodation Units by Type of Ownership

Bangaram	No. of Accommodation units								
Quarter	Central Govt.	State Govt.	Pvt. Ltd.	vt. Prop./ td. Partnership Public Limited PSU Charitable Trust/ Society				Others	Total
Quarter – 1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Quarter – 2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Quarter – 3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Visitors Profiling Tables

Table – 16					
Age Distribution of Sample Visitors in district					

Age Group		Domestic It Visitors		Domestic /isitors		of Foreign ht Visitors
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
-1	-2	-3	-5	-6	-7	-8
15 – 24 Years	29	42	42	44	25	28
25 – 34 Years	43	41	37	48	48	42
35 – 44 Years	28	17	19	8	27	25
45 – 60 Years	0	0	2	0	0	5
>60 Years	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100

It is to be noted from the table above that predominant age group was 25-34 years among domestic overnight and foreign visitors. Most of the visitors to Bangaram are males with females comprising a small proportion.

Table – 17					
Sex Distribution of Sample Visitors in the district					

Gender	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Male	51	58	51
Female	49	42	49
Total	100	100	100

The gender wise distribution of sample visitors to Bangaram is mentioned in the table above. Male visitors are in majority in the category of domestic overnight visitors. Same is observed for foreign visitors as well.

Table – 18Marital Status of Sample Visitors in the district

Marital Status	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Married	85	79	42
Unmarried	15	21	54
Others	0	0	4
Total	100	100	100

It is clear from the table above that most of the sample visitors apart from foreign visitors to Bangaram have marital status as married. Unmarried visitors comprise of a small number. Others mentioned above cover the Widows, Divorcee etc.

Level of Education	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
No Formal Education	0	0	0
Primary	2	0	0
Secondary	5	3	0
Higher Secondary	9	21	2
Graduate & Above	70	58	78
Technical & Professional of All Level	14	18	20
Total	100	100	100

Table – 19Educational Level of Sample Visitors in the district

The above table represents the education level of sample visitors to Bangaram. It is evident from the table that more than half of the samples visitors have educational qualification as graduate & above and less than 1/4th of the visitors have a technical/professional qualification.

Table – 20

Occupation Pattern of Sample Visitors in the district

Occupation	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Industrialist / Trader / Shop Owner	8	3	3
Self Employed Professional	16	19	14
Government Service	14	15	12
Private Service	27	39	40
Student / Researcher	6	2	10
Business	17	18	18
Agriculture	0	0	0
Housewife	8	2	2
Other	4	2	1
Total	100	100	100

The above table represents the occupation pattern of sample visitors to Bangaram. As it can be seen most of the visitors are either into private service or government service or business. Self-employed professionals and Industrialists are in a very small proportion.

Purpose	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Business	0	0	0	
Holidays, Leisure & Recreation	99	97	100	
Social Activity	0	0	0	
Pilgrimage / religious Activity	0	0	0	
Education / Training	1	0	0	
Health & Medical	0	0	0	
Shopping	0	0	0	
Others	0	3	0	
Total	100	100	100	

Table – 21Purpose of visit by Sample Visitors in district

As it can be concluded from the table above, about 100% of visitors to Bangaram, were for the purpose of Holidays, leisure & recreation activities.

Table – 22				
Mode of Transportation of Sample Domestic Visitors in district				

Made of Transportation	%age of vi within t	sitors from he State	%age of vi Outside	sitors from the State
Mode of Transportation	Overnight Same day Visitors Visitors		Overnight Visitors	Same day Visitors
(1)	(2) (3)		(4)	(5)
Train	0	0	0	0
Bus	0	0	0	0
Ship	100	100	100	100
Air	0 0		0	0
∗Total	100	100	100	100

The above table presents the mode of transportation used by sample domestic visitors in Bangaram. All the visitors from within the Lakshadweep used ship to travel. For overnight visitors from outside Lakshadweep, ship again is the prominent mode of transportation.

Mode of Transportation	%age of visitors
mode of transportation	Overnight Visitors
(1)	(4)
Train	0
Bus	0
Тахі	0
Personal Vehicle	0
Air	8
Ship	92
Total	100

Table – 23Mode of Transportation of Sample Foreign Visitors in the State

Travel Behavior of Sample Visitors in district

Frequency of Visits	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Once a fortnight	0	0	0
Once a month	0	0	0
Once in 3 months	0	0	0
Once in 6 months	0	0	0
Once in a Year	1	3	0
Less Often	99	97	100
Total	100	100	100

The above table evaluates the travel behavior of sample visitors to Bangaram. It is clear from the table above that for most of the visitors to Bangaram; the frequency of visit is less often i.e. once in two or three years.

Table – 25

Propensity of availing package tour of Sample Visitors in district

	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Percentage of Tourists availing package tour	35%	37%	24%

The above mentioned is the measure the propensity of availing package tour among the sample visitors in the district of Bangaram. And we conclude quite many people avail package tours for traveling to Bangaram.

Travel Arrangement Mode	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Self	11	21	55
Office / Employer	0	0	0
Travel Agent	45	51	23
Tour Operator	44	28	22
Total	100	100	100

Table – 26Travel Arrangement Mode of Sample Visitors in district

As concluded from the previous table that quite many people avail package tour, thus most of the domestic overnight visitors traveling to Bangaram make their travel arrangements tour operators and travel agents, whereas foreign visitors arrange their travels themselves.

Distribution of overnight visitors by place of stay of Sample Visitors in district					
Place of Stay	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor			
-1	-2	-3			
Govt. Guest House / Circuit House /Bhawan /Sadan	100	100			
Private Guest House / Inn /Rest House /Tourist Bungalow	0	0			
Friends & Relative	0	0			
Total	100	100			

Table – 27

The category wise details regarding the place of stay are presented above. It may be seen from the table above that all of the overnight tourist preferred government guest house as the place of stay.

Table – 28

Distribution of visitor by their preferred eating place of Sample Visitors in district

Eating Place	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
-1	-2	-3	-4
Restaurant	100	100	0
Place of Lodging	0	0	100
Friends & Relatives	0	0	0
Total	100	100	100

The above table gives the percentage distribution of visitor by their preferred eating place of sample visitors in the district of Bangaram. It may be seen that all the visitors preferred restaurants/ place of stay for eating.

		f Domestic ght Visitors			%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors	
Services	Satisfie d	Dissatisfie d	Satisfied	Dissatisfied	Satisfied	Dissatisfie d
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Availability of Tour Operator	0	100	45	55	0	100
Availability of Transportation	0	100	25	75	0	100
Availability of Tourist Guide	0	100	31	69	0	100
Availability of good quality accommodation	83	17	0	100	0	100
Public Convenience	44	56	20	80	39	61
Eating Places	32	68	21	79	41	59
Information Centers	67	33	33	67	71	29
Behavior of Local People	89	11	51	49	78	22
Accommodation tariff	73	27	0	100	41	59

Satisfaction level of services by Sample Visitors in district

Table – 30 Expectation level of their visit to district of Sample Visitors in district

Expectation level	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Much Better than expectation	68	55	79
Somewhat better than expectation	27	0	19
As per expectation	5	45	2
Worse than expectation	0	0	0
Much worse than expectation	0	0	0
Total	100	100	100

The above table presents the percentage distribution across different expectation levels. There is a strong positive trend as most of the visitors found their visit to Bangaram much better than expectation.

Table – 31
Most visited tourist destination of Sample Visitors

Most Visited Tourist Destination	%age of Visitors	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
Bangaram island	100 %	100%		100%	

* Is based on no. of visits as obtained from Short Survey at Tourist Destinations.

Annual Household income of the Sample Domestic Visitors in district						
HH Income (Rs.)	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors				
-1	-2	-3				
Less than Rs60,000	0	0				
Rs60,001 – Rs1,00,000	0	4				
Rs1,00,001 – Rs2,00,000	3	4				
Rs2,00,001 – Rs5,00,000	27	22				
Above Rs5,00,000	70	70				
Total	100	100				

Among the domestic overnight visitors maximum number of respondents fall under the annual household income bracket of above Rs. 5 Lakh.

Table – 33

Annual Household income of the Sample Foreign Visitors in district

HH Income (Rs.)	%age of Foreign Visitors
(1)	(2)
Less than \$40,000	0
\$40,001 - \$60,000	2
\$60,001 - \$80,000	19
\$80,001 - \$1,00,000	31
Above \$1,00,000	48
Total	100

Among the foreign visitors maximum number of respondents fall under the annual household income bracket of Above \$1,00,000.

Average Expenditure on Package Component of Sample Domestic Visitors availing package tour in the State (Expenditure in Indian Rs.)

Package Component	Average Exped.
(1)	(2)
Travel + Food	32000
Travel + Accommodation	42500
Travel +Transport + Accommodation	45000
Travel + Transport + Accommodation + Food	55000

*One visitor's approx expenditure.

Table – 35

Average Expenditure on Package Component plus non-package component of Sample Foreign Visitors availing package tour in the State (Expenditure in Indian Rs.)

Type of Packages Component	Average Exped.
(1)	(2)
Travel + Food	30500
Travel + Accommodation	40000
Travel +Transport + Accommodation	45000
Travel + Transport + Accommodation + Food	55000

*One visitor's approx expenditure.

Table – 36

Average Expenditure on non-package component of Sample Visitors in district (Expenditure in Indian Rs.)

Non-Package Component	Avg. Expenditure of DOVs	Avg. Expenditure of DDVs	Avg. Expenditure of FOVs
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Accommodation	30000	0	35000
Food & Drinks	10500	1000	11000
Transport	17500	2000	20000
Shopping	0	0	0
Recreation, Leisure & Cultural Activities	5000	2000	5500
Total	63000	5000	71500

Total number of Domestic Visitors from outside the State at the year end

State	Percentage of Overnight Visitors	Percentage of Domestic Day Visitors
-1	-2	-3
Maharashtra	21	29
Delhi	10	22
Karnataka	0	23
Kerala	37	26
Tamil Nadu	10	0
West Bengal	11	0
Uttar Pradesh	0	0
Gujarat	0	0
Telengana	5	0
Total	94	100

Table – 38

Total number of Foreign Visitors (including NRI) by their country of residence at the year end

Country	Percentage of Foreign Overnight Visitors
-1	(2)
Australia	0
Belgium	0
Canada	0
Denmark	0
Germany	0
France	0
Israel	0
Italy	23
Japan	3
Netherlands	2
Norway	3
Poland	6
Portugal	2
Russia	6
Slovenia	3
South Africa	1
Spain	0
Sweden	12
Switzerland	0
United Kingdom	14
USA	25
Total	100

Report for Thinnakara

1. Brief description - Thinnakara

Thinnakara Island is situated just opposite side of Bangaram Island and share the vast lagoon and coralline banks, the actual lagoon area amounts to 125.21 Sq kms. On the north-south edge of the lagoon Parali (i); Parali (ii), Parali (iii) and Kalpitty are situated.

Thinnakara is a tiny teardrop shaped island which lies 8 km northeast from Agatti, where the airport is located. The panorama encompasses magnificent lagoons, sylvan sea shores, sun drenched sand and the enchantment of swaying palms, spectacular marine flora and fauna, All these harmonize to form a colorful kaleidoscope typical of an archipelago paradise. During the nights, phosphorescent plankton washed ashore on the coral sands imparts a blue glow to the beach which is totally enchanting.

Thinnakara is exceptionally beautiful, less than a square mile 'big', with sand as soft and white as flour. It is part of Lakshadweep, a coral island chain of 36 islands about 150 miles off the coast of Kerala, Southern India. Only 10 islands are inhabited and visitors are allowed to stay on 4, including Thinnakara where you are accommodated in large comfortable tents on the beach. The lagoon surrounding the island and its colorful fish, coral and turtles are best explored by snorkeling, scuba diving or kayaking. Visitors (foreign and nationals) must apply for a permit via SPORTS Lakshadweep Tourism, the only official agent, who make sure the islands are not turned into Maldives-like resorts.

2. Tourist destinations surveyed

District	Towns	Destination
Thinnakara	Thinnakara	Thinnakara island

Total number of visits to Tourist Destinations by Domestic and Foreign Leisure Visitors							
		No. of visits by Domestic Tourists / Same Day Visitors			No of visits by Foreign Tourists / Same Day Visitor		
Thinnakara	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	117	12	128	69	0	69	
Nov-17	121	12	133	85	0	85	
Dec-17	121	13	134	110	0	110	
Jan-18	88	10	97	90	0	90	
Feb-18	49	12	61	64	0	64	
Mar-18	39	9	48	36	0	36	
Apr-18	45	4	50	19	0	19	
May-18	23	4	27	29	0	29	
Jun-18	14	2	16	26	0	26	
Total	616	78	694	528	0	528	

As inferred from the table above the maximum no. of visits by domestic leisure visitors to tourist destinations in Thinnakara has been only in the winter month of December. As far as foreign leisure tourists are concerned, maximum no. of visits to tourist destinations in Thinnakara is in the month of December.

Table – 2

Total number of visits to Tourist Destinations by Domestic and Foreign Visitors

	No. of visits by Domestic Tourists / Same Day Visitors			No of visits by Foreign Tourists / Same Day Visitor		
Thinnakara	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7
Oct-17	117	12	128	69	0	69
Nov-17	121	12	133	85	0	85
Dec-17	121	13	134	110	0	110
Jan-18	88	10	97	90	0	90
Feb-18	49	12	61	64	0	64
Mar-18	39	9	48	36	0	36
Apr-18	45	4	50	19	0	19
May-18	23	4	27	29	0	29
Jun-18	14	2	16	26	0	26
Total	616	78	694	528	0	528

As inferred from the table above the maximum no. of visits by domestic visitors to tourist destinations in Thinnakara has been only in the winter month of December. As far as foreign tourists are concerned, maximum no. of visits to tourist destinations in Thinnakara is in the month of December.

	No. Domest	ic Tourists / Y	Visitor	No of Foreign Tourists / Visitor			
Thinnakara	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	Overnight Tourists	Same Day Visitors	Total	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	45	12	57	33	0	33	
Nov-17	47	12	59	40	0	40	
Dec-17	47	13	60	52	0	52	
Jan-18	34	10	44	43	0	43	
Feb-18	19	12	31	30	0	30	
Mar-18	15	9	24	17	0	17	
Apr-18	17	4	21	9	0	9	
May-18	9	4	13	13	0	13	
Jun-18	5	2	7	12	0	12	
Total	238	78	316	249	0	249	

Table – 3Total number of Domestic and Foreign Leisure Tourists / Same Day Visitors

The maximum no. of domestic leisure visitors to Thinnakara are spread across the month of December. For foreign leisure visitors to Thinnakara, December has been the preferred months for visit.

 Table – 4

 Total Number of Leisure and Non-Leisure Domestic Tourists and Same Day Visitors

	No. of	Overnight 1	Fourists	No. of Same Day Visitors			
Thinnakara		Non	Total		Non	Total	
	Leisure	Leisure	(col.2+3)	Leisure	Leisure	(col.5+6)	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	45	0	45	12	0	12	
Nov-17	47	0	47	12	0	12	
Dec-17	47	0	47	13	0	13	
Jan-18	34	0	34	10	0	10	
Feb-18	19	0	19	12	0	12	
Mar-18	15	0	15	9	0	9	
Apr-18	17	0	17	4	0	4	
May-18	9	0	9	4	0	4	
Jun-18	5	0	5	2	0	2	
Total	238	0	238	78	0	78	

Considering leisure as well as non-leisure domestic tourists to Thinnakara, the maximum no. of overnight visitors is in the month of November and December.

	No. of	Over night	Tourists	No. of Same Day Visitors			
Thinnakara		Non	Total		Non	Total	
	Leisure	Leisure	(col.2+3)	Leisure	Leisure	(col.5+6)	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	33		33			0	
Nov-17	40		40			0	
Dec-17	52		52			0	
Jan-18	43		43			0	
Feb-18	30		30			0	
Mar-18	17		17			0	
Apr-18	9		9			0	
May-18	13		13			0	
Jun-18	12		12			0	
Total	249	0	249	0	0	0	

 Table – 5

 Total Number of Leisure and Non-Leisure Foreign Tourists and Day Visitors

Considering both leisure as well as non-leisure foreign tourists to Thinnakara, the maximum no. of overnight visitors are in the months of December and January.

	No	o. of Touris	ts	No. of Day Visitors			
Thinnakara	Domestic	omestic Foreign Total (col.2+3)		Domestic	Foreign	Total (col.2+3)	
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Oct-17	45	33	78	12	0	12	
Nov-17	47	40	87	12	0	12	
Dec-17	47	52	99	13	0	13	
Jan-18	34	43	76	10	0	10	
Feb-18	19	30	49	12	0	12	
Mar-18	15	17	32	9	0	9	
Apr-18	17	9	26	4	0	4	
May-18	9	13	22	4	0	4	
Jun-18	5	12	17	2	0	2	
Total	237	250	487	78	0	78	

 Table – 6

 Total Number of Domestic and Foreign Tourists and Day Visitors

Collating the findings of the previous tables, the total no. of domestic and foreign overnight tourists are most in the months of November and December.

	Distribution of Domestic and Foreign Tourists by place of Stay										
		No. Dom	estic Touri	sts	No of Foreign Tourists						
Thinnaka	Stayin	Stayin	Staying	Total	Stayin	Stayin	Staying	Total			
ra	g at	g with	elsewhe	(col.2+3+	g at	g with	elsewhe	(col.6+7+			
	Hotels	F&R	re	4)	Hotels	F&R	re	8)			
Month (1)	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9			
Oct-17	45	0	0	45	33			33			
Nov-17	47	0	0	47	40			40			
Dec-17	47	0	0	47	52			52			
Jan-18	34	0	0	34	43			43			
Feb-18	19	0	0	19	30			30			
Mar-18	15	0	0	15	17			17			
Apr-18	17	0	0	17	9			9			
May-18	9	0	0	9	13			13			
Jun-18	5	0	0	5	12			12			
Total	237	0	0	237	249	0	0	249			

Table – 7	
Distribution of Domestic and Foreig	n Tourists by place of Stay
No. Domestic Tourists	No of Foreign Touri

The above table presents the distribution of domestic and foreign tourists, visiting Thinnakara, by place of stay. All the sample foreign tourists stayed at hotels during their visit to Thinnakara.

Table - 8 No. of accommodation units, Rooms / Beds Available and Occupancy Rate

Thinnakara	No. of Accommodation units	No. of Beds Available per day	Occupancy Rate (%)
Oct-17	1	20	46%
Nov-17	1	20	66%
Dec-17	1	20	69%
Jan-18	1	20	60%
Feb-18	1	20	61%
Mar-18	1	20	51%
Apr-18	1	20	53%
May-18	1	20	40%
Jun-18	1	20	30%

As evident from the table, it can be concluded that occupancy rate was the highest during the month of December.

Table - 9 Month wise Total Number of Guests checked-in, bed nights spent and average duration of stay at Accommodation Units

Thinnakara	No. of Guests checked-in			No. of bed nights spent			Average duration of Stay		
Month		Faraianana	Total	Indians	Foreigners	Total	Indians	Foreigners	Total
Month	Indians	Foreigners	(col.2+3)	2+3) (co	(col.5+6)	(Col.5/Col.2)	(Col.6/Col.3)	(Col.7/Col.4)	
-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9	-10
Oct-17	39	26	65	61	63	124	1.56	2.42	1.91
Nov-17	32	20	52	51	54	105	1.59	2.70	2.02
Dec-17	38	40	78	67	89	156	1.76	2.23	2.00
Jan-18	24	39	63	43	83	126	1.79	2.13	2.00
Feb-18	18	24	42	31	52	83	1.72	2.17	1.98
Mar-18	12	14	26	20	36	56	1.67	2.57	2.15
Apr-18	19	10	29	35	27	62	1.84	2.70	2.14
May-18	8	15	23	14	28	42	1.75	1.87	1.83
Jun-18	4	11	15	10	21	31	2.50	1.91	2.07
Total	194	199	393	332	453	785	16.19	20.69	18.09

The above table presents the statistical data on domestic and foreign tourist who checked-in and their duration of stay in Thinnakara month wise. For foreigners, November and April are the peak month of stay.

Tables 10 - 15 give the quarterly data pertaining to information collected from accommodation survey held in the district of Thinnakara. As shown in the tables below, the no. of accommodation units remained constant at 1 during the period October 2017 – June 2018. The accommodation unit is under the administration of the state government. This accommodation unit employs 8 persons.

Thinnakara	No.	No. of	No. of	No. of Employees			
Quarter	of AUs	Rooms	Beds				
-1	-2	-3	-4	Temporary	Permanent	Total	
- 1	-2	-5	-4	-5	-6	-7	
Quarter – 1	1	10	20	3	5	8	
Quarter – 2	1	10	20	3	5	8	
Quarter – 3	1	10	20	3	5	8	

Table - 10
Number of Accommodation units, Rooms, Beds and Employment

Table - 11Distribution of Employees in Accommodation Units by Age Group

Thinnakara Quarter	No. of AUs	No. of Employees	Distribution of employees by age-group					
-1	-2	-3	18-25 26-30 31-40 41-50 > 51 yrs yrs yrs yrs yrs yrs					
			-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	
Quarter – 1	1	8	4	3	1	0	0	
Quarter – 2	1	8	4	3	1	0	0	
Quarter – 3	1	8	4	3	1	0	0	

Table - 12Distribution of Employees in Accommodation Units by Service

Thinnakara	No.	No. of	No. of Distribution of employees by service					
Quarter	of AUs	Employees						
-1	-2	-3	Management F&B House Other					
			-4	-5	-6	-7		
Quarter – 1	1	8	2	2	2	2		
Quarter – 2	1	8	2 2 2 2					
Quarter – 3	1	8	2	2	2	2		

Thinnakara	No. of Accommodation units							
Quarter	Classified	Having more than 20 rooms	10-20 rooms	Less than 10 rooms	Sub- Total (Col. 3+4+5)	Total		
-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7		
Quarter – 1	0	0	0	1	1	1		
Quarter – 2	0	0	0	1	1	1		
Quarter – 3	0	0	0	1	1	1		

 Table - 13

 Category-wise Distribution Accommodation Units

Table - 14Distribution Accommodation Units by Types

Thinnakar a	No. of Accommodation units								
Quarter	Star Hotel s	Apa rtme nt Hote Is	Non- Star Hotel s	Youth/ YMCA Hostel s	Dharam shalas/ Sarais/ Musafir khanas	Gurudw aras/ Temples / Monastr ies	Bed & Break fast Units	Mot els	Tota I
Quarter – 1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Quarter – 2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Quarter – 3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1

Table - 15Distribution Accommodation Units by Type of Ownership

Thinnakara	No. of Accommodation units								
Quarter	Central Govt.	State Govt.		Prop./ Partnership	Public Limited	PSU	Charitable Trust/ Society	Others	Total
Quarter – 1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Quarter – 2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Quarter – 3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Visitors Profiling Tables

Age Group	•	Domestic t Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors		%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors	
U .	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
15 – 24 Years	29	42	27	33	19	24
25 – 34 Years	55	44	39	49	30	44
35 – 44 Years	16	14	21	18	32	26
45 – 60 Years	0	0	13	0	11	4
>60 Years	0	0	0	0	8	2
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100

Table – 16Age Distribution of Sample Visitors in district

It is to be noted from the table above that predominant age group was 25-34 years among foreign visitors. Most of the visitors to Thinnakara are males with females comprising a small proportion.

Table – 17Sex Distribution of Sample Visitors in the district

Gender	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Male	61	65	60
Female	39	35	40
Total	100	100	100

The gender wise distribution of sample visitors to Thinnakara is mentioned in the table above. Male visitors are in majority in the categories of foreign visitors.

Table – 18Marital Status of Sample Visitors in the district

Marital Status	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Married	78	83	49
Unmarried	22	17	48
Others	0	0	3
Total	100	100	100

It is clear from the table above that most of the sample foreign visitors to Thinnakara have marital status as unmarried. Married visitors comprise of a smaller number. Others mentioned above cover the Widows, Divorcee etc.

Level of Education	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
No Formal Education	0	0	0
Primary	0	0	0
Secondary	0	0	0
Higher Secondary	3	1	5
Graduate & Above	80	71	73
Technical & Professional of All Level	17	28	22
Total	100	100	100

Table – 19Educational Level of Sample Visitors in the district

The above table represents the education level of sample visitors to Thinnakara. It is evident from the table that more than three quarters of the sample foreign visitors have educational qualification as graduate & above.

Occupation	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Industrialist / Trader / Shop Owner	5	4	3
Self Employed Professional	8	9	11
Government Service	14	21	14
Private Service	50	27	39
Student / Researcher	4	7	10
Business	12	16	21
Agriculture	0	0	0
Housewife	7	9	1
Other	0	7	1
Total	100	100	100

 Table – 20

 Occupation Pattern of Sample Visitors in the district

The above table represents the occupation pattern of sample visitors to Thinnakara. As it can be seen most of the foreign visitors are either into private service or business. Self-employed professionals and Industrialists are in a very small proportion.

Purpose	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Business	0	0	0
Holidays, Leisure & Recreation	100	100	100
Social Activity	0	0	0
Pilgrimage / religious Activity	0	0	0
Education / Training	0	0	0
Health & Medical	0	0	0
Shopping	0	0	0
Others	0	0	0
Total	100	100	100

Table – 21Purpose of visit by Sample Visitors in district

As it can be concluded from the table above, 100% of foreign visitors to Thinnakara, were for the purpose of Holidays, leisure & recreation activities.

Mode of Transportation of Sample Domestic Visitors in district					
Mode of Transportation	%age of visitors from within the State		%age of visitors from Outside the State		
wode of transportation	Overnight Visitors	Same day Visitors	Overnight Visitors	Same day Visitors	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
Train	0	0	0	0	
Bus	0	0	0	0	
Ship/Boat	100	100	100	100	
Air	0	0	0	0	
Total	100	100	100	100	

Table – 22Mode of Transportation of Sample Domestic Visitors in district

Table – 23

Mode of Transportation of Sample Foreign Visitors in the State

Mode of Transportation	%age of foreign visitors Overnight Visitors		
(1)	(2)		
Train	0		
Bus	0		
Taxi	0		
Personal Vehicle	0		
Air	7		
Ship/Boat	93		
Total	100		

Frequency of Visits	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Once a fortnight	0	0	0
Once a month	0	0	0
Once in 3 months	0	0	0
Once in 6 months	0	0	0
Once in a Year	2	0	10
Less Often	98	100	90
Total	100	100	100

 Table – 24

 Travel Behavior of Sample Visitors in district

The above table evaluates the travel behavior of sample visitors to Thinnakara. It is clear from the table above that for all of the foreign visitors to Thinnakara; the frequency of visit is less often i.e. once in two or three years.

Table – 25

Propensity of availing package tour of Sample Visitors in district

	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Percentage of Tourists availing package tour	31%	27%	25%

The above mentioned is the measure the propensity of availing package tour among the sample visitors in the district of Thinnakara. And we conclude few foreigners avail package tours for traveling to Thinnakara.

Table – 26Travel Arrangement Mode of Sample Visitors in district

Travel Arrangement Mode	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Self	9	18	65
Office / Employer	0	0	0
Travel Agent	41	38	18
Tour Operator	50	44	17
Total	100	100	100

As concluded from the previous table that few foreigners avail package tour, thus most of the visitors traveling to Thinnakara make their travel arrangements themselves, which can be justified from the findings presented in the above table.

Distribution of overnight visitors by place of stay of Sample Visitors in district					
Place of Stay	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitor			
-1	-2	-3			
Govt. Guest House / Circuit House /Bhawan /Sadan	100	100			
Private Guest House / Inn /Rest House /Tourist Bungalow	0	0			
Friends & Relative	0	0			
Total	100	100			

 Table – 27

 Distribution of overnight visitors by place of stay of Sample Visitors in district

The category wise details regarding the place of stay are presented above. It may be seen from the table above that all of the foreign tourists preferred government guest house as the place of stay.

Table – 28

Distribution of visitor by their preferred eating place of Sample Visitors in district

Eating Place	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
-1	-2	-3	-4
Restaurant	100	100	0
Place of Lodging	0	0	100
Friends & Relatives	0	0	0
Total	100	100	100

The above table gives the percentage distribution of visitor by their preferred eating place of sample visitors in the district of Thinnakara. It may be seen that all the foreign visitors preferred restaurants for eating.

	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors		%age of Domestic Day Visitors		%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors	
Services	Satisfie d	Dissatisfie d	Satisfied	Dissatisfied	Satisfied	Dissatisfie d
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Availability of Tour Operator	0	100	43	57	0	100
Availability of Transportation	0	100	24	76	27	73
Availability of Tourist Guide	0	100	29	71	0	100
Availability of good quality accommodation	80	20	0	100	0	100
Public Convenience	41	59	19	81	33	67
Information Centers	63	37	29	71	62	38
Behavior of Local People	80	20	55	45	88	12
Accommodation tariff	55	45	0	100	39	61

 Table – 29

 Satisfaction level of services by Sample Visitors in district

Table – 30

Expectation level of their visit to district of Sample Visitors in district				
Expectation level	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Much Better than expectation	77	48	81	
Somewhat better than expectation	18	23	19	
As per expectation	5	29	0	
Worse than expectation	0	0	0	
Much worse than expectation	0	0	0	
Total	100	100	100	

The above table presents the percentage distribution across different expectation levels. There is a strong positive trend as most of the foreign visitors found their visit to Thinnakara much better than expectation.

Table – 31
Most visited tourist destination of Sample Visitors

Most Visited Tourist Destination	%age of Visitors	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors	%age of Domestic Day Visitors	%age of Foreign Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Thinnakara island	100 %	100%	100%	100%

* Is based on no. of visits as obtained from Short Survey at Tourist Destinations.

Table – 32 Annual Household income of the Sample Domestic Visitors in district			
HH Income (Rs.)	IH Income (Rs.) %age of Domestic Overnight Visitors Visitors		
-1	-2	-3	
Less than Rs.60,000	0	0	
Rs.60,001 – Rs.1,00,000	2	1	
Rs.1,00,001 – Rs.2,00,000	5	4	
Rs.2,00,001 – Rs.5,00,000	28	30	
Above Rs.5,00,000	65	65	
Total	100	100	

Table – 32

Table – 33

Annual Household income of the Sample Domestic Visitors in district

HH Income (Rs.)	%age of Domestic Overnight Visitors
(1)	(2)
Less than \$40,000	0
\$40,001 - \$60,000	4
\$60,001 - \$80,000	20
\$80,001 - \$1,00,000	33
Above \$1,00,000	43
Total	100

Among the foreign visitors maximum number of respondents fall under the annual household income bracket of Above \$1,00,000.

Table – 34

Average Expenditure on Package Component of Sample Domestic Visitors availing package tour in the State (Expenditure in Indian Rs.)

Package Component	Average Exped.
(1)	(2)
Travel + Food	23000
Travel + Accommodation	31000
Travel +Transport + Accommodation	37500
Travel + Transport + Accommodation + Food	41000

*One visitor's approx expenditure.

Table – 35

Average Expenditure on Package Component plus non-package component of Sample Foreign Visitors availing package tour in the State (Expenditure in Indian Rs.)

Type of Packages Component	Average Exped.
(1)	(2)
Travel + Food	30000
Travel + Accommodation	35000
Travel +Transport + Accommodation	37500
Travel + Transport + Accommodation + Food	40000

*One visitor's approx expenditure.

Table – 36Average Expenditure on non-package component of Sample Visitors in district
(Expenditure in Indian Rs.)

Non-Package Component	Avg. Expenditure of DOVs	Avg. Expenditure of DDVs	Avg. Expenditure of FOVs
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Accommodation	17500	0	24500
Food & Drinks	11500	9000	10500
Transport	3000	2500	19000
Shopping	0	0	0
Recreation, Leisure & Cultural Activities	2000	1500	4000
Total	34000	13000	58000

Total number of Domestic Visitors by their State of residence at the year end				
State	Percentage of Overnight Visitors	Percentage of Domestic Day Visitors		
-1	-2	-3		
Maharashtra	16	27		
Delhi	12	8		
Karnataka	11	21		
Kerala	39	44		
Tamil Nadu	10	0		
West Bengal	10	0		
Uttar Pradesh	0	0		
Gujarat	2	0		
Telengana	0	0		
Total	100	100		

Table – 37 Total number of Domestic Visitors by their State of residence at the year end

Table – 38

Total number of Foreign Visitors (including NRI) by their country of residence at the year end

Country	Percentage of Foreign Overnight Visitors
-1	(2)
Australia	0
Belgium	0
Canada	0
Denmark	0
Germany	0
France	0
Israel	0
Italy	22
Japan	0
Netherlands	2
Norway	2
Poland	3
Portugal	3
Russia	7
Slovenia	3
South Africa	1
Spain	0
Sweden	9
Switzerland	0
United Kingdom	21
USA	27
Total	100

ANNEXURE – 1

Methodology for Estimation of Domestic and Foreign Tourists Visit at District Level in India

I. Introduction

Ministry of Tourism compiles data on domestic and foreign tourist visits in State/ UT based on the information received from the State/ UT Governments. Such information at State/ UT level is generally collected by State Tourism Departments on the basis of administrative records and returns. In many cases, the information supplied does not cover the same-day visitors, visitors staying with friends and relatives, etc. Doubts have been also expressed by experts about the reliability of the data on domestic and foreign tourist visits released every year. A need was felt to prepare a standard methodology for estimation of number of visitors at district level which can be used by the State/ UT Governments. This methodology should enable the compilation of such data on monthly basis. The methodology should also help in preparation of estimates of number of visitors for some period after the base line survey, mainly based on the information to be collected from the accommodation units without resorting to regular large scale survey. Keeping these requirements in view, a methodology has been prepared which will be initially used in the tourism surveys to be commissioned by the Ministry of Tourism in 5 states namely, Lakshadweep, Delhi, Jharkhand, Maharashtra and Punjab. The details of the methodology are given in the subsequent paragraphs.

II. Definitions

The definitions of various terms to be used in the survey are given below.

Usual place of Residence: The **usual place of residence** of a person is the village/ town where the person has been staying continuously for at least 6 months prior to the date of the survey.

Usual Environment: The **usual environment** refers to the geographical boundaries within which a person moves within his/ her **regular routine of life**.

Trip: A **trip** refers to the travel by a person from the time of departure from his usual environment until he/ she returns. It, thus, refers to a round trip. A trip may be made up of visits to different places.

Visitor: A visitor is a traveller taking a trip to a main destination outside his/ her usual environment for any main purpose (business, leisure or other personal purpose) other than to be employed at the place visited.

Tourist: A visitor is classified as a **tourist** if his/ her trip includes an overnight stay. A tourist is also referred to as an **overnight visitor**.

Same-day visitor: A visitor is classified as a **same-day visitor** if his/ her trip does not include an overnight stay. A same-day visitor is also referred to as an **excursionist**.

Exclusion: The same-day visitors at a tourist destination for whom the tourism destination is part of their usual environment, are not considered same-day visitors for the purpose of this survey.

Foreign Visitor: A visitor having a foreign passport will be treated as a **foreign visitor**. Even a **Non-Resident Indian (NRI)** will be treated as a foreign visitor. NRIs have Indian passports but may be living, or are likely to live, in other countries for 6 months or more.

Domestic Visitor: A visitor, who is a resident Indian, will be treated as a **domestic visitor**.

Tourist Destination: The **tourist destinations** would generally be as defined by the State in terms of geographical area and tourist interest. A tourist destination should be a clearly identified area/ location. A tourist location could be a ticketed closed area, non-ticketed closed area, or an open area without clearly specified boundaries. It may be a location maintained by Central Govt., State Govt., local body or any other organization, including those run by the private sector. A tourist location may consist of more than one tourist spots. However, the following norms should be adhered to for identifying a tourist location as a tourist destination:

(i) Each ticketed tourist location will be considered as one tourist destination irrespective of the number of tourist spots at that location covered under the common ticket.

(ii) If there are 2 or more tourist spots within close proximity which are not ticketed, the location would be considered to be a single destination if a visitor usually visits most or all the spots in the same visit.

Town:

Definition of the town will be same as that used in 2001 Population Census of India.

III. Objective

The field survey in a State will be conducted for a period of 12 months in all districts of the State. The survey will be used to obtain the following month-wise information for each district:

a. Estimated number of visits

(i) Visits by overnight visitors- staying at accommodation units;

- staying with friends and relatives

- others, such as those staying in tented accommodations provided by State Govt. or by any other charitable organizations, etc.

(ii) Visits by same-day visitors

b. Profile of visitors, their expenditure pattern, purpose of visits, etc.

c. Occupancy rates and direct employment in accommodation units.

IV. Approach

To meet the objectives, first the tourist destinations have to be identified before the start of the survey. Two possible variables studied for identification of the tourist destination werenumber of tourists and number of accommodation units. However, interaction of the consultant with the state authority revealed that past data on number of tourists at various destinations are generally not available. Similarly, the analysis of the unit level data of Economic Census 2005 revealed that data on number of hotels below the district level are not available. Therefore, first towns important from tourist angle have to be identified. All the tourist destinations in the identified towns will be covered in the survey. In the identified towns two types of survey, namely Survey at tourist

destination and Survey of Accommodation units will be done. The survey of tourist destination will broadly provide the estimate of tourists for leisure purpose, however, the purpose of the survey is to have an estimate of tourists for all type of purposes such as visiting friends and relatives, business, etc. Similarly, the Survey at tourist destination and at Accommodation unit will not provide information about the visitors staying with friends and relatives and in accommodation units but not visiting any tourist destination as well as same day visitors not visitors not visiting any tourist destination surveys at important Entry/Exit Points of the district will be also conducted. The ratio obtained from this exit survey will be used to find out the estimate of tourist for non-leisure purposes. However, this adjustment will be done only at district level.

The district level estimates will be worked out by adding the leisure tourists at all the towns covered in the survey and multiplying it by the ratio of total urban population of the district to the total population of the towns covered in the survey. The estimate of non-leisure tourists will be worked out from the data of exit survey and added to the estimate of leisure tourists to find out the district level estimate of visitors. The state level estimate of visitors (tourists and same day visitors) will be worked out by adding the district level estimates of visitors.

V. Methodology

The methodology envisages three stage sampling. The first stage units will be the towns important from tourism perspective, the second stage units will be the tourist destinations in the selected town or linked to the selected town, and the visitors within a tourist destination will constitute the third stage units. The procedure for selection of first, second and third stage units are given below:

(i) Selection of Towns important for Tourism

In the absence of reliable information about the number of tourists or accommodation units at tourist destination, towns, which are important from tourism perspective, will be identified in each district in consultation with the State Government. Apart from such towns, the towns which cater to the accommodation needs of visitors to important tourist destinations located in non-urban areas will also be identified. For the latter cases, only one – the most important – town will be identified with one tourist destination. Therefore, as per this methodology, the first stage in this survey will be the identification of towns important for tourism purposes.

(ii) Selection of Tourist Destinations in the Selected Town

All the tourist destinations in a selected town will be covered in the survey. In case the number of tourist destinations in the selected town is large, only the important ones will be covered in the survey.

(iii) Selection of Visitors at a Tourist Destination for brief profiling

(a) Sample size of visitors at district level

The sample is required for estimating the number of visitors at district level from the data collected at destination/ spot level. Statistically, the sample size may be obtained from the following expression,

$$n = Z^{2} \frac{1}{1-\alpha/2} p(1-p)/d^{2}$$

Where p= anticipated proportion to be estimated

 $100(1-\alpha/2)$ % is the confidence level and

d=absolute precision required on either side in the proportion in percentage points

Statistically, we require a sample size of about 400 respondents (384 to be exact) to get estimate of a parameter with a precision of 5% points and 95% level of confidence. As the data is required on monthly basis this sample size may be required on a monthly basis.

(iv) Distribution of Sample Size in Towns and at Tourist Destinations

(a) Distribution of sample size amongst selected towns in a district: The district sample size of 600 visitors will be distributed among the selected towns in proportion to the 2001 Census population of these towns.

(b) Distribution of sample size among tourist destinations in a selected town: If there are more than one tourist destinations in a selected town, the sample size allocated for the town will be equally distributed among the tourist destinations.

(c) Selection of days for survey of visitors in different months

The survey will be conducted during all the 12 months of the year at each selected destination. Information about important festivals, fairs, religious events at the selected tourist destinations will be collected in advance for the 12-month period. In a particular month at a particular destination, survey will be done during 2 weeks. In the first week, first 3 days of the week will be covered, and in the second week last 4 days of the week will be covered. For this purpose, first day of the month will be considered as the first day of the week. The dates of survey at a tourist destination during the 12 months will be as follows.

Month	Weeks	Days of weeks	Dates of the month
First	First and Third	1st week: 1-3 days 3rd week: 4-7 days	1,2,3,18,19,20,21
1 11 30		2nd week: 1-3 days	1,2,3,10,13,20,21
Second	Second and Fourth	4th week: 4-7 days	8,9,10, 25,26,27,28
Third	First and Fourth	1st week: 1-3 days 4th week: 4-7 days	1,2,3,25,26,27,28
Fourth	Second and Third	2nd week: 1-3 days 3rd week: 4-7 days	8,9,10,18,19,20,21
Fifth	First and Second	1st week: 1-3 days 2nd week: 4-7 days	1,2,3,11,12,13,14
Sixth	Third and Fourth	3rd week: 1-3 days 4th week: 4-7 days	15,16,17,25,26,27,28
Seventh to Twelve	Above pattern will be repeated		

The date and week on which important tourism event is scheduled to take place at the selected tourist destination will be positively covered. If the important tourist event at the selected tourist destination falls outside the selected week and dates, the nearest week/dates will be substituted by the week/dates of the special event.

(d) Canvassing of schedules to the visitors for brief profile

The monthly sample size of visitors at a selected tourist destination should be distributed equally on the 7 days of the survey work (in 2 weeks) at the destination. The services of 2 investigators

would be required on the selected days at non- ticketed tourist destinations. The first investigator will basically count the number of visitors and second investigator will canvass the schedule to seek the information about overnight/ same-day visitors, domestic/ foreign visitors, etc. At a ticketed tourist destinations perhaps one investigator will be able to canvass the schedule because counting of the visitors may not be required.

(v) Details of the Surveys

(A) Survey at Tourist Destinations

A survey of visitors at tourist destinations has to be done to obtain the following information:

(a) Total number of visits

(i) Ticketed Destinations:- If the tourist destination is a ticketed destination with differential pricing for domestic and foreign visitors, the data on number of foreign and domestic visits separately during any day would be available from sale record of tickets. If the destination has common ticket for both domestic and foreign visitors, then an assessment of the distribution of visits by domestic and foreign visitors would have to be made by counting the visitors at the entry point(s). To capture the variations in visitors' number on different days of the week as well as at different time periods of a day, this exercise would have to be carried out at different periods of time of the day, and on different days of the week. Many destinations attract large number of visitors during specific periods of the year, such as Kumbh Mela, Suraj Kund Mela, etc. Such periods should be identified in advance, and the survey should cover such specific periods.

(ii) Non-Ticketed Destinations:- In such cases, the total number of visitors, during the day, along with its break-up into domestic and foreign visitors, has to be assessed by counting the number of such visitors at specified time slot at entry point (s). If there are more than one entry points to the tourist destination, all should be covered by pre-specified rotation, for counting the number and broad distribution. If there is no specific entry point, investigator will have to notionally designate appropriate points as entry points based on the flow of visitors to such a destination.

(b) Brief Profile of Visitors

Break-up of number of visitors into overnight visitors staying at accommodation units, overnight visitors staying with friends and relatives, other overnight visitors, and the same-day visitors, separately for domestic and foreign visitors, has to be obtained. For this, a small questionnaire, comprising 5-6 questions, has to be canvassed. As getting this information is the prime objective of the survey, the sample size should be adequate to provide the desired breakup of different type of visits. In para IV (A)(ii)(a), the desired sample size at district level has been worked out to be 400 visitors. However, it has been decided that the number of visitors to be selected for this short profile survey will be 800 per district per month.

(B) Survey of Accommodation Units

All the accommodation units (hotels, tourist lodges, dharamshalas, motels, Govt. / private companies, guest houses, etc.) in the selected towns will be listed with the help of Municipal Corporations or other competent authorities. If a tourist destination not located in the town is linked to a non-urban tourist destination in terms of providing accommodation facilities to tourists visiting that destination, the list of additional accommodation units located near such tourist destinations will also be included in the list of accommodation units of the town.

The accommodation units so listed will be grouped in the following categories:

(ii) Classified hotels

- (iii) Other accommodation units
 - a. Having more than 20 rooms
 - b. Having 10-20 rooms
 - c. Having less than 10 rooms

From all the selected accommodation units, the following 2 types of information will be collected:

(i) **Particulars of the accommodation unit**- Apart from the identification details, the information would be collected on number of rooms, number of beds, total number of persons employed, annual turnover, etc. This information would be collected initially, and thereafter updated every quarter along with the updating of the list of accommodation units.

(ii) **Information about overnight visitors-** Based on the records available with the accommodation units, information on number of guests checked-in, number of nights spent, whether domestic or foreign, residency status of the tourists (within the state, within country, outside country), etc. would be collected. This information has to be collected every month for the preceding month.

All the classified hotels would be covered for collecting both the information. For the remaining 3 categories of accommodation units, 10% of the units in each will be covered. These 10% accommodation units will be selected by using circular systematic sampling method.

In metropolitan cities, list of all the accommodation units will have to be prepared for the survey work.

For collecting information about the number of visitors and their other details as well as information about the accommodation units for a particular month, the selected accommodation units will be visited in the 1st week of the succeeding month.

(C) Survey at Entry/Exit Points of the district

The survey at the tourist destinations will not be able to capture the following categories of visitors:

- (a) Visitors staying with friends and relatives and not visiting any tourist destination;
- (b) Visitors staying in accommodation units but not visiting any tourist destination;
- (c) Same day visitors not visiting any tourist destination

For having an idea about the total number of visitors in the district, information about visitors collected at tourist destinations has to be supplemented by information on the above categories of visitors. To meet this objective, exit survey of the visitors at the major exit/ entry points of the district will be conducted to have information about the above mentioned categories of visitors as well as for detailed profiling of the visitors. In view of the fact that profiling of the visitors is not likely to change over a short time interval, profile of visitors will be generated only at district level on quarterly basis. The requirement of the sample size for this exercise would also be less. It has been decided to conduct the interview of 400 visitors every quarter in each district.

As the information collected in the exit survey used for estimating the number of non-leisure visitors in the district, the exit survey will be conducted only in the first month of the quarter so that its result can be used for the three months of the quarter. All the four weeks as well as the days (week days and weekends) in a month should be covered on representative basis.

Annexure – 2: Estimation Procedure

I. Estimation from survey at Entry / Exit points in a Quarter

From the survey at major entry/exit points of the district, we get the following:

- x ^{DT-h-l} = no. of domestic leisure visitors to the district in the sample at all exit points covered who stayed at hotels.
- x ^{DT h-nl} = no. of domestic non-leisure visitors to the district in the sample at all exit points covered who stayed at hotels.

 a^{DT-h-l} = average no. of tourist destinations in the district visited by a domestic leisure tourist who stayed at a hotel based on the survey at exit points.

Clearly, $a^{DT-h-l} \ge 1$

Similarly, we define

 x^{DT-f-1} , $x^{DT-f-nl}$, a^{DT-f-1} for domestic tourists staying with Friends & Relatives x^{DT-o-1} , $x^{DT-o-nl}$, a^{DT-o-1} for domestic tourists staying at other places x^{DS-1} , x^{DS-nl} , a^{DS-1} for domestic same day visitors x^{FT-h-1} , $x^{FT-h-nl}$, a^{FT-h-1} for foreign Tourist staying at hotels x^{FT-f-1} , $x^{FT-f-nl}$, a^{FT-f-1} for foreign Tourist staying with friends and relatives x^{FT-o-1} , $x^{FT-o-nl}$, a^{FT-o-1} for foreign tourists staying at other places x^{FS-1} , x^{FS-nl} , a^{FT-1} for foreign same day visitors.

II. Estimation of tourists for a tourist destination in a month

Define the following notations:

Assume that i stands for ith destination selected in the selected town, j stands for jth day selected for survey at the ith destination (j=1,2,...,d_i); k stands for the kth entry point at the ith destination (k=1,2,...,e_i); I stands for the lth entry hour at the kth entry point at ith destination (l=1,2,...,h_{ik}).

 n_i^{DT} = No. of visits by domestic tourists surveyed at the ith destination on all days of survey at all entry points at all hours;

 n_i^{DT-h} = No. of visits by domestic tourists surveyed at the ith destination and stayed in hotels,

- n_i^{DT-f} = No. of visits by domestic tourists surveyed at the ith destination and staying with friends and relatives
- n_i^{DT-o} = No. of visits by domestic tourists surveyed at the ith destination and stayed at other accommodation units.
- n_i^{DS} = No. of visits by domestic same day visitors surveyed at the ith destination on all days of survey at all entry points at all hours;

n_i^{FT} = No. of visits by foreign tourists surveyed at the ith destination on all days of survey at all entry points at all hours;

- n_i^{FT-h} = No. of visits by foreign tourists surveyed at the ith destination and stayed in hotels
- n_i^{FT-f} = No. of visits by foreign tourists surveyed at the ith destination and staying with friends and relatives
- n_i^{FT-o} = No. of visits by foreign tourists surveyed at the ith destination and stayed at other accommodation units.

n_i^{FS} = No. of visits by foreign same day visitors surveyed at the ith destination on all days of survey at all entry points at all hours;

 $N_i^{DT}(s)$ = Total number of visits by domestic tourists at the ith destination on all days of survey;

 $N_i^{DT-h}(s)$ = Total number of visits by domestic tourists at the ith destination who stayed in hotels $N_i^{DT-f}(s)$ = Total number of visits by domestic tourists at the ith destination and staying with friends and relatives

 $N_i^{DT-o}(s)$ = Total number of visits by domestic tourists at the ith destination and stayed at other accommodation units

$N_i^{DS}(s) =$ Total number of visits by domestic same day visitors at the ith destination on all days of survey;

- $N_i^{FT}(s)$ = Total number of visits by foreign tourists at the ith destination on all days of survey;
- $N_i^{FT-h}(s)$ = Total number of visits by foreign tourists at the ith destination and stayed in hotel
- $N_i^{FT-f}(s)$ = Total number of visits by foreign tourists at the ith destination staying with friends and relatives

- $N_i^{FT-o}(s)$ = Total number of visits by foreign tourists at the ith destination and stayed at other accommodation units
- $N_i^{FS}(s)$ = Total number of foreign same day visitors at the ith destination on all days of survey;

N_i^{DT} = Total number of domestic tourists at the ith destination during the month

- N_i^{DT-h} = Total number of visits by domestic tourists at the ith destination during the month and stayed in hotel
- N_i^{DT-f} = Total number of visits by domestic tourists at the ith destination during the month and staying with friends and relatives

 N_i^{DT-o} = Total number of visits by domestic tourists at the ith destination during the month and stayed at other accommodation units

 N_i^{DS} = Total number of visits by domestic same day visitors at the ith destination during the month;

$$N_i^{FT}$$
 = Total number of visits by foreign tourists at the ith destination during the month;

- N_i^{FT-h} = Total number of visits by foreign tourists at the ith destination during the month and stayed in hotel
- N_i^{FT-f} = Total number of visits by foreign tourists at the ith destination during the month and staying with friends and relatives
- N_i^{FT-o} = Total number of visits by foreign tourists at the ith destination during the month and stayed at other accommodation units

N_i^{FS} = Total number of visits by foreign same day visitors at the ith destination during the month;

 N_i = Total number of visits at the ith destination during the month = N_i^{DT} + N_i^{DS} + N_i^{FT} + N_i^{FS}

From the survey at the destination, following distribution is available:

Domestic	Foreign
n_i^{DT-h}	n_i^{FT-h}
n_i^{DT-f}	n_i^{FT-f}
n_i^{DT-o}	n_i^{FT-o}
n_i^{DS}	n_i^{FS}

The estimation of number of visits at the three distinct types of destinations will be as follows:

Case I: Non-ticketed destinations

In this case, it may be observed that

i) N_i is not available;

ii) $N_i^D(s)$ and $N_i^F(s)$ are to be estimated by a count of visitors;

- iii) An estimate of N_i is given by $N_i = \left[N_i^D(s) + N_i^F(s)\right] x$ (No. of days in the month/ d_i); (d_i = 7)
- iv) Estimates of N_i^D and N_i^F are given by

$$N_i^D = N_i^D(s) \times 31^* / 7$$

$$N_i^F = N_i^F(s) \times 31^* / 7$$

* Number of days in the surveyed month

v) Estimates for tourists and same day visitors will be obtained as

$$N_{i}^{DT-h} = \left[\frac{n_{i}^{DT-h}}{n_{i}^{D}}\right] N_{i}^{D} \qquad \qquad N_{i}^{FT-h} = \left[\frac{n_{i}^{FT-h}}{n_{i}^{F}}\right] N_{i}^{F}$$

$$N_{i}^{DT-f} = \left[\frac{n_{i}^{DT-f}}{n_{i}^{D}}\right] N_{i}^{D} \qquad \qquad N_{i}^{FT-f} = \left[\frac{n_{i}^{FT-f}}{n_{i}^{F}}\right] N_{i}^{F}$$

$$N_{i}^{DT-o} = \left[\frac{n_{i}^{DT-o}}{n_{i}^{D}}\right] N_{i}^{D} \qquad \qquad N_{i}^{FT-o} = \left[\frac{n_{i}^{FT-o}}{n_{i}^{F}}\right] N_{i}^{F}$$

$$N_{i}^{DS} = \left[\frac{n_{i}^{DS}}{n_{i}^{D}}\right] N_{i}^{D} \qquad \qquad N_{i}^{FS} = \left[\frac{n_{i}^{FS}}{n_{i}^{F}}\right] N_{i}^{F}$$

For special occasions like Kumbh Mela, Surajkund Mela etc., it would be advisable to work out average number of tourists per day on the respective destination, based on the sample days observed during the occasion (Mela) period and estimate the number of tourists in that destination for the occasion (Mela) by multiplying the average number of tourists per day by the number of Mela days. The estimates for non-Mela days may be obtained as usual and monthly estimates may be obtained by pooling number of tourists for Mela and non-Mela days.

Case II: Destinations with common ticketing

It may be observed that

- i) N_i is available
- ii) $N_i^D(s)$ and $N_i^F(s)$ are to be estimated by a count of visitors.
- iii) Steps (iv) and (v) of case I are to be followed. First divide N_i into N_i^D and N_i^F , and then N_i^D into N_i^{DT-h} , N_i^{DT-f} , N_i^{DT-o} and N_i^{DS} , and N_i^F into N_i^{FT-h} , N_i^{FT-f} , N_i^{FT-o} and N_i^{FS} respectively.

Case III: Destinations with differential ticketing

In this case,

i) N_i , N_i^D and N_i^F are available.

ii) N_i^D and N_i^F will be split as in step (V) of case I

Exclusion of visitors for whom the destination is part of 'usual environment'

In the case of a non-ticketed destination, the number of visitors, as recorded in the counting sheet, also includes persons for whom the tourist destination is part of their 'usual environment'. Such persons are not to be included for the estimation of number of visitors in the current survey. However, it is not possible to distinguish such persons while filling up the counting sheet. The number of such persons has to be assessed on the basis of the number of persons who are rejected for the short survey. For example, if 10 persons are interviewed for the short survey in a day, the investigator may actually have contacted 30 persons, with 20 being rejected for interview because the destination was part of their 'usual environment'. Then the total number of visitors to the destination would be assessed to be (10/30)*100% of the number available from the counting sheet.

Estimation for a month including a special tourist Event

For each identified destination, the list of important tourist events for the whole year, along with the corresponding time period, should be prepared in advance in consultation with the officials of State Tourism Departments.

The estimation of number of visitors for such destinations is outlined below with the help of an example:-

Suppose that the tourist destination is an important temple attracting (i) a very high number of visitors on a particular day of the week (say Monday), every week, and (ii) an exceptionally high number of visitors during a special event spanning a period of, say, 9 days of November. The field work and estimation of number of visitors in the months other than November and in the month of

November would be done in different ways.

For the month of November

The field work and surveys would be done for the following 3 categories of days:-

- (a) 9 days of the special event in November
- (b) 3 (or 4) Mondays of November excluding the 9 days of the special event
- (c) 18 (or 17) remaining days of November

For (a), field work for adequate number of days (may be 2 or 3 or 4) would be done. For (b), field work would be done on 1 Monday selected as per the procedure described in the methodology note. For (c), field work would be done for 2 or 3 or 4 days depending on the number of days of field work for category (a). The estimation of number of visitors at this destination would be done separately for the three categories of days.

For a month other than November (say January)

If there are any special events in January, the survey and estimation procedure would be as for November. If there are no such special events, the month would have the following two categories of days:-

- (a) 4 (or 5) Mondays
- (b) 27 (or 26) remaining days of the month

The 7 days of the survey work would be selected as per the prescribed methodology (these will include 1 Monday). The estimation of number of visitors would be done separately for the above two categories of days.

III. Estimation of tourists for a town in a month

Let the tourist destinations in u^{th} town be numbered 1, 2,,....t_u. [Here, it may be noted that these destinations also include those that are not located in the town but are linked to the town from which the visitors visiting such destinations predominantly come from.]

Let $M_u = No$. of visits by visitors to tourist destinations in the uth town in the month

 $M_u^{DT-h} = No.$ of visits by domestic tourists staying in hotels to tourist destinations in the uth town in the month.

Similarly, we define $M_u {}^{DT-f}$. $M_u {}^{DT-o}$, $M_u {}^{DS}$, $M_u {}^{DT}$, $M_u {}^{D}$, and $M_u {}^{FT-h}$, $M_u {}^{FT-f}$, $M_u {}^{FT-o}$, $M_u {}^{FS}$, $M_u {}^{FT}$, $M_u {}^{FT}$, $M_u {}^{FT}$, $M_u {}^{FT-h}$, $M_u {}^{FT-$

Then,

$$M_{u}^{DT-h} = \sum_{i=1}^{t_{u}} N_{i}^{DT-h} \qquad M_{u}^{FT-h} = \sum_{i=1}^{t_{u}} N_{i}^{FT-h}
M_{u}^{DT-f} = \sum_{i=1}^{t_{u}} N_{i}^{DT-f} \qquad M_{u}^{FT-f} = \sum_{i=1}^{t_{u}} N_{i}^{FT-f}
M_{u}^{DT-o} = \sum_{i=1}^{t_{u}} N_{i}^{DT-o} \qquad M_{u}^{FT-o} = \sum_{i=1}^{t_{u}} N_{i}^{FT-o}
M_{u}^{DT} = M_{u}^{DT-h} + M_{u}^{DT-f} + M_{u}^{DT-o} \qquad M_{u}^{FT} = M_{u}^{FT-h} + M_{u}^{FT-f} + M_{u}^{FT-o}
M_{u}^{DS} = \sum_{i=1}^{t_{u}} N_{i}^{DS} \qquad M_{u}^{FS} = \sum_{i=1}^{t_{u}} N_{i}^{FS}
M_{u}^{D} = M_{u}^{DT} + M_{u}^{DS} \qquad M_{u}^{F} = M_{u}^{FT} + M_{u}^{FS}$$

 $M_u = M_u {}^D + M_u {}^F$

Let the population of the town u be p_u

IV. Estimation for a District in a month

Let Q = No. of visits by visitors at tourist destinations in all the surveyed towns (say u: 1, 2, ..., t) in the district in the month.

 $Q^{DT-h} = No.$ of visits by domestic visitors at tourist destinations in all the surveyed towns in the district in the month who stayed in hotels.

Similarly define Q DT-f, Q DT-o, Q DS, Q DT, Q D, Q FT-h, Q FT-f, Q FT-o, Q FS, QFT, QF

Then,

t

t

$Q^{DT-h} = \sum_{u=1}^{\infty} M_{u}^{DT-h}$	$Q^{FT-h} = \sum_{u=1}^{M_u} M_u^{FT-h}$
$Q^{DT-f} = \sum_{u=1}^{t} M_{u}^{DT-f}$	$Q^{FT-f} = \sum_{u=1}^{t} M_{u}^{FT-f}$
$Q^{DT-o} = \sum^{t} M_{u}^{DT-o}$	$Q^{FT-o} = \sum^{t} M_{u}^{FT-o}$
$u = 1$ $Q^{DS} = \sum_{u=1}^{t} M_{u}^{DS}$	$u = 1$ $Q^{FS} = \sum_{u=1}^{t} M_{u}^{FS}$
$Q^{DT} = Q^{DT-h} + Q^{DT-f} + Q^{DT-o}$	$Q^{FT} = Q^{FT-h} + Q^{FT-f} + Q^{FT-o}$
$Q^{D} = Q^{DT} + Q^{DS}$	$Q^{F} = Q^{FT} + Q^{FS}$

 $Q = Q^{D} + Q^{F}$

Let the population of all the surveyed towns in the district be P

Then P = $\sum_{u=1}^{t} p_u$

Let the urban population of the district be P^* . That is , if the surveyed towns are numbered 1,2,3,..., t and the other towns in the district are numbered t +1, t +2,..., t + s, then

Then $P^* = \sum_{u=1}^{t+s} p_u = \sum_{u=1}^{t+s} p_u + \sum_{u=1}^{t+s} p_u = P + \sum_{u=1}^{t+s} p_u$ u = 1 u = 1 u = t+1 u = t+1

Let Q* = No. of visits by visitors at tourist destination in the district in the month

Similarly define $Q^{* DT-h}$, $Q^{* DT-f}$, $Q^{* DT-o}$, $Q^{* DS}$, $Q^{* DT}$, $Q^{* D}$ and $Q^{* FT-h}$, $Q^{* FT-f}$, $Q^{* FT-o}$, $Q^{* FS}$, $Q^{* FT}$, $Q^{* FT}$, $Q^{* FT-f}$, $Q^{* FT-o}$, $Q^{* FS}$, $Q^{* FT}$, $Q^{* FT}$

Then, $Q^* = Q X - P$

 $Q^{* DT-h} = Q^{DT-h} X - P^{*}$, and so on

Let $Q^{\# DT-h} = No$. of visitors who visited tourist destination in the district and stayed in hotels.

Similarly define

And $Q^{\#FT-h}, Q^{\#FT-f}, Q^{\#FT-o}, Q^{\#FS}$ Then, $Q^{\#DT-h} = Q^{*DT-h} / a^{DT-h-1}$ $Q^{\#DT-f} = Q^{*DT-f} / a^{DT-f-1}$ $Q^{\#DT-f} = Q^{*DT-f} / a^{DT-f-1}$ $Q^{\#FT-f} = Q^{*FT-f} / a^{FT-f-1}$ $Q^{\#FT-o} = Q^{*FT-o} / a^{FT-o-1}$ $Q^{\#FT} = Q^{*FT-o} / a^{FT-o-1}$ $Q^{\#FS} = Q^{*FS} / a^{FS-1}$

V. Estimation of total visitors in the district

In the steps mentioned above, only leisure tourists (those visiting the destination) have been estimated. However, visitors also include the non-leisure tourists. Estimation of total number of visitors in a district will be done as follows.

Let R = No. of visitors (leisure + non-leisure) in the district

Similarly define,

R DT-h, R DT-f, R DT-o, RDS, RDT, RD

and

Then R ^{DT-h} =
$$\frac{x^{DT-h-l} + x^{DT-h-nl}}{x^{DT-h-l}} X Q^{\#DT-h}$$

Similarly estimate

RDT-f, RDT-o, RDS and RFT-h, R FT-f, R FT-o, RFS

 $R^{DT} = R^{DT-h} + R^{DT-f} + R^{DT-o}, R^{D} = R^{DT} + R^{DS}$ $R^{FT} = R^{FT-h} + R^{FT-f} + R^{FT-o}, R^{F} = R^{FT} + R^{FS}$

 $R = R^{D} + R^{F}$

VI. Estimation of visitors at the State level

District level estimates are to be added to obtain the state level estimates.

Ministry of Tourism	
Government of India	

	Sta	te												-	•	
	Dis	t														
L	TOURIST SURVEY (EXIT POINTS)															
Mo	onth:						[3] Mar [9] Sep				[5] May [11] Nov				ber	
W	eek:	[1]] First		[2] Se	cond	[3] Thir	d		[4] Fou	urth					
Sι	irvey	Po	int (RI	ECOR	D BY TI	CKING		FION)								
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-		ou a)	r purj Tra	pose vellin	of trave g / com	el one o nmuting	of the fo	llowing k or ge	g? etting e	mployr	HE FAMIL ment: YE ES /NO					
	<u>lf a</u>	Ins	swer	<u>to 1a</u>	a or 1b	is YES	<u>, tern</u>	IINAT	<u>E THE</u>	QUES	TIONNA	IRE				
2.	Туре	of	touris	t:		[1] Ov	er-night v	risitor	[2] Sar	ne-day	visitor					
	Name odes) <u>-</u>): 						T	elephone	9	No.	(Wi	th	ST	D/ISD	
4.	Pleas	set	tell me	e your	approxir	nate age	?	_Years								
5.	Reco	ord	gende	er:		[1] Ma	le	[2] Fer	nale							
6. eto		′ou	?		[1] Ma	arried	[2] Rec	ently M	arried [3] Neve	r Married	[4] O	thers	(\	Nidow	
7.	Wher	n d	id you	arrive	here? [Date:										
8.	Are y	ou	travel	ling?	READ	OUT OF	TIONS 8		(SINGLE	RESP	ONSE)					
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9.	How	ma	any pe	ople h	ave trav	eled with	n you?	·								
	. Plea ECOR		e give	the in	nformatio	on about	t gender	and ag	ge of pe	ople, wł	no have tr	aveled	with y	ou? 🗚	SK &	
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Ministry of Tourism Government of India		Nielsen India Pvt. Ltd.				
11. How many nights have	ve you spent in this pla	ce				
12. Are you a… [1] India	n (GO TO Q.13)	[2] Foreigner (GO TO 0	Q. 20) [3] NRI (GO TO Q. 26)			
<if a<="" is="" respondent="" td=""><td>N INDIAN IN Q. 12, TH</td><td>IEN ASK Q. 13></td><td></td><td></td></if>	N INDIAN IN Q. 12, TH	IEN ASK Q. 13>				
13. Which state/ union te	erritory of India do you r	reside in?				
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14. [1] Do you live in this	s city? Y/N [2] within	same district	[3] other district of same state			
15. Have you traveled to	this city before?	[1] Yes	[2] No			
16. How have you travele	ed to this city? READ C	OUT OPTIONS & TICK (SINGLE RESPONSE)			
[1] By train	[2] By bus	[3] By air				
[4] By personal vehicle	[5] By taxi	[6] Any other				
<ask 17="" 19="" if<="" q.="" td="" to=""><td>THE RESPONDENT I</td><td>BELONGS TO OTHER</td><td>THAN THE STATE OF SURVEY</td><td></td></ask>	THE RESPONDENT I	BELONGS TO OTHER	THAN THE STATE OF SURVEY			
17. Before this visit which state	h were the states /UT v	isited during the last two	years :[1] None [2] Name of the	he		
18. How do you compare	e your experience of vis	siting the state with the la	st state / UT visited?			
b) Infrastructure is be	etter in the state sector more hospitable	w.r.t.hygene /landscapin	g etc. [1] Yes [2] No [1] Yes [2] No [1] Yes [2] No [1] Yes [2] No [1] Yes [2] No			
19. Reason for visiting th [1] Location		latives or for business 8	professional purpose [3] Nearne	SS		
[4] Better infrastructur	re [5] Less costly	[6] Publicity	[7] Any other			
20. Have you traveled to	this STATE before?	[1] Yes	[2] No			
21. How have you travele	ed to this state? READ	OUT OPTIONS & TICK	(SINGLE RESPONSE)			
[1] By train	[2] By bus	[3] By air				
[4] By personal vehicle	[5] By taxi	[6] Any other				
< IF RESPONDENT IS F	OREIGNER IN Q. 12,	THEN ASK Q. 22 TO Q	27>			
22. Which country do you	u reside in?					
23. Is this your first visit t	to India?	[1] Yes	[2] No			
24. Which was your port	of entry in India? (Nam	ne of the port)				

25. Is this your first visit	to this state?	[1] Y	es	[2] No		
26. Have you traveled to	o this city before?	?	[1] Yes		[2] No	
27. How have you trave	led to this state?	READ OUT	OPTIONS	& TICK	(SINGLE RESPONSE)	
[1] By train	[2] By bus	[3] B	y air			
[4] By personal vehicle	[5] By taxi	[6] A	ny other			
< IF RESPONDENT IS	AN NRI IN Q. 10	, THEN ASK	Q. No.28	TO Q 33	3>	
28. In which country do	you live?					
29. How frequently you	visit India?	[1] Once in 3	months	[2] Onc	e in six months	
[3] Once in an year	[4] Once in 2 ye	ars [5] Once	in 3 years			
30. Which was your por	t of entry in India	? (NAME OF	THE POR	т)		
31. Is this your first visit	to this state?	[1] Y	es	[2] No		
32. Have you traveled to	o this city before?	?	[1] Yes		[2] No	
33. How have you trave	eled to this state?	READ OUT	OPTIONS	& TICK	(SINGLE RESPONSE)	
[1] By train	[2] By bus	[3] B	y air			
[4] By personal vehicle	[5] By taxi	[6] A	ny other			
<ask all=""></ask>						
34. What type of activiti	es are you engag	ged in? READ		TIONS &	TICK (SINGLE RESPONSE)	
 Industrialist/ Trader/ Self Employed Pro Consultant, Proprietor of Government Service Business If any other, please s 	ofessional (Char of a firm or institut	e) [4] Private Se [7] Agricultur	ervice ist		untant, Doctor, Lawyer, Eng [5] Student/ Researcher [8] Housewife	ineer,
35. What is your educat	tional qualification	n? READ OU		S & TIC	K (SINGLE RESPONSE)	
[1] No Formal Education [5] Graduate & Above	n [2] Prim [6] Tech				[4] Higher Secondary [7]Any other, please specify_	
36. What is your app RESPONSE)	roximate annual	household	income? I	READ C	OUT OPTIONS & TICK (SIM	NGLE
ASK FROM INDIAN V [1] Less than Rs. 60,000 [4] Rs. 2,00,001 – Rs. 5	0			00,000	[3] Rs. 1,00,001 – Rs. 2,00,0	00
<pre><ask \$="" \$<="" 40,0="" 80,001="" [1]="" [4]="" foreign="" from="" less="" pre="" than="" us="" –=""></ask></pre>	00	[2] US \$ 40,0 [5] Above US			[3] US \$ 60,001 – US \$ 80,00	00

TRAVEL BEHAVIOR:

37. How often do you travel? READ OUT OPTIONS & TICK (SINGLE RESPONSE)						
[1] Once a week or more often [4] Once in 3 months [7] Less often	[2] Once a fortnight [5] Once in 6 months					
38. What was your main purpose of v	isit? READ OUT OPTIONS &	TICK (SINGLE RESPONSE)				
[1] Business [2] Ho relatives, attending marriages etc) /Training		[3] Social (visiting friends & ligious activity [5] Education				
[6] Health & Medical [7] Sh	opping [9] Others	[8] For getting work done from				
39 If in < Q 38 >, purpose is not [2] , T	HEN did you visit any tourist	spot during your stay				
40. Are you a part of an organized gro	up/ package tour? [1] Yes [2] No				
41 If in 40, YES, then ask what the pa	ckage include					
[1] Travel + Food [2] Travel + Ac [4] Travel + Transport + Accommodati	commodation [3] Travel on + Food [5] Any oth	+Transport +Accommodation				
42. How did you make your trat RESPONSES)	vel arrangement? READ (OUT OPTIONS & TICK (MULTIPLE				
[1] Self [2] Of	fice / Employer	[3] Travel Agent				
[4] Tour Operator [5] If a	any other, please specify					
43. Where did you stay during your vis	it? READ OUT OPTIONS &	TICK (SINGLE RESPONSE)				
[1 Govt. Guest House/ Circuit House/	Bhawan/ Sadan [2] Dharar	nshala/ Sarai/ Musafirkhana				
[5] Private Guest House/ Inn / Rest Ho	[3] Friends & Relatives [4] Gurudwara / Temple/ Monastery /Other temporary free stay in tent etc [5] Private Guest House/ Inn / Rest House / Tourist Bungalow [7] If any other, please specify					
44. Which of these eating-places did y	ou eat in? READ OUT OPTIC	ONS & TICK (MULTIPLE CODES)				
[1] Cafeteria[2] Refreshment Stand[3] Place of lodging[4] Friends & Relatives[5] If any other, please specify						
45. Which islands have you visited in this UT?						
46. Have you watched, seen, heard the advertisement of the State Govt. for tourism promotion on ?READ OUT OPTIONS & TICK (MULTIPLE RESPONSE)						

[1] Newspaper [2] Radio [3] T.V.

EXPENDITURE PATTERN:

47. Please tell us, how much have you spent DURING YOUR VISIT? <READ OUT OPTIONS AND FILL THE AMOUNT> (MULTIPLE RESPONSES)

Package Component in INR______ 48. For PACKAGE & NON PACKAGE , please ask the following

S No.	Accommodations	Before	During THE TRIP (Amt in INR)	TOTAL
1	Hotel			
2	Private Guest House			
3	Govt. Guest House/ Bhawan/ Sadan			
4	Dharamshala			
5	Rented house			
6	Friends & Relatives			
7	Others			
Total (!	50)			

49. Food & Drink

S No.	Food & Drink	Before	During THE TRIP (Amt in INR)	TOTAL
1	In the accommodation unit			
2	o/s accommodation unit & during journey and transit			
Total (4	19)			

50. Transport

S No.	Transport	Before	During THE TRIP (Amt in INR)	TOTAL
1	WATER			
2	AIR			
3	Transport equipment rental			
4	Travel agency services / tour operator			
5	Others			
Total (5	0)			

51. Recreation, Leisure, Cultural, Sporting activities

S No.	Recreation, Leisure, Cultural, Sporting activities	Before	During T TRIP (Amt in INR	TOTAL
1	Sporting activities			
2	Medicine & health related			
Total (5	1)			

52. GRAND TOTAL (SUMMATION OF Q 48+49+50+51)

53. On an overall basis how satisfied or dissatisfied are you on account of... MENTION EACH PARAMETER?

SHOW CARD No. 1 < Use 5 point scale>

[5] Highly Satisfied	[4] Satisfied	[3] Satisfied but not completely
[2] Dissatisfied	[1] completely dissatisfied	

ASK SATISFACTION LEVEL ONLY IF RESPONSE IS <YES>

	PARAMETER	Yes	No	Level of Satisfaction (Use Code)
1	Availability of Tour Operator			
2	Availability of transportation			
3	Availability of tourist guide			
4	Availability of good quality accommodation			
5	Public convenience			
6	Information centres			
7	Behavior of local people			
8	Accommodation tariff			

54. Did you find your visit to this State better than or worse than or as per your expectations? ASK & RECORD

(SINGLE RESPONSE)

[5] Much better than expectation

- [2] Worse than expectation
- [4] Somewhat better than expectation [3]] As per expectation
- [1] Much worse than expectation
- 55. What type of accommodation is preferred by you as a tourist in a particular island?

56. Are you satisfied with the kind and variety of food and beverages available during your stay? What improvements or additions would you as a tourist prefer so that its make your experience better.

57. How would you describe Lakshwadeep in one sentence?

58. What more should the UT administration/ tourist department do to make Lakshwadeep a preferred tourist destination?.

*****	*****	*****	***************************************
Name of the investigation	ator:		Date:
Back Check Done:	[] Tick	Date:	Back Checked by:

COUNTING SHEET

Tourist Spot / Destination _____

State Code: _____ District Code_____

Month:

Year:.....

	Volume count of tourists (Hourly Count by tally mark method)							
DATE	10 – 11 AM	11-12 AM	12 AM- 1PM	1-2PM	02-03PM	03-04PM	04-05PM	05-06PM

Use one sheet for each date

State		Nielsen India Pvt. Ltd.					
Dist							
Dest							
	Short Surve	y Questionnair	<u>'e:</u>				
intry Point:		Month: _	Year: _				
1. Are you a [1] Inc	lian [2] Foreigner	[3] NRI					
2 If Indian, where o	do you reside						
i) Within same city iv) Outside the stat	ii) Same o e, specify state code	district	iii) Other district o	of the state			
If the answer in 1 is	s WITHIN SAME CITY, a	ask the tollowing					
Frequency of visit	to this Tourist spot						
a) Once in 7 days	e in 15 days		ce in a month				
d) Once in six mon	ths						
If response is a) (DR b) OR c) TERMINAT	E THE QUESTIC	ONNAIRE				
3. Type of Tourist							
[1] Overnight visito	r [2] same day visi	tor					
4. If Foreigner cour	ntry of nationality						
5. If NRI, country o	f residence						
6. If overnight visite	or, place of stay						
[1] Hired accommo	dation [2] Friends & rela	atives [3] other fre	e accommodation				
7. Sex: MALE /FEN	MALE						
ame of the investigator	:		Date:				
ack Check Done:	[] Tick Date:	Bacl	Checked by:				

Final Report For Lakshadweep – Annexure 3: Questionnaires / Survey Instruments

State	
Dist	
Dest	

ACCOMODATION SURVEY (CENSUS)

1. Name of accommodation unit: (PIs collect visiting card)

2. Type of accommodation unit RECORD BY TICKING (SINGLE CODE)

[1] 5 Star Deluxe Hotel	[2] 5 Star Hotel
[3] 4 Star Hotel	[4] 3 Star Hotel
[5] 2 Star Hotel	[6] 1 Star Hotel
[7] Apartment Hotel (Service Apartment)	[8] Heritage Hotel
[9] Non-star Hotel	[10] Youth/ YMCA Hostel
[11] Dharamshala / Sarai/ Musafirkhana	[12] Gurudwara/Temple/Monastry
[13] BED & Breakfast Unit	[14] Motel

- 3. Does your hotel belong to any group / chain of hotels?
- [1] Yes, Please specify_____ [2] No

4. In which year it was established? Year: _____

5. Ownership RECORD BY TICKING (SINGLE CODE)

[1] Central Government	[2] State Government	[3] Private Limited
[4] Proprietorship/ Partnership	[5] Public Limited	[6] PSU
[7] Charitable Trust/ Society	[8] If any other, please specify	

6. Registered with.... RECORD BY TICKING (MULTIPLE CODES)

[1] State Tourism Department	[2] Ministry of Touri	ism, New Delhi	[3]	Municipal
Corporation				
[4] Police Department [5] Health Department	[6] None		
[7] If any other, please specify				

7. Please furnish the details of the following:

S.	Type of Room	Number of	Number of beds	Room Tariff	
No.		rooms		Rs.	US Dollar (US \$)
1	Single AC				
2	Double AC				

3	Deluxe AC		
4	Suits AC		
5	Single Non AC		
6	Double Non AC		
7	Deluxe Non AC		
8	Suits Non AC		
9	Dormitory / Hall		
10	Any other		
Total ((Post Code)		

8. Total number of employees: _____

(Permanent & Temporary)

Departments	Number of permanent employees	Number of casual or temporary employees	Total (Post Code)	
Management Team				
Front Office				
F & B (Service)				
F & B (Kitchen)				
House Keeping				
Accounts				
EDP				
Security				
Sales & Marketing				
Purchase & Stores				
Human Resource				
Public Relation				
Engineering				
Telephone				
Health Club				
Laundry				
Other departments				
Total				

9. Number of people working in the age group of:

18 – 25yrs	26 – 30yrs	31 – 40yrs	41 – 50yrs	>50yrs	

10. Category of accommodation unit for Sampling

[1] Classified hotels [3] 10 -20 rooms [2] Having more than 20 rooms[4] less than 10 rooms

State	
Dist	
Dest	

ACCOMODATION SURVEY (MONTHLY)

1. Name of accommodation unit: (PIs collect visiting card)

2. Total number of employees: _____ (Permanent & Temporary)

Departments	Number of permanent employees	Number of casual or temporary employees	Total (Post Code)	
Management Team				
Front Office				
F & B (Service)				
F & B (Kitchen)				
House Keeping				
Accounts				
EDP				
Security				
Sales & Marketing				
Purchase & Stores				
Human Resource				
Public Relation				
Engineering				
Telephone				
Health Club				
Laundry				
Other departments				
Total				

3.1 Number of room days occupied in the last month: _____ 3.2 Occupancy % ____ (TO BE COMPUTED AS SUM OF NUMBER OF DAYS THAT EACH CUSTOMER HAS STAYED FOR)

3.3 Total number of customers:

3.4 Total number of domestic customers: _____

3.5 Total number of bed nights for domestic customers_____

3.6 Total number of foreign customers: _____

3.7 Total number of bed nights for foreign customers: _____

4. Please generate the following statistics in respect of tourist inflow

SI. No	Type of Tourists (Domestic – Foreign – 2)	1 to co fo th co	Name of the State (In case of domestic tourists) / Name of the country (in case foreign tourists). Post the relevant state code/country code as provided in the list		Number of tourists		Bed night spent	
-								
-								
		TOTA	Ĺ					
	STATE CODES				COUNT	RY C	ODES	
1	J&K	19	CHATTISGARH	1.	UK	19	UAE	
2	H.P.	20	BIHAR	2.	USA	20	SPAIN	
3	PUNJAB	21	JHARKHAND	3.	CANADA	21	SWITZERLAND	
4 5	HARYANA UTTARANCHAL	22 23	Α.Ρ	4. 5.	GERMANY	22 23	CHINA SAUDI ARABIA	
5 6	U.P.	23	KARNATAKA KERALA	5. 6.	EUROPE AUSTRALIA	23	GREECE	
7	DELHI	25	TAMIL NADU	7.	SRI LANKA	25	ARGENTINA	
8	MANIPUR	26	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	8.	FRANCE	26	BELGIUM	
9	TRIPURA	27	ASSAM	9.	JAPAN	27	MOROCO	
10	MEGHALAYA	28	NAGALAND	10.	MALAYSIA	28	CAMBODIA	
11	MIZORAM	29	GOA	11	SINGAPORE	29	MALDIVES	
12	SIKKIM	30	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR	12	ITALY	30	NORWAY	
13	WEST BENGAL	31	DAMAN & DIU	13	NEPAL	31	CYPRUS	
14	ORISSA	32	LAKSHWADEEP	14	NETHERLANDS	32	PHILIPNIES	

				N	lielsen India Pvt. Ltd		
15	RAJASTHAN	33	PONDICHEERY	15	KOREA	33	DENMARK
16	GUJARAT	34	CHANDIGARH	16	ISRAEL	34	EGYPT
17	MAHARASHTRA	35	DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI	17	PAKISTAN	35	SOUTH AFRICA
18	M.P.			18	BANGLADESH	36	FINLAND